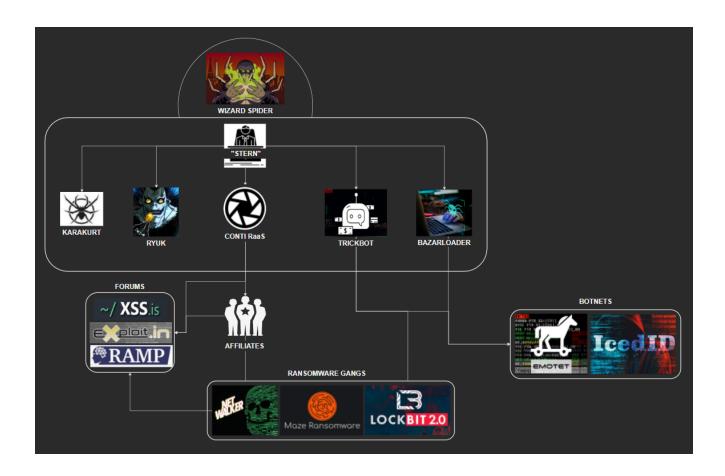
Lessons from the Conti Leaks

blog.bushidotoken.net/2022/04/lessons-from-conti-leaks.html

BushidoToken



If you wanted to learn how an organized cybercriminal operation worked, look no further than the threat group known as Conti. The recent leaks of the group's chat logs have uncovered an unprecedented wealth of information and insights into how these veteran cybercriminals organize themselves.

Cyber Threat Intelligence (CTI) vendors and independent researchers have spent weeks poring over the Conti leaked chat logs and have uncovered dozens of very significant findings.

In this blog, I didn't want to duplicate what is already known (too much). I wanted to share some of the findings that I thought were the most interesting to me. To rapidly get up to speed on the Conti Leaks, I highly recommend other researchers to read the work in the following blogs:

I will also recommend to read what other researchers have tweeted about what they found in the Conti Leaks:

- Observable Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTPs) https://twitter.com/TheDFIRReport/status/1498642505646149634
- Cobalt Strike commands from RocketChat logs https://twitter.com/c3rb3ru5d3d53c/status/1499130574321197058
- All CVEs discussed in the Conti chat server https://twitter.com/c3rb3ru5d3d53c/status/1499570311460753408
- Proof Conti members are active on Twitter https://twitter.com/VK_Intel/status/1498761290709409792
- Conti member interviewed by local police https://twitter.com/VK_Intel/status/1498400616615395328
- Conti members acquire CarbonBlack and Sophos https://twitter.com/albertzsigovits/status/1498237945685422087
- Conti's Exploit[.]in account https://twitter.com/pancak3lullz/status/1499108972258906123
- Conti's Bitcoin wallets https://twitter.com/pancak3lullz/status/1498347648637624326

With those out of the way, we can get to the meat of this blog. I cannot emphasize enough that these leaks are **gargantuan** and span years of the group's operations. I seem to find something new every time I take another look at them but now have enough for a blog of my own.

Reconnaissance

One major discovery in the Conti leaks is that multiple vendors have covered is the existence of an "OSINT Team" who gathers details on Conti's targets. This team uses multiple techniques, as well as commercial tools, to find every piece of information about a target that will support the end goal of domain-wide Conti ransomware deployment. This OSINT Team also may engage with the targets (HUMINT), posing as marketing or sales people, gathering details and information about managers, executives, and how the company operates for exploitation later.

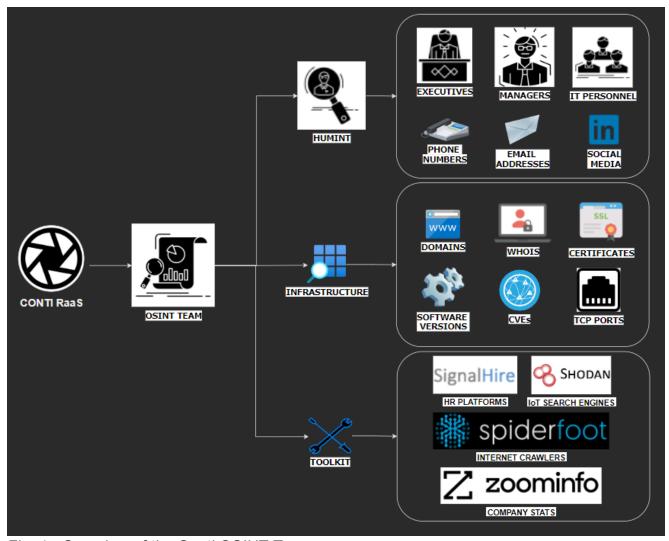


Fig. 1 - Overview of the Conti OSINT Team

Phishing

It is well-documented that Conti ransomware attacks often begin via a phishing email. The group has been launching widespread and targeted phishing campaigns for years using a multitude of tactics. The Conti Leaks also shared some insights into how these phishing campaigns are orchestrated.

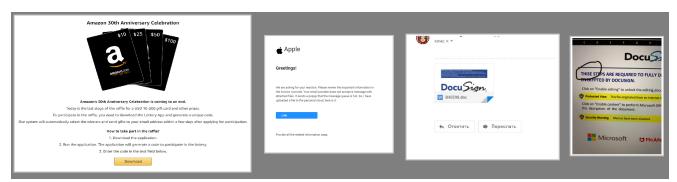


Fig. 2 - Example Phishing Email Templates used by Conti

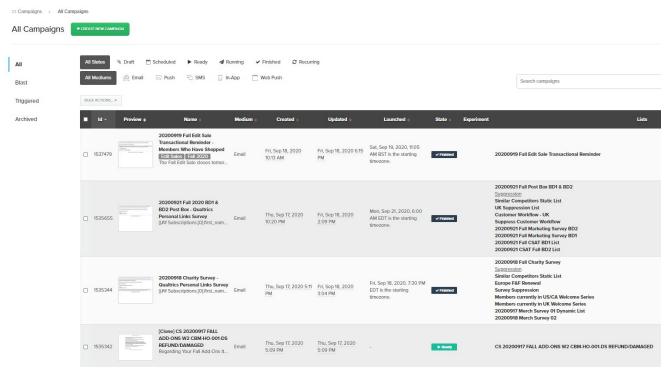


Fig. 3 - Iterable Email Marketing Dashboard shared in Conti Leaks in September 2020

Malware

The Conti Leaks revealed details on how a persistent cybercriminal operation develops its malware campaigns. The image below (see Fig. 4) highlights how the group works to test and develop its payloads against common detections systems used by its targets, such as ESET and Windows Defender.

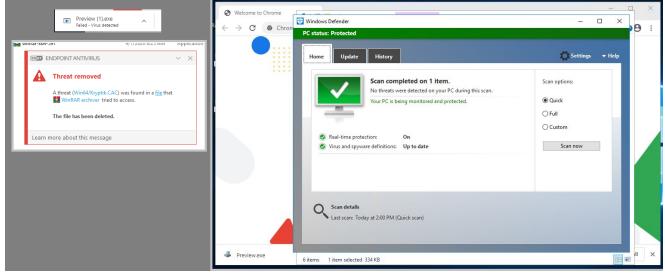


Fig. 4 - Conti members testing and making payloads fully undetectable (FUD)

Command and Control (C2)

Like any malware group, Conti needs server and hosting infrastructure to be able to launch its campaigns. This includes payload staging servers, proxy servers, C2 domains, Virtual Private Servers (VPS), and remote storage for exfiltrated data.

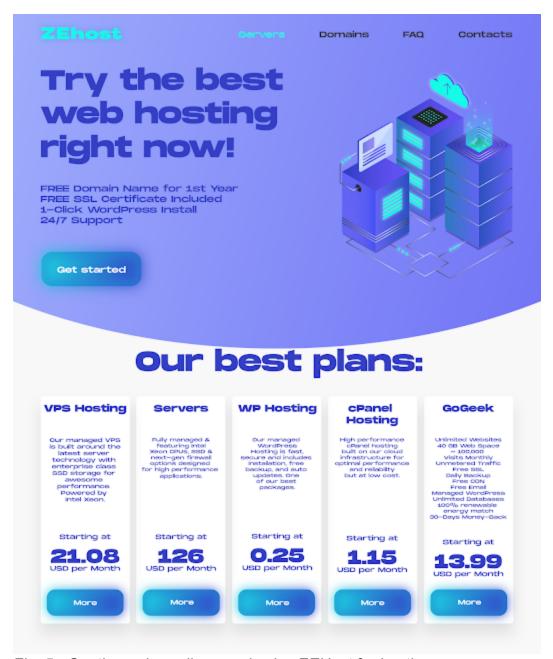


Fig. 5 - Conti members discussed using ZEHost for hosting



Fig. 6 - Unknown botnet C2 panel shared by a Conti member

Tradecraft, Exploits, and 0days

What sets Conti apart from the rest of their peers in the cybercrime ecosystem is that members of this ransomware group are innovators and quick to leverage newly disclosed techniques. The Conti Leaks revealed multiple techniques used by Conti that had not been previously discussed publicly online.

```
"_source": {
    "timestamp": "2020-09-17T12:10:22.354394",
    "from_user": "target@q3mcco35auwcstmt.onion",
    "to_user": "bentley@q3mcco35auwcstmt.onion",
    "body_ru": "нам нужен разработчик\пкоторый сможет получить акк девелопера в майкрасофт сторе\пчтобы там внутри апрувить в сторе файлы",
    "body_en": "we need a developer who will be able to get a developer account in the microsoft store in order to approve files in the store inside"
},
```

Fig. 7 - Conti member "target" stating intentions in September 2020 to acquire a developer account in the Microsoft Store to approve their own files

```
"timestamp": "2021-08-03 14:43:24",
"server": "wfy76wigkpoxqbe6.onion",
"channel": "general",
"from_user": "giovanni",
"attachment": "",
"body_ru": "Я по этому маку делал, вдруг поможет кому.\\n`https://www.bussink.net/ad-cs-exploit-via-petitpotam-from-0-to-domain-domain/`",
"body_en": "I used this mana, maybe it will help someone.\\n`https://www.bussink.net/ad-cs-exploit-via-petitpotam-from-0-to-domain-domain/`"
```

Fig. 8 - Conti member "giovanni" sharing a manual (aka "mana") for the PetitPotam exploit for Microsoft's NTLM authentication system in August 2021

```
**Causer**: "professor@placcolSauncetat.onion",

**Too.user**: "mango@placcolSauncetat.onion",

**Too.user**: "professor@placcolSauncetat.onion",

**Too.user**
```

Fig. 9 - Conti member "mango" sharing the opportunity to buy a 0day privilege escalation exploit in the Windows WIDFRD.sys driver for "60k" in June 2021

```
"source: {
"timestamp": "2020-06-25T14:11:07.737127",
"from_user": "revers@qmcco35auwcstmt.onion",
"to_user": "stern@qmcco35auwcstmt.onion",
"body_ru": "[07:32:37] <revers> magnes \n[07:32:55] <revers> mountain x orveins no rpymme typis \n[07:33:69] < revers> pacormsor omit yaze donee 10 mer \n[07:34:34] < revers> meroins ampaizement incompany in the magnes and company in the mag
```

Fig. 10 - Conti member "revers" shares that they read reports on the "Turla" group (a Russian cyber-espionage APT linked to the FSB)

A Cybercrime Empire

Researchers have stated that they believe Conti has up to 150+ members worldwide. If we do the math, each member is allegedly getting paid on average \$2,000 per month which equals around roughly \$300,000 per month in Conti "employee" salaries and roughly \$3,600,000 per year. This is a LOT for a cybercrime group. With this amount of purchasing-power, it is only natural Conti leadership began to wonder about acquisitions and starting their own forums, carding shops, and even <u>cryptocurrency platforms</u>.

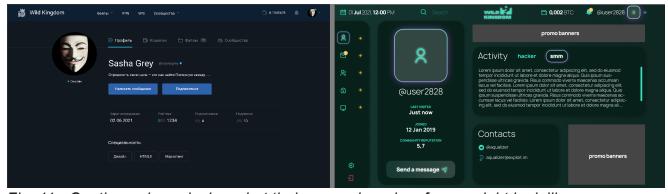


Fig. 11 - Conti members design what their new cybercrime forum might look like

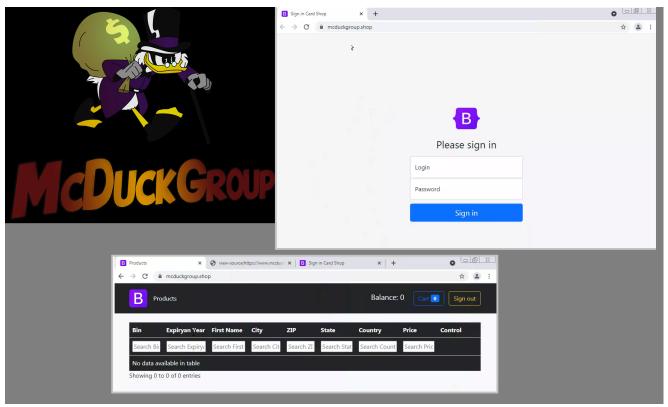


Fig. 12 - Logo of "McDuckGroup" shared to Conti Leaks

Researchers shared screenshots of all the links pasted into the Conti chats. One stood out to me: a logo with "McDuckGroup" and Scrooge McDuck. While some researchers I collaborate with theorized this was a ransomware rebrand, I managed to uncover it was the logo for a carding market currently under development. After Googling "McDuckGroup", a site called "mcduckgroup[.]shop" popped up as the first result. This is evidently a carding marketing due to the search bars for BIN numbers, Expiry dates, cardholder names, and addresses. Currently no data has been loaded onto the site.

Ransomware

A number of other ransomware groups are mentioned in the Conti Leaks. Trellix researchers highlighted how representatives of NetWalker, MAZE, and LockBit all have a presence in the Conti chat server. Ryuk, Diavol, REvil, AvosLocker, BlackMatter, and Crylock ransomware families are all also mentioned in the Conti Leaks.

Fig. 13 - "bomba777" and "gagarin66" (a MAZE affiliate) discuss REvil depositing 900k in Bitcoin to XSS[.]is

```
"timestamp": "2022-01-23 01:51:45",
"server": "xflemdsxjrjilw34dsxpvrxp5whnaut7hc5xejwuqs6eqrkt77bxkwid.onion",
"channel": "general",
"from user": "rags",
"attachment": "",
"body_ru": "Парин криптовалюту пожалу загретять плаоть до уголовное преследования, а все благодоря хому? Revil поблагодарим этих челов что у них можгов хватило сивыять дельги и все что
откали, скламавать на скламе у себя в квартире, а теперь нам еще головила боль хак свои кровиме замести в реал. Быстрывани посидел полумал, ну думен это делиганты, а есть не делиганты, и
че там ещ пожалу боитск представить. =)",
"body_en": "Guys, it's a campaign to ban cryptocurrency up to criminal prosecution, and all thanks to whom? Revil thank these people that they had the brains to withdraw money and put
everything they squeezed out in a warehouse in their apartment, and now we still have a headache how to bring our hard-earned money into real life. Bystrykin sat and thought, well, he
thinks these are delitants, but there are not delitants, and why is he afraid to imagine a campaign. =)"
},
```

Fig. 14 - "rags" discusses REvil arrests in January 2022 by Russian FSB, blaming them for the alleged crackdown on cryptocurrency in Russia

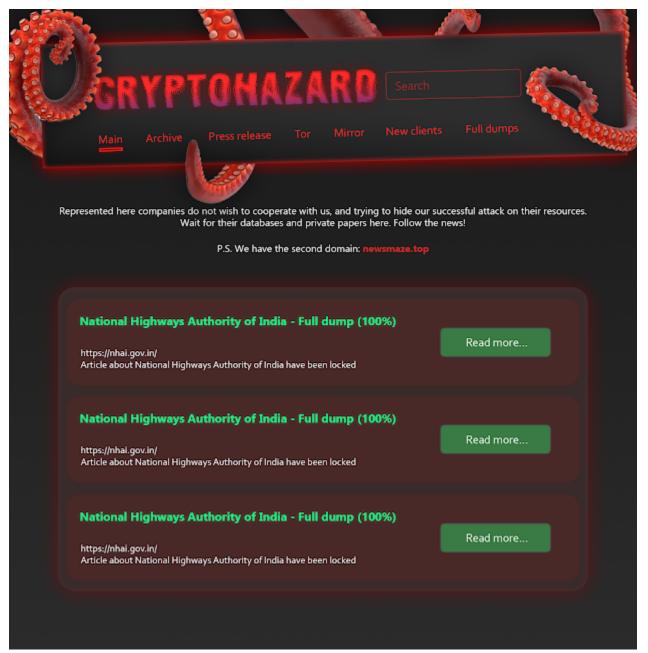


Fig. 15 - "CRYPTOHAZARD" leak site linked to MAZE ransomware (newsmaze[.]top)

```
"imestamp": "2021-10-19T10:20:15.039922",
"server": "185.25.51.173",
"from_user': "mangoRqQmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_en": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"from_user": "mangoRqQmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"fow_user": "stermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"fow_user": "stermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "mongoRqmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "mongoRqmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "mongoRqmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.onion",
"body_ru": "fermingmccoSsauwcstat.o
```

Fig. 16 - "mango" and "stern" shared adverts for AvosLocker and BlackMatter



Fig. 17 - Logos and designs for CryLock ransomware shared to Conti server

```
#include "cryptor.h"
#include with the wind of the win
```

Fig. 18 - Conti V3 Locker source code disclosed publicly by @contileaks Twitter account

Samples of Conti v3

- locker.exe
 e1b147aa2efa6849743f570a3aca8390faf4b90aed490a5682816dd9ef10e473
- locker_x86.dll
 fb737da1b74e8c84e6d8bd7f2d879603c27790e290c04a21e00fbde5ed86eee3

cryptor.exe
 5f3ae6e0d2e118ed31e7c38b652f4e59f5d5745398596c8b31248eda059778af

Closing Comments

The Conti Leaks have provided cybercrime researchers an unparalleled look into how Russian-speaking organized hacking groups operate. The leaks also supplement the Conti Playbook that was <u>leaked</u> by a disgruntled member in August 2021. As a community of cybersecurity researchers, we now know more about the Conti ransomware group than any other threat group in history.

For the Conti group itself, however, it appears to be business as usual (BAU). Less than one week after the Conti chats were leaked, new victims were uploaded to the ContiNews darknet site.



Fig. 19 - New victims added to ContiNews shortly after the Conti Leaks

BleepingComputer also <u>reported</u> on hacktivist groups, such as Network Battalion 65 (aka NB65), are leveraging a modified version of the leaked Conti v3 source code already. The group has targeted organizations in Russia for retribution over the invasion in Ukraine. (Sample available <u>here</u>)

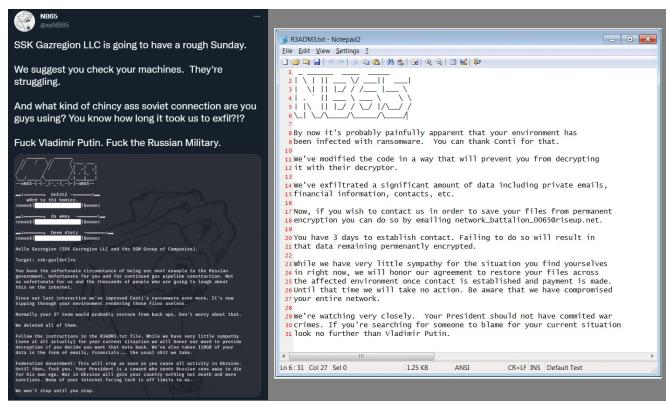


Fig. 20 - NB65 modified version of Conti v3 ransomware

Conti has seemingly recovered from the leaks and might be at the 'too big to fail' stage of operations. The Russian state is clearly fully aware of Conti's operations and allows them to operate with impunity. Researchers at Trellix highlighted the group's connections to the Russian state and how the intelligence services also benefit from Conti's coveted network access to high-profile organizations around the world.

Lastly, I hope you enjoyed the blog. There are still likely some secrets yet to be revealed in the Conti Leaks. I appreciate the help and resources shared by researchers online. S/O to Curated Intel, Trellix, Intel471, Secureworks, The DFIR Report, and researchers such as @vk_intel, @pancak3lullz, and @c3rb3ru5d3d53c, and many others!

How Do You Run A Cybercrime Gang?

Ransomware Decryption Intelligence