China accused of cyberattacks on Indian power grid

A theregister.com/2022/04/08/china_sponsored_attacks_india_ukraine/

Laura Dobberstein



Security

Beijing may have had a hand in attacks in Ukraine, too

Laura Dobberstein Fri 8 Apr 2022 // 07:58 UTC 24 🖵

China has been accused of conducting a long-term cyber attack on India's power grid, and has been implicated in cyber attacks against targets in Ukraine.

Cybersecurity firm Insikt Group found network intrusions at seven Indian State Load Dispatch Centers (SLDCs) that conduct real-time operations for grid control and electricity dispatch, according to a report released Wednesday. All seven SLDCs were located near the disputed India-China border in Ladakh. Although one of the SLDCs had been previously targeted – in a 2020 incident that Insikt Group named <u>RedEcho</u> and credited to Beijing – the newly identified intrusions target an almost entirely different set of victims.

Insikt <u>stated</u> that in addition to attacking grid assets, the operation impacted a national emergency response team and the Indian subsidiary of a logistics company.

The operation used a trojan called <u>ShadowPad</u>, thought to have links to contractors serving China's Ministry of State Security (MSS).

The attackers, sometimes identified a Threat Activity Group 38 (TAG-38), are believed to have infiltrated the system via third-party devices like IP cameras that may have been left vulnerable when their default credentials were kept in place.

"The group likely compromised and co-opted internet-facing DVR/IP camera devices for command and control (C2) of ShadowPad malware infections, as well as use of the open source tool FastReverseProxy (FRP)," opined Insikt Group in its report.

The cybersecurity group said that because the targeting was prolonged, it was most likely a mission to gather information about critical infrastructure, rather than seeking immediate-term benefit. Such information could later be used to gain access across a system to take (presumably disruptive) action.

Beijing, predictably, denied involvement. Foreign spokesperson Zhao Lijian <u>asserted</u> that China firmly opposed all forms of cyber attacks, in accordance with the law. He added that one should be "all the more prudent when associating cyber attacks with the government of a certain country."

The past few weeks have also brought a string of reported attacks emanating from China against targets in Ukraine.

SentinelLabs <u>concluded</u> in late March that malware sent throughout the country disguised as a call to send in video documentation of Russian aggression was associated with the suspected Chinese threat actor known as Scarab.

"The malicious activity represents one of the first public examples of a Chinese threat actor targeting Ukraine since the invasion began," said SentinelOne's Tom Hegel.

American enterprise security company Proofpoint also identified ongoing threat activity from China last month. Researchers said TA416 is targeting European diplomatic entities, including an individual involved in refugee and migrant services.

Proofpoint <u>said</u> the activity showed "an interest in refugee policies and logistics across the APT actor landscape which coincides with increased tensions and now armed conflict between Russia and Ukraine."

But according to the anonymous collective <u>Intrusion Truth</u> – a group that analyses Chinalinked cyber attacks – state-sponsored threat actor FunnyDream had also targeted the Kremlin, Russian private bank Alfabank, and the Federal Guard Service of the Russian Federation.

"Wonder what that says about China's trust in Russia?" mused Intrusion Truth. ®

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• Stolen university credentials up for sale by Russian crooks, FBI warns

Forget dark-web souks, thousands of these are already being traded on public bazaars

<u>Jessica Lyons Hardcastle</u> Fri 27 May 2022 // 22:34 UTC Russian crooks are selling network credentials and virtual private network access for a "multitude" of US universities and colleges on criminal marketplaces, according to the FBI.

According to a warning issued on Thursday, these stolen credentials sell for thousands of dollars on both dark web and public internet forums, and could lead to subsequent cyberattacks against individual employees or the schools themselves.

"The exposure of usernames and passwords can lead to brute force credential stuffing computer network attacks, whereby attackers attempt logins across various internet sites or exploit them for subsequent cyber attacks as criminal actors take advantage of users recycling the same credentials across multiple accounts, internet sites, and services," the Feds' alert [PDF] said.

• <u>Big Tech loves talking up privacy – while trying to kill privacy legislation</u>

Study claims Amazon, Apple, Google, Meta, Microsoft work to derail data rules

<u>Thomas Claburn in San Francisco</u> Fri 27 May 2022 // 21:48 UTC Amazon, Apple, Google, Meta, and Microsoft often support privacy in public statements, but behind the scenes they've been working through some common organizations to weaken or kill privacy legislation in US states.

That's according to <u>a report</u> this week from news non-profit The Markup, which said the corporations hire lobbyists from the same few groups and law firms to defang or drown state privacy bills.

The report examined 31 states when state legislatures were considering privacy legislation and identified 445 lobbyists and lobbying firms working on behalf of Amazon, Apple, Google, Meta, and Microsoft, along with industry groups like TechNet and the State Privacy and Security Coalition.

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• SEC probes Musk for not properly disclosing Twitter stake

Meanwhile, social network's board rejects resignation of one its directors

Katyanna Quach Fri 27 May 2022 // 21:26 UTC 1 🖵

America's financial watchdog is investigating whether Elon Musk adequately disclosed his purchase of Twitter shares last month, just as his bid to take over the social media company hangs in the balance.

A letter [PDF] from the SEC addressed to the tech billionaire said he "[did] not appear" to have filed the proper form detailing his 9.2 percent <u>stake</u> in Twitter "required 10 days from the date of acquisition," and asked him to provide more information. Musk's shares made him one of Twitter's largest shareholders. The letter is dated April 4, and was shared this week by the regulator.

Musk quickly moved to try and buy the whole company outright in a deal initially worth over \$44 billion. Musk sold a chunk of his shares in Tesla worth \$8.4 billion and <u>bagged</u> another \$7.14 billion from investors to help finance the \$21 billion he <u>promised</u> to put forward for the deal. The remaining \$25.5 billion bill was secured via debt financing by Morgan Stanley, Bank of America, Barclays, and others. But the takeover is not going smoothly.

• <u>Cloud security unicorn cuts 20% of staff after raising \$1.3b</u>

Time to play blame bingo: Markets? Profits? Too much growth? Russia? Space aliens?

<u>Jessica Lyons Hardcastle</u> Fri 27 May 2022 // 19:19 UTC <u>5</u> Cloud security company Lacework has laid off 20 percent of its employees, just months after two record-breaking funding rounds pushed its valuation to \$8.3 billion.

A spokesperson wouldn't confirm the total number of employees affected, though told *The Register* that the "widely speculated number on Twitter is a significant overestimate."

The company, as of March, counted more than <u>1,000 employees</u>, which would push the jobs lost above 200. And the widely reported number on Twitter is about <u>300 employees</u>. The biz, based in Silicon Valley, was founded in 2015.

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• Talos names eight deadly sins in widely used industrial software

Entire swaths of gear relies on vulnerability-laden Open Automation Software (OAS)

Jeff Burt Fri 27 May 2022 // 18:30 UTC 💭

A researcher at Cisco's Talos threat intelligence team found eight vulnerabilities in the Open Automation Software (OAS) platform that, if exploited, could enable a bad actor to access a device and run code on a targeted system.

The OAS platform is widely used by a range of industrial enterprises, essentially facilitating the transfer of data within an IT environment between hardware and software and playing a central role in organizations' industrial Internet of Things (IIoT) efforts. It touches a range of devices, including PLCs and OPCs and IoT devices, as well as custom applications and APIs, databases and edge systems.

Companies like Volvo, General Dynamics, JBT Aerotech and wind-turbine maker AES are among the users of the OAS platform.

• Despite global uncertainty, \$500m hit doesn't rattle Nvidia execs

CEO acknowledges impact of war, pandemic but says fundamentals 'are really good'

Dylan Martin Fri 27 May 2022 // 16:08 UTC 1

Nvidia is expecting a \$500 million hit to its global datacenter and consumer business in the second quarter due to COVID lockdowns in China and Russia's invasion of Ukraine. Despite those and other macroeconomic concerns, executives are still optimistic about future prospects.

"The full impact and duration of the war in Ukraine and COVID lockdowns in China is difficult to predict. However, the impact of our technology and our market opportunities remain unchanged," said Jensen Huang, Nvidia's CEO and co-founder, during the company's first-quarter earnings call.

Those two statements might sound a little contradictory, including to some investors, particularly following the <u>stock selloff</u> yesterday after concerns over Russia and China prompted Nvidia to issue lower-than-expected guidance for second-quarter revenue.

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• Another AI supercomputer from HPE: Champollion lands in France

That's the second in a week following similar system in Munich also aimed at researchers

Dan Robinson Fri 27 May 2022 // 15:30 UTC 💭

HPE is lifting the lid on a new AI supercomputer – the second this week – aimed at building and training larger machine learning models to underpin research.

Based at HPE's Center of Excellence in Grenoble, France, the new supercomputer is to be named Champollion after the French scholar who made advances in deciphering Egyptian hieroglyphs in the 19th century. It was built in partnership with Nvidia using AMD-based Apollo computer nodes fitted with Nvidia's A100 GPUs.

Champollion brings together HPC and purpose-built AI technologies to train machine learning models at scale and unlock results faster, HPE said. HPE already provides HPC and AI resources from its Grenoble facilities for customers, and the broader research community to access, and said it plans to provide access to Champollion for scientists and engineers globally to accelerate testing of their AI models and research.

• Workday nearly doubles losses as waves of deals pushed back

Figures disappoint analysts as SaaSy HR and finance application vendor navigates economic uncertainty

Lindsay Clark Fri 27 May 2022 // 14:30 UTC 9

HR and finance application vendor Workday's CEO, Aneel Bhusri, confirmed deal wins expected for the three-month period ending April 30 were being pushed back until later in 2022.

The SaaS company boss was speaking as Workday recorded an operating loss of \$72.8 million in its first quarter [PDF] of fiscal '23, nearly double the \$38.3 million loss recorded for the same period a year earlier. Workday also saw revenue increase to \$1.43 billion in the period, up 22 percent year-on-year.

However, the company increased its revenue guidance for the full financial year. It said revenues would be between \$5.537 billion and \$5.557 billion, an increase of 22 percent on earlier estimates.

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• <u>UK monopoly watchdog investigates Google's online advertising business</u>

Another probe? Mountain View is starting to look like a pincushion at this rate

Richard Currie Fri 27 May 2022 // 14:00 UTC 3

The UK's Competition and Markets Authority is lining up yet another investigation into Google over its dominance of the digital advertising market.

This latest inquiry, <u>announced Thursday</u>, is the second major UK antitrust investigation into Google this year alone. In March this year the UK, together with the European Union, said it wished to examine Google's <u>"Jedi Blue" agreement</u> with Meta to allegedly favor the former's Open Bidding ads platform.

The news also follows <u>proposals</u> last week by a bipartisan group of US lawmakers to create legislation that could force Alphabet's Google, Meta's Facebook, and Amazon to divest portions of their ad businesses.

• Microsoft slows some hiring for Windows, Teams, and Office

<u>'Making sure the right resources are aligned to the right opportunity' ahead of next</u> <u>fiscal year</u>

Richard Speed Fri 27 May 2022 // 13:31 UTC 4 🖵

Microsoft has hit the brakes on hiring in some key product areas as the company prepares for the next fiscal year and all that might bring.

According to reports in the <u>Bloomberg</u>, the unit that develops Windows, Office, and Teams is affected and while headcount remains expected to grow, new hires in that division must first be approved by bosses.

During a talk this week at JP Morgan's Technology, Media and Communications Conference, Rajesh Jha, executive VP for the Office Product Group, noted that within three years he expected approximately two-thirds of CIOs to standardize on Microsoft Teams. 1.4 billion PCs were running Windows. He also remarked: "We have lots of room here to grow the seats with Office 365."

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• <u>Recession fears only stoking enterprise tech spending for Dell, others</u>

Staving off entropy with digital transformation, hybrid office, and automation projects

Paul Kunert Fri 27 May 2022 // 13:00 UTC 💭

Enterprises are still kitting out their workforce with the latest computers and refreshing their datacenter hardware despite a growing number of "uncertainties" in the world.

This is according to hardware tech bellwethers including Dell, which turned over \$26.1 billion in sales for its <u>Q1 of fiscal 2023 ended 29 April</u>, a year-on-year increase of 16 percent.

"We are seeing a shift in spend from consumer and PCs to datacenter infrastructure," said Jeff Clarke, vice-chairman and co-chief operating officer. "IT demand is currently healthy," he added.