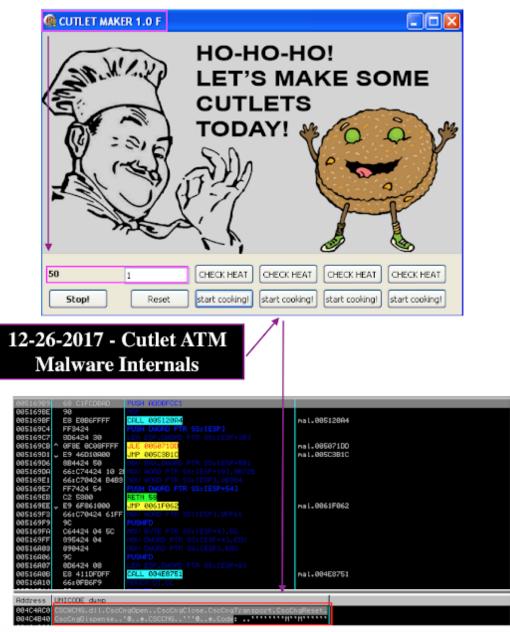
# Let's Learn: Cutlet ATM Malware Internals

vkremez.com/2017/12/lets-learn-cutlet-atm-malware-internals.html

**Goal**: Analyze the internals of the prolific Cutlet ATM malware (VMProtect). **Sample**: <u>fac356509a156a8f11ce69f149198108</u>



The blog outline is as follows:

- I. Cutlet ATM Malware Background
- II. Method of Operation
- III. Threat Scope
- IV. Cutlet ATM Malware Analysis
- A. "start cooking" and "CHECK HEAT" functions
- B. Cutlet's CSCWCNG API calls to dispense and transport cash

# V. Possible Mitigation

#### VI. YARA RULE

# I. Cutlet ATM Malware Background

This Cutlet malware became one of the most widely used malware targeting Automated Teller Machines (ATMs). The ATM malware is available on the underground and leveraged by multiple actors in numerous ATM jackpotting heists. The malware targets one ATM vendor only, which is Diebold Nixdorf, formerly known as Wincor Nixdorf.

# **II. Method of Operation**

The Cutlet malware is to be installed into individual ATMs, designed to make targeted machines dispense bills automatically via emptying cash-carrying cassettes. Typically, the ATM malware operation requires two individuals to be involved: one with the direct physical access to the ATM device connected to its backend USB port via a controlled PC; another one - remotely connected and able to release the key to dispense the cash to the first individual. By and large, the Cutlet malware, written in Borland Delphi, demonstrates its developer familiarity with the ATM-specific model proprietary API calls.

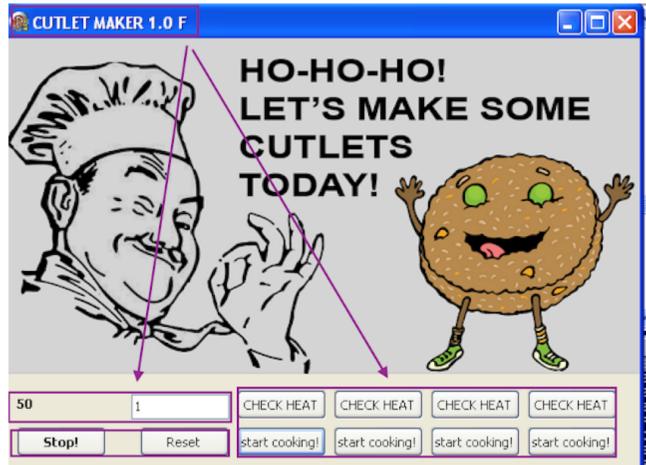
# III. Threat Scope

Alongside with the infamous Tyupkin, Skimer, and Ripper ATM malware, the Cutlet ATM malware is a formidable threat on the ATM malware landscape. The surfaced reports generated a significant amount of attention to the malware from the industry(1)(2) and has sparked interest within the cybercriminal underground.

# IV. Cutlet ATM Malware Analysis (version 1.0 F)

# A. "start cooking" and "CHECK HEAT" functions

Essentially, while heavily packed, the core Cutlet ATM malware is rather trivial and targets only ATM manufacturer. The variant accepts the integer input from 1-9, which corresponds to ATM cassette slot number from 1-9.



<cassette slot number (integer) x 50 "CUTLETS" of banknotes count 60>

The main malware functions work as follows:

"start cooking!" -> Dispense 50 "CUTLETS" of banknotes count 60

"CHECK HEAT" -> Dispense 1 "CUTLET"

"Reset" -> Reset the cash dispensing process

"Stop!" -> Terminates the cash "cooking" process

# B. ATM's CSCWCNG API calls to dispense and transport cash

The malware operates leveraging the Nixdorf proprietary CSCWCNG.DLL API calls to manipulate the machine as follows:

**CscCngOpen** -> Connect to the ATM cashout module called "CNG" and open the device **CscCngDispense** -> Dispense cash function to tray

CscCngTransport -> Transport cash to the collection for pickup

# V. Possible Mitigation

Monitoring, and reviewing any third-party applications that leverage the CSCWCNG API calls might assist with mitigating exposure to the Cutlet malware once it is already installed. It might be a good idea to whitelist only necessary applications to allow them to leverage these API calls.

# VI. YARA RULE

# rule crime\_win32\_atm\_cutlet\_unpacked\_in\_memory {

# meta:

description = "Detects Cutlet ATM malware" author = "@VK\_Intel" reference = "Detects the Cutlet ATM malware" date = "2017-12-26" hash = "fac356509a156a8f11ce69f149198108"

#### strings:

// DIEBOLD NIXDORF DLL ATM LIBRARY
\$dll = "CSCWCNG.dll" wide ascii

// DLL PROCEDURES ASSOCIATED WITH CUTLET ATM

\$dll\_proc1 = "CscCngClose" wide ascii

\$dll\_proc2 = "CscCngTransport" wide ascii

\$dll\_proc3 = "CscCngReset" wide ascii

\$dll\_proc4 = "CscCngDispense" wide ascii

\$dll\_proc5 = "CscCngOpen" wide ascii

#### // CUTLET MALWARE STRINGS

\$str0 = "CSCCNG" wide ascii

\$str1 = "Code:" wide ascii

\$str2 = "Delphi" wide ascii

#### condition:

\$dll and 4 of (\$dll\_proc\*) and all of (\$str\*)

#### }

Update (01-01-2017): The observed Cutlet ATM malware variants are as follows:

CUTLET ATM MD5 Hash	Date First Seen	Version Seen	Filename First Seen	Country First Seen
fac356509a156a8f11ce69f149198108	2016- 08-04 20:49:28	VERSION 1.0 F	cm.vmp.exe & cm17F.exe	Unknown & Moldova
ee1b05b6c3b51472c98f3640cdec278b	2017-11- 12 12:56:22	VERSION 1.0 F	cm17F [1- 1139].exe	Ukraine
dcf51a144816275fa4e3c3724731dca9	2016- 08-18 14:54:11	VERSION 1.0 F	cm16F.exe	Sweden
3c3a3923e457467c39d0075f5c72a1b7	2017-11- 13 08:15:35	VERSION 1.0 F	000538.exe	Ukraine

c97d2add446e75f88d65a9f9747e7ef7	2017-11- 10 17:36:07	VERSION 1.0 F	Cutlet17.exe	Russia
27640bb7908ca7303d13d50c14ccf669	2016- 08-04 19:48:31	SIMULATOR SOFT	Stimulator.exe	United States
277ced0b4094ce608bccce5acd24be88	2017-11- 13 08:11:14	VERSION 1.0 F	000538 [1- 3125].exe	Ukraine

The world heatmap of all uploaded variant is as follows displaying Ukraine as the top uploader of Cutlet ATM samples:

