How do I create a Windows Runtime IRandomAccess-Stream around a bunch of bytes or a classic COM IStream?

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There are some Windows Runtime methods which expect a random access stream in the form of a IRandomAccessStream. On the other hand, you might have your data in the form of a memory block. For example, you might have a memory block that represents a bitmap, and you want to wrap it in a IRandomAccessStream so you can use it as a SvgImageSource.

One option is to create an InMemoryRandomAccessStream and use the WriteAsync() method to write the bytes (in the form of an IBuffer), then rewind the stream back to the start.

```
// C++/WinRT
winrt::Buffer BufferFromBytes(winrt::array_view<uint8_t> bytes)
{
    winrt::Buffer buffer(bytes.size());
    memcpy(buffer.data(), bytes.data(), bytes.size());
    buffer.Length(bytes.size());
    return buffer;
}
winrt::IAsyncOperation<winrt::IRandomAccessStream>
    BytesToRandomAccessStream(winrt::array_view<uint8_t> bytes)
{
    winrt::InMemoryRandomAccessStream stream;
    co_await stream.WriteAsync(BufferFromBytes(bytes));
    stream.Seek(0);
    co_return stream;
}
```

This is rather annoying because WriteAsync() is an async method, which means we have to co_await it, which in turn forces us to be a coroutine as well.

But there's a shortcut: CreateRandomAccessStreamOverStream.

The CreateRandomAccessStreamOverStream function takes a classic COM IStream and creates a Windows Runtime IRandomAccessStream around it.

So this will actually take two steps. First we need to put the bytes into an IStream. Then we can wrap the IStream inside an IRandomAccessStream.

```
// C++/WinRT
winrt::com_ptr<IStream> StreamFromBytes(winrt::array_view<uint8_t> bytes)
    winrt::com_ptr<IStream> stream{
        SHCreateMemStream(reinterpret_cast<const BYTE*>(bytes.data()),
                          bytes.size()),
        winrt::take_ownership_from_abi };
    winrt::check_pointer(stream.get());
    return stream;
}
winrt:: IRandomAccessStream
    BytesToRandomAccessStream(winrt::array_view<uint8_t> bytes)
{
    return winrt::capture<winrt::IRandomAccessStream>(
        CreateRandomAccessStreamOverStream,
        StreamFromBytes(bytes).get(),
        BSOS_DEFAULT);
}
```

Bonus reading: <u>The difference between assignment and attachment with ATL smart pointers</u>, exacerbated by <u>SHCreateMemStream</u> not following standard COM patterns.

For C#, <u>somebody did part of the work for you</u>: <u>WindowsRuntimeStreamExtensions.As-RandomAccessStream converts a System.IO.Stream to a Windows Runtime IRandomAccess-Stream</u>.

```
// C#
IRandomAccessStream
    BytesToRandomAccessStream(byte* bytes, long length)
{
    var stream = new UnmanagedMemoryStream(bytes, length);
    return stream.AsRandomAccessStream();
}
```

The above function looks simple, but it's also dangerous because you don't know when it's safe to free the bytes. We can copy them into a MemoryStream so that its lifetime is properly managed.

```
// C#
MemoryStream
    StreamFromBytes(byte* bytes, int length)
{
    var stream = new MemoryStream(length);
    stream.Write(new ReadOnlySpan<byte>(bytes, length));
    stream.Seek(0, SeekOrigin.Begin);
    return stream;
}

IRandomAccessStream
    BytesToRandomAccessStream(byte* bytes, int length)
{
    return StreamFromBytes(bytes, length).AsRandomAccessStream();
}
```