

How do I produce a Windows Runtime asynchronous activity from C++/CX?

 devblogs.microsoft.com/oldnewthing/20240703-00

July 3, 2024



Raymond Chen

You might be working in a code base written in C++/CX.

First, I'm sorry.

Second, maybe you need to produce an `IAsyncAction^` or one of its relatives. How do you do that?

You use the `Concurrency::create_async` method.

The `Concurrency::create_async` method studies its parameter and infers what kind of Windows Runtime asynchronous activity to produce based on the signature of the lambda.

Given a lambda whose function call operator has the signature `R(Params...)`, the `create_async` function returns the following Windows Runtime interface:

Params...		
	<code>()</code> <code>(cancellation_token)</code>	<code>(progress_reporter<P>)</code> <code>(progress_reporter<P>, cancellation_token)</code>
<code>R = void</code> <code>R =</code> <code>task<void></code>	<code>IAsyncAction^</code>	<code>IAsyncActionWithProgress<P>^</code>

<code>R = T</code>	<code>IAsyncOperation<T>^</code>	<code>IAsyncOperationWithProgress<T, P>^</code>
--------------------	--	---

Inside the lambda, you can use the `progress_reporter<P>` to produce progress reports, and you can use the optional `cancellation_token` to detect whether the asynchronous activity has been canceled.

Here's the simplest case: An `IAsyncAction^` with no cancellation.

```
task<Widget^> GetWidgetAsync(String^);
task<void> EnableWidgetAsync(Widget^, bool);

// Old school: Task chain
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=]()
        -> task<void> {
            return GetWidgetAsync(id).then(
                [=](Widget^ widget) {
                    return EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
                });
        });
}

// New hotness: co_await
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=]()
        -> task<void> {
            Widget^ widget = co_await GetWidgetAsync(id);
            co_await EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
        });
}
```

With cancellation but no progress:

```

void ThrowIfCanceled(cancellation_token const& cancel)
{
    if (cancel.is_canceled()) cancel_current_task();
}

// Old school: Task chain
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<void> {
            return GetWidgetAsync(id).then(
                [=](Widget^ widget) { // explicitly: [enable, cancel]
                    ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
                    return EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
                });
        });
}

// New hotness: co_await
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<void> {
            Widget^ widget = co_await GetWidgetAsync(id);
            ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
            co_await EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
        });
}

```

With progress but no cancellation:

```

// Old school: Task chain
IAsyncActionWithProgress<int>^
    EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress)
        -> task<void> {
            progress.report(0);
            return GetWidgetAsync(id).then(
                [=](Widget^ widget) { // explicitly: [enable, progress]
                    progress.report(1);
                    return EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
                });
        });
}
}

// New hotness: co_await
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress))
        -> task<void> {
            progress.report(0);
            Widget^ widget = co_await GetWidgetAsync(id);
            progress.report(1);
            co_await EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
        });
}

```

And with both progress and cancellation:

```

// Old school: Task chain
IAsyncActionWithProgress<int>^
    EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress,
                           cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<void> {
            progress.report(0);
            return GetWidgetAsync(id).then(
                [=](Widget^ widget) { // explicitly: [enable, progress, cancel]
                    ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
                    progress.report(1);
                    return EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
                });
        });
}
}

// New hotness: co_await
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress,
                           cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<void> {
            progress.report(0);
            Widget^ widget = co_await GetWidgetAsync(id);
            ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
            progress.report(1);
            co_await EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
        });
}

```

We can generalize into a single pattern:

```

IAsyncSomething^
    DoSomethingAsync(Arg1 arg1, Arg2, arg2, ...)
{
    return create_async([=](
        progress_reporter<P> progress[optional],
        cancellation_token cancel[optional])
        -> task<P> {
            [ async stuff which may include...
                progress.report(value);[optional]
                ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);[optional]
            ]
        });
}

```

You can also register a callback function on the `cancellation_token` that will be invoked when the activity is canceled. I leave using the cancellation callback as an exercise.

There are also variants for `IAsyncOperation`. I'll show just one of them and let you figure out the others:

```
// Old school: Task chain
IAsyncOperationWithProgress<bool, int>^
    EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress,
                           cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<bool> {
            progress.report(0);
            return GetWidgetAsync(id).then(
                [=](Widget^ widget) { // explicitly: [enable, progress, cancel]
                    ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
                    progress.report(1);
                    if (!widget) {
                        return task_from_result(false); // widget not found
                    }
                    return EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable).then(
                        []() { return true; });
                });
        });
    });
}

// New hotness: co_await
IAsyncAction^ EnableWidgetByIdAsync(String^ id, bool enable)
{
    return create_async([=](progress_reporter<int> progress,
                           cancellation_token cancel)
        -> task<bool> {
            progress.report(0);
            Widget^ widget = co_await GetWidgetAsync(id);
            ThrowIfCanceled(cancel);
            progress.report(1);
            if (!widget) {
                co_return false;
            }
            co_await EnableWidgetAsync(widget, enable);
            co_return true;
        });
}
```