

The macros for declaring COM interfaces, revisited: C++ implementation

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Last time, we looked at [the macros for declaring COM interfaces and how they expand when compiled for C++](#). Now we'll look at the macros you use for implementing the interface.

```
class Class : public ISomething
{
public:
    // *** IUnknown ***
    IFACEMETHOD(QueryInterface)(REFIID riid, void** ppv);
    IFACEMETHOD_(ULONG, AddRef)();
    IFACEMETHOD_(ULONG, Release)();

    // *** ISomething ***
    IFACEMETHOD(Method1)();
    IFACEMETHOD_(int, Method2)();
    IFACEMETHOD(Method3)(int iParameter);
};
```

The `IFACEMETHOD` and `IFACEMETHOD_` macros are used for declaring that your class implements a particular method. The result of the macro expansion is this:

```

class Class : public ISomething
{
public:
    // *** IUnknown ***
    /* IFACEMETHOD(QueryInterface)(REFIID riid, void** ppv); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    HRESULT QueryInterface(REFIID riid, void** ppv);

    /* IFACEMETHOD_(ULONG, AddRef)(); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    ULONG AddRef();

    /* IFACEMETHOD_(ULONG, Release)(); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    ULONG Release();

    // *** ISomething ***
    /* IFACEMETHOD(Method1)(); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    HRESULT Method1();

    /* IFACEMETHOD_(int, Method2)(); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    int Method2();

    /* IFACEMETHOD(Method3)(int iParameter); */
    __override virtual __declspec(nothrow)
    HRESULT Method3(int iParameter);
};

```

Analogous with the `STDMETHOD` and `STDMETHOD_` macros, you use the underscore version of the `IFACEMETHOD` macro (`IFACEMETHOD_`) if the return value is not `HRESULT`.

The `__override` annotation is understood by static analysis tools like `PREfast`. The annotation means that the static analysis tool should verify that function declaration overrides an identical method in the base class.

The `__override` annotation was introduced as part of SAL, the Microsoft Standard Annotation Language. It has been made redundant by C++11's `override` keyword, but the macros still generate them just the same.

In practice, therefore, you are probably going to write

```
IFACEMETHOD(Method1)() override;
```

to inform both the static analysis tool and the C++ compiler of your intention to override a method from the base class.

When it comes time to define the method, you do it with the `IFACEMETHODIMP` macro:

```
IFACEMETHODIMP Class::Method1()
{
    ...
}
```

Use `IFACEMETHODIMP_(T)` if the return type is not `HRESULT` .

The above expands to

```
__override HRESULT __stdcall Class::Method1()
{
    ...
}
```

If you want to implement the method inline, then you can put the implementation directly after the declaration inside the class definition.

```
class Class : public ISomething
{
public:
    ...
    IFACEMETHOD(Method1)() override { ... }
    ...
};
```

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