If you pass enough random numbers, eventually one of them will look valid

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One customer traced a problem they were having to the way they were calling a function similar in spirit to this one:

```
HGLOBAL CopyClipboardData(UINT cf)
{
   HGLOBAL hglob = NULL;
   HANDLE h = GetClipboardData(cf);
   if (h) {
     void *p = GlobalLock(h);
   if (p) {
      SIZE_T size = GlobalSize(h);
      hglob = GlobalAlloc(GMEM_FIXED, size);
      if (hglob) {
        CopyMemory(hglob, p, size);
      }
      GlobalUnlock(h);
   }
} return hglob;
}
```

This function takes a clipboard format and looks for it on the clipboard. If found, it returns a copy of the data.

Looks great, huh?

The problem is that the customer would sometimes call the function as CopyClipboardData(CF_BITMAP) . The CF_BITMAP clipboard format stores its contents in the form of a HBITMAP , not an HGLOBAL .

The question from the customer:

This code was written in 2002, and we are wondering why it works "most" of the time and crashes sporadically. We expected that the call to **GlobalLock** would fail with an invalid parameter error, but sometimes it succeeds, and then when we call **GlobalSize** we crash. Why does it crash sometimes?

You already know the answer to this. <u>GlobalAlloc works closely with GlobalLock so that GlobalLock can be fast</u>. The bitmap handle returned by <u>GetClipboardData</u> usually fails the quick tests performed by <u>GlobalLock</u> to see whether the parameter is a fixed memory block, in which case the <u>GlobalLock</u> must go down its slow code path, and it is in this slow code path that the function recognizes that the handle is downright invalid.

But once in a rare while, the bitmap handle happens to smell just enough like a fixed global handle that it passes the tests, and <code>GlobalLock</code> uses its highly optimized code path where it says, "Okay, this is one of those fixed global handles that <code>GlobalAlloc</code> created for me. I can just return the pointer back." Result: The call to <code>GlobalLock</code> succeeds (garbage in, garbage out), and then you crash in the <code>GlobalSize</code> function where it tries to use the <code>HBITMAP</code> as if it were a <code>HGLOBAL</code> and access some of the memory block metadata, which isn't there since the handle isn't valid after all.

The bitmap handle is basically a random number from the global heap's point of view, since it's just some number that some other component made up. It's not a global handle. If you generate enough random numbers, eventually one of them will look like a valid parameter.

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